

Original instructions

Diesel trucks Pilot series

RX70-20/600 RX70-25 RX70-25/600 RX70-30 RX70-30/600 RX70-35



CE

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Address of manufacturer and contact details

STILL GmbH Berzeliusstraße 10 22113 Hamburg, Germany Tel. +49 (0) 40 7339-0

Fax: +49 (0) 40 7339-1622 Email: info@still.de Website: http://www.still.de



Rules for the operating company of industrial trucks

In addition to these operating instructions, a code of practice containing additional information for the operating companies of industrial trucks is also available.

This guide provides information for handling industrial trucks:

- Information on how to select suitable industrial trucks for a particular area of application
- Prerequisites for the safe operation of industrial trucks
- · Information on the use of industrial trucks
- Information on transport, initial commissioning and storage of industrial trucks

Internet address and QR code

The information can be accessed at any time by pasting the address https://m.still.de/vdma in a web browser or by scanning the QR code.





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Foreword

Foreword

Your truck

Your truck

Description of the truck

General

Counterbalanced trucks of the series RX70-20/25/30/35 with a load capacity of up to 3.5 t are equipped with an internal combustion/electric drive. The internal combustion/electric drive combines the advantages of an internal combustion engine with the precise control of an electric drive.

The bend-resistant and warp-resistant lift mast enables safe load handling, even with heavy loads. The comfortable driver's compartment features the most up-to-date ergonomic design to prevent signs of fatigue and increase safety.

The low centre of gravity of the truck provides stability, which is guaranteed if the truck is used according to its intended use.

The truck is suitable for outdoor use. When fitted with a particle filter, the truck is also equipped for unrestricted indoor use. The series is suitable for use multi-shift operation and supports all of the FleetManager 4.x functions.

Brake system

The brake system of the truck is comprised of three different brakes:

- · Service brake
- · Regenerative brake
- · Parking brake

The service brake is based on a wear-free, oil-immersed multi-disc brake. This multi-disc brake is used as the service brake for heavy braking or emergency braking with the brake pedal. In the normal working mode, the regenerative brake of the electric traction motor takes effect. The regenerative brake converts the acceleration energy of the truck into electrical energy. This causes the truck to decelerate as soon as the accelerator pedal is released. Completely removing your foot from the accelerator pedal causes the truck to brake until it comes to a standstill. A parking



Your truck

brake ensures that the truck remains securely in place when parked.

Steering

The truck is equipped with a swing axle and has kickback-free hydraulic rear-wheel steering. Stability is guaranteed when cornering thanks to speed limitation based on the steering angle. Simple handling of the truck is assisted by the manoeuvrable steering axle.

Hydraulic system

All lift cylinders are hydraulically actuated. The oil volume required for the steering and the lift mast is provided by a gear pump connected to the internal combustion engine. The directional control valve block with electrical proportional technology ensures extremely sensitive movements and safe handling of the load. The hydraulic functions can be parameterised individually by the authorised service centre.

Up to three hydraulic circuits can be used to activate attachments (variant). Depending on the equipment, a hydraulic accumulator is also available in the lifting circuit for the purpose of dampening pressure peaks in the hydraulic system.

Drive concept

The internal combustion engine drives an electric three-phase generator. The generated current is routed to a maintenance-free, electrical 22-kW three-phase AC traction motor, which drives the truck using the two front wheels. An electronic speed controller gently provides high torque for both forwards and backwards travel.

The components for the drive unit and the lift drive are enclosed in order to prevent the ingress of dust or moisture. This means that the truck is suitable for indoor and outdoor use. In addition, all drives for traction, steering and lifting are maintenance-free.

The driving characteristics and lifting behaviour can be adapted to the application



1 Foreword

Your truck

or driving habits. Five drive programmes are available for this purpose. The maximum driving speed is 22 km/h. The Blue-Q energy-saving mode reduces energy consumption by up to 10%, without impairing performance.

Operating devices

The truck is characterised by an accessible operating concept. When purchasing the truck, a variety of operating devices and equipment variants are available:

- · Double mini-lever
- · Triple mini-lever
- · Quadruple mini-lever
- Joystick 4Plus
- · Fingertip switch
- · Single pedal
- · Dual pedal

Hands are always kept free for steering and for controlling the operational movements to allow efficient working. The forces that need to be applied for this purpose are reduced to a minimum thanks to the compact steering wheel.

Operational information, such as the fuel level or the current energy-saving modeBlue-Q are shown in the display-operating unit.

For drive mode, the truck features either single-pedal or dual-pedal operation. The accelerator pedal is used to accelerate and brake (electric brake) the truck. In emergency situations or when carrying heavy loads, the driver can also brake the truck using the service brake by pressing the brake pedal. In dual-pedal operation, the truck has one pedal for the "Forwards" drive direction and one pedal for the "Reverse" drive direction. Acceleration and braking behaviour can be individually selected from five different drive programmes.

General

The truck described in these operating instructions corresponds to the applicable standards and safety regulations.



If the truck is to be operated on public roads, it must conform to the existing national regulations for the country in which it is being used. The driving permit must be obtained from the appropriate office.

The trucks have been fitted with state-of-theart technology. All that remains is to handle the truck safely and maintain its functionality.

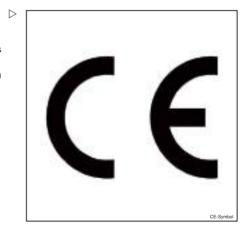
These operating instructions provide the necessary information to do this. Read and observe the information provided before commissioning the truck. This will prevent accidents and ensure that the warranty remains valid

CE labelling

The manufacturer uses CE labelling to indicate that the truck complies with the standards and regulations valid at the time of marketing. This is confirmed by the issued EC declaration of conformity. The CE labelling is attached to the nameplate.

An independent structural change or addition to the truck can compromise safety, thus invalidating the EC declaration of conformity.

The EC declaration of conformity must be carefully stored and made available to the responsible authorities.





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Your truck

EC declaration of conformity in accordance with Machinery Directive

Declaration			
STILL GmbH Berzeliusstraße 10 D-22113 Hamburg Germany			
We declare that the			
Industrial truck Model	according to these operating instructions according to these operating instructions		
conforms to the latest version of the Mad	chinery Directive 2006/42/EC.		
Personnel authorised to compile the tec	hnical documents:		
See EC compliance declaration			
STILL GmbH			



Foreword

Your truck

Accessories

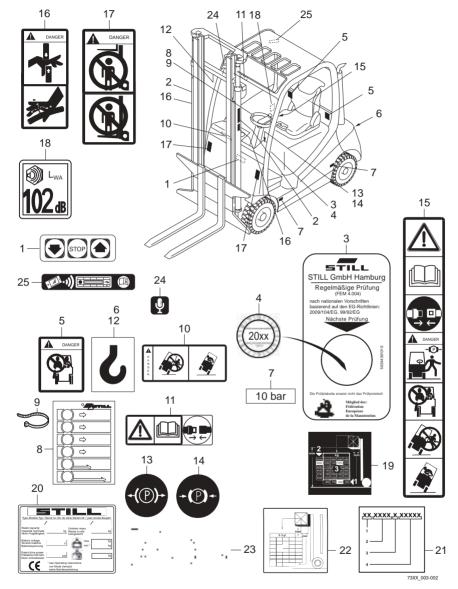
- Key for key switch (two pieces)
- Key for cab (variant)
- Hexagon socket wrench for emergency lowering



1 Foreword

Your truck

Labelling points





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Your truck

1	Decal information: "Dual-pedal operation" (variant) Manufacturer's label text		/ Apply parking brake when leaving the truck / Passengers are not allowed / Do not jump off if the truck is tipping over / Lean
3	Decal information: FEM test		in the opposite direction to which the truck is
4	Inspection sticker		tipping
5	Warning sign: Passengers are not allowed	16	Warning sign: Danger due to shearing /
6	Decal information: Lifting gear attachment		Danger due to high fluid pressure
	point	17	Warning sign: Do not stand underneath the
7	Decal information: Tyre filling pressure		fork / Do not stand on the fork
8	Decal information: Traction dynamics	18	Decal information: Sound power level
9	Cable strap	19	Capacity rating plate
10	Decal information: Do not jump off if the	20	Decal information: Nameplate
	truck is tipping over / Lean in the opposite	21	Factory number
	direction to which the truck is tipping	22	Capacity rating plate: Attachment (variant)
11	Decal information: Caution / Read the	23	Decal information: StVZO (German Road
	operating instructions / Fasten seat belt		Traffic Licensing Regulations) information
12	Decal information: Lifting gear attachment		(variant)
	point	24	Decal information: Microphone for hands-
13	Decal information: Parking brake released		free device (variant)
14	Decal information: Parking brake applied	25	Decal information: Radio with Bluetooth
15	Decal information: Caution / Read the		interface (variant)
	operating instructions / Fasten seat belt		



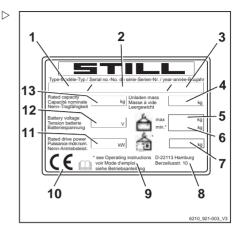
Foreword

Your truck

Nameplate

The truck can be identified from the information on the nameplate.

The information for the battery weights (5, 6) and the ballast weight (7) only applies to electric forklift trucks.



Type

3

- Production number 2
 - Year of manufacture
- Tare weight in kg
- 5 Max. permissible battery weight in kg
- 6 Min. permissible battery weight in kg
- 7 Ballast weight in kg
- 8 Address of manufacturer
- 9 Refer to the technical data listed in these operating instructions for more detailed information
- 10 CE labelling
- 11 Nominal drive power in kW
- 12 Battery voltage in V
- 13 Rated capacity in kg

Production number

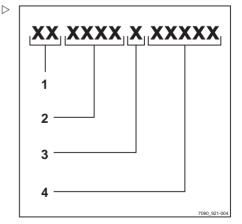


NOTE

The production number is used to identify the truck. It can be found on the nameplate and must be referred to in all technical questions.

The production number contains the following coded information:

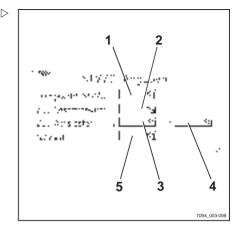
- (1) Production location
- (2) Model
- (3) Year of manufacture
- (4) Sequential number





StVZO (Road Traffic Licensing Regulations) information

This label includes information on the weight and load distribution of the truck.



- 1 Tare weight (in kg)
- 2 Permitted total weight (in kg)
- 3 Permitted front axle weight (in kg)
- 4 Permitted rear axle weight (in kg)
- 5 Payload (in kg)

Using the truck

Proper usage

The truck described in these operating instructions is suitable for lifting, transporting and stacking loads.

The truck may only be used for its proper purpose as set out and described in these operating instructions.

If the truck is to be used for purposes other than those specified in the operating instructions, the approval of the manufacturer and, if applicable, the relevant regulatory authorities must be obtained beforehand to prevent hazards.

The maximum load to be lifted is specified on the capacity rating plate (load diagram) and must not be exceeded; see also the chapter entitled "Before picking up a load".



Proper use during towing

This truck is suitable for the occasional towing of trailers and is equipped with a towing device for this purpose. This occasional towing may not exceed 2% of the daily operating time. If the truck is to be used for towing on a more regular basis, the manufacturer should be consulted.

The regulations regarding trailer operation must be observed; see chapter "Trailer operation".

Impermissible use

The operating company or driver, and not the manufacturer, is liable for any hazards caused by improper use.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible persons: "operating company" and "driver".

Use for purposes other than those described in these operating instructions is prohibited.



A DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from falling off the truck while it is moving!

 It is prohibited to carry passengers on the truck.

The truck may not be operated in areas where there is a risk of fire, explosion or corrosion, or in areas that are particularly dusty.

Stacking or unstacking is not permissible on inclined surfaces or ramps.

Place of use

The truck can be used outdoors.

If the truck is equipped with the "particle filter" equipment variant, it fulfils the essential prerequisites for use in ventilated halls. The national regulations for the country of use must be observed.



Operation on public roads is only permitted with the "StVZO" (Road Traffic Licensing Regulations) equipment variant.

If the truck is to be operated on public roads, it must conform to the existing national regulations for the country in which it is being used.

The ground must have an adequate load capacity (concrete, asphalt) and a rough surface. Routes, working areas and aisle widths must conform to the specifications in these operating instructions; see the chapter entitled "Routes".

Driving on upward and downward gradients is permitted provided the specified data and specifications are observed; see the chapter entitled "Routes".

The truck is suitable for use in many different countries, ranging from those situated in the Tropics to those in Nordic regions (temperature range: -20°C to +40°C).

This truck is not designed to be operated in cold stores.

The operating company must ensure suitable fire protection for the relevant application in the truck's surroundings. Depending on the application, additional fire protection must be provided on the truck. If in doubt, contact the relevant authorities.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible person: "operating company".



A DANGER

Risk to health from exhaust gases!

Exhaust gases from internal combustion engines are harmful to your health. In particular, the soot particles contained in the diesel exhaust gas can cause cancer. When the internal combustion engine is left running, there is a risk of poisoning due to the CO, CH and NOx components contained in the exhaust gas.

Modern exhaust gas treatment systems (e.g. catalytic converters, particle filters or comparable systems) can clean exhaust gases in a way that reduces the health hazard and risk of poisoning when operating the truck.

- Observe the national laws and regulations when using trucks with an internal combustion engine in entirely or partially enclosed working areas.
- Always ensure sufficient ventilation.

Using working platforms

▲ WARNING

The use of working platforms is regulated by national law. The use of working platforms is only permitted by virtue of the jurisdiction in the country of use.

- Observe national legislation.
- Before using working platforms, consult the national regulatory authorities.



Scope of the documentation

- · Original operating instructions
- Original operating instructions for attachments (variant)
- Depending on the truck equipment, "UPA" operating instructions may also be provided



Refer to the additional information in the section entitled "Rules for the operating company of industrial trucks".

These operating instructions describe all measures necessary for the safe operation and proper maintenance of the truck in all possible variants available at the time of printing. Special versions to meet customer requirements (UPA) are documented in separate operating instructions. If you have any questions, please contact your authorised service centre.

Enter the production number and year of manufacture from the nameplate in the space provided:

Production number:

Year of manufacture:

Please quote the production number in all technical enquiries.

Each truck comes with a set of original operating instructions. These instructions must be stored carefully and must be available to the driver and operating company at all times. The storage location is specified in the chapter entitled "Overviews".

If the original operating instructions are lost, the operating company must immediately obtain a copy of the original operating instructions from the manufacturer as a replacement.

 Contact the authorised service centre regarding this matter.

The personnel responsible for operating, maintaining and servicing the industrial



1

Information about the documentation

truck must be familiar with these operating instructions.

The operating company must ensure that all users have received, read and understood these operating instructions.

Safely store the entirety of the documentation and pass the documentation on to the subsequent operating company when transferring or selling the truck.



Please note the definition of the following responsible persons: "operating company" and "driver".

Supplementary documentation

This industrial truck can be fitted with unplanned equipment () that deviates from the standard equipment and/or the variants.UPA

The UPA may be, for example:

- · Special sensors
- · Special attachments
- · Towing devices
- · Customised attachments

In this case, the industrial truck has additional documentation. This may be in the form of an insert or separate operating instructions.

The original operating instructions for this industrial truck are valid for the operation of standard equipment and variants without restriction. The operational and safety information in the original operating instructions continues to be valid in its entirety unless it is countermanded in this additional documentation

The requirements for the qualification of personnel as well as the time for maintenance may vary. This is defined in the additional documentation.

 If you have any questions, please contact your authorised service centre.



Issue date and topicality of the operating instructions

The issue date of these operating instructions can be found on the title page.

STILL is constantly engaged in the further development of trucks. These operating instructions are subject to change, and any claims based on the information and/or illustrations contained in them cannot be asserted.

Please contact your authorised service centre for technical support relating to your truck.

Copyright and trademark rights

These instructions must not be reproduced, translated or made accessible to third parties—including as excerpts—except with the express written approval of the manufacturer.

Explanation of information symbols used

▲ DANGER

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent the risk of fatalities.

WARNING

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent the risk of injuries.

A CAUTION

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent material damage and/or destruction.

NOTE

For technical requirements that require special attention.





ENVIRONMENT NOTE

To prevent environmental damage.

List of abbreviations



NOTE

This list of abbreviations applies to all types of operating instructions. Not all of the abbreviations that are listed here will necessarily appear in these operating instructions.

Abbrevi- ation	Meaning	Explanation
ABE	Display operating unit	
ArbSchG	Arbeitsschutzgesetz	German implementation of EU occupational health and safety directives
Betr- SichV	Betriebssicherheitsverordnung	German implementation of the EU working equipment directive
BG	Berufsgenossenschaft	German insurance company for the company and employees
BGG	Berufsgenossenschaftlicher Grundsatz	German principles and test specifications for occupational health and safety
BGR	Berufsgenossenschaftliche Regel	German rules and recommendations for occupational health and safety
DGUV	Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift	German accident prevention regulations
CE	Communauté Européenne	Confirms conformity with product-specific European directives (CE mark)
CEE	Commission on the Rules for the Approval of the Electrical Equipment	International commission on the rules for the approval of electrical equipment
DC	Direct Current	Direct current
DFÜ	Datenfernübertragung	Remote data transmission
DIN	Deutsches Institut für Normung	German standardisation organisation
EG	European Community	
EN	European standard	
FEM	Fédération Européene de la Manutention	European Federation of Materials Handling and Storage Equipment
F _{max}	maximum Force	Maximum power
GAA	Gewerbeaufsichtsamt	German authority for monitoring/issuing regulations for worker protection, environmental protection, and consumer protection

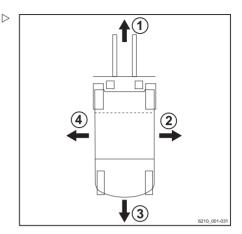


GPRS General Packet Radio Service Transfer of data packets in wireless networks ID no. ID number International Organization for Standard- ization International standardisation organisation ization LAN Local Area Network Local area network KpA Uncertainty of measurement of sound pressure levels Light Emitting Diode Light emitting diode Lp Sound pressure level at the workplace LpAZ Average continuous sound pressure level in the driver's compartment LSP Load centre of gravity Distance of the centre of gravity of the load from the front face of the fork backs MAK Maximum workplace concentration Maximum permissible air concentrations of a substance at the workplace Max. Maximum Highest value of an amount Min. Minimum Lowest value of an amount PIN Personal Identification Number Personal identification number PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StVZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. WIAN Wireless LAN Wireless LAN	Abbrevi- ation	Meaning	Explanation
International Organization for Standard- ization LAN Local Area Network KpA Uncertainty of measurement of sound pressure levels LED Light Emitting Diode Light emitting diod	GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	· ·
Ization	ID no.	ID number	
Uncertainty of measurement of sound pressure levels LED Light Emitting Diode Light emitting diode Lp Sound pressure level at the workplace LpAZ Average continuous sound pressure level in the driver's compartment LSP Load centre of gravity Distance of the centre of gravity of the load from the front face of the fork backs MAK Maximum workplace concentration Maximum permissible air concentrations of a substance at the workplace Max. Maximum Highest value of an amount Min. Minimum Lowest value of an amount PIN Personal Identification Number Personal identification number PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StVZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V.	ISO		International standardisation organisation
pressure levels LED Light Emitting Diode Light emitting diode Lp Sound pressure level at the workplace LpAZ Average continuous sound pressure level in the driver's compartment LSP Load centre of gravity Distance of the centre of gravity of the load from the front face of the fork backs MAK Maximum workplace concentration Maximum permissible air concentrations of a substance at the workplace Max. Maximum Highest value of an amount Min. Minimum Lowest value of an amount PIN Personal Identification Number Personal identification number PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StvZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	LAN	Local Area Network	Local area network
L _{pAZ} Average continuous sound pressure level in the driver's compartment LSP Load centre of gravity Distance of the centre of gravity of the load from the front face of the fork backs MAK Maximum workplace concentration Maximum permissible air concentrations of a substance at the workplace Max. Maximum Highest value of an amount Min. Minimum Lowest value of an amount PIN Personal Identification Number Personal identification number PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StVZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German Mechanical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V.	K _{pA}	•	
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PIN Personal Identification Number Personal identification number PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StvZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	Max.	Maximum	Highest value of an amount
PPE Personal protective equipment SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StVZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	Min.	Minimum	Lowest value of an amount
SE Super-Elastic Superelastic tyres (solid rubber tyres) SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StvZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	PIN	Personal Identification Number	Personal identification number
SIT Snap-In Tyre Tyres for simplified assembly, without loose rim parts StVZO Straßenverkehrs-Zulassungs-Ordnung German regulations for approval of vehicles on public roads TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany VDE Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	PPE	Personal protective equipment	
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TRGS Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe Cles on public roads TRGS Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. Cles on public roads Ordinance on hazardous materials applicable in the Federal Republic of Germany German technical/scientific association German technical/scientific association German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	SIT	Snap-In Tyre	
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VDE Informationstechnik German technical/scientific association VDI Verein Deutscher Ingenieure German technical/scientific association VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	TRGS	Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe	
VDMA Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau e.V. German Mechanical Engineering Industry Association	VDE		German technical/scientific association
VDMA Anlagenbau e.V. Association	VDI	Verein Deutscher Ingenieure	German technical/scientific association
WLAN Wireless LAN Wireless local area network	VDMA		
	WLAN	Wireless LAN	Wireless local area network



Definition of directions

The directions "forwards" (1), "backwards" (3), "right" (2) and "left" (4) refer to the installation position of the parts as seen from the driver's compartment; the load is to the front.



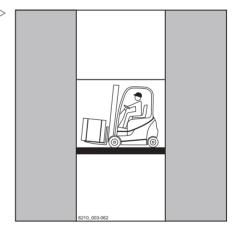
Schematic views

View of functions and operations

This documentation explains the (usually sequential) chain of certain functions or operations. Schematic diagrams of a counterbalance truck are used to illustrate these procedures.



These schematic diagrams are not representative of the structural state of the documented truck. The diagrams are used solely for the purpose of clarifying procedures.

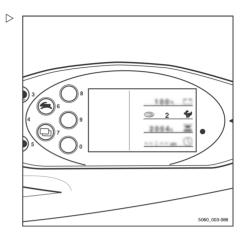




View of the display operating unit



Views of operating statuses and values in the display of the display operating unit are examples and partly dependent on the truck equipment. As a result, the displays shown of the actual operating statuses and values can vary. Information that is not relevant for descriptions is not shown.





Environmental considerations

Environmental considerations

Packaging

During delivery of the truck, certain parts are packaged to provide protection during transport. This packaging must be removed completely prior to initial start-up.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

The packaging material must be disposed of properly after delivery of the truck.

Disposal of components and batteries

The truck is composed of different materials. If components or batteries need to be replaced and disposed of, they must be:

- · disposed of.
- · treated or
- · recycled in accordance with regional and national regulations.



NOTE

The documentation provided by the battery manufacturer must be observed when disposing of batteries.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

We recommend working with a waste management company for disposal purposes.



Safety

Definition of responsible persons

Definition of responsible persons

Operating company

The operating company is the natural or legal person or group who operates the truck or on whose authority the truck is used.

The operating company must ensure that the truck is only used for its proper purpose and in compliance with the safety regulations set out in these operating instructions.

The operating company must ensure that all users read and understand the safety information

The operating company is responsible for the scheduling and correct performance of regular safety checks.

We recommend that the national performance specifications are adhered to.

Specialist

A qualified person is defined as a service engineer or a person who fulfils the following requirements:

- A completed vocational qualification that demonstrably proves their professional expertise. This proof should consist of a vocational qualification or a similar document.
- Professional experience indicating that the qualified person has gained practical experience of industrial trucks over a proven period during their career During this time, this person has become familiar with a wide range of symptoms that require checks to be carried out, such as based on the results of a hazard assessment or a daily inspection
- Recent professional involvement in the field of the industrial truck test in question and an appropriate further qualification are essential. The qualified person must have experience of carrying out the test in question or of carrying out similar tests. Moreover, this person must be aware of the latest technological developments



regarding the industrial truck to be tested and the risk being assessed

Drivers

This truck may only be driven by suitable persons who are at least 18 years of age, have been trained in driving, have demonstrated their skills in driving and handling loads to the operating company or an authorised representative, and have been specifically instructed to drive the truck. Specific knowledge of the truck to be operated is also required.

The training requirements under §3 of the Health and Safety at Work Act and §9 of the plant safety regulations are deemed to have been satisfied if the driver has been trained in accordance with BGG (General Employers' Liability Insurance Association Act) 925. Observe the national regulations for your country.

Driver rights, duties and rules of behaviour

The driver must be trained in his rights and duties

The driver must be granted the required rights.

The driver must wear protective equipment (protection suit, safety footwear, safety helmet, industrial goggles and gloves) that is appropriate for the conditions, the job and the load to be lifted. Solid footwear should be worn to ensure safe driving and braking.

The driver must be familiar with the operating instructions and have access to them at all times

The driver must:

- have read and understood the operating manual
- have familiarised himself with safe operation of the truck
- be physically and mentally able to drive the truck safely



2

Definition of responsible persons

A DANGER

The use of drugs, alcohol or medications that affect reactions impair the ability to drive the truck!

Individuals under the influence of the aforementioned substances are not permitted to perform work of any kind on or with the truck.

Prohibition of use by unauthorised persons

The driver is responsible for the truck during working hours. He must not allow unauthorised persons to operate the truck.

When leaving the truck, the driver must secure it against unauthorised use, e.g. by pulling out the key.



Insurance cover on company premises

In many cases, company premises are restricted public traffic areas.



🚺 NOTE

The business liability insurance should be reviewed to ensure that, in the event of any damage caused in restricted public traffic areas, there is insurance cover for the truck in respect of third parties.

Changes and retrofitting

If the truck is used for work that is not listed in the guidelines or in these instructions and has to be converted or retrofitted accordingly. you must note that any change to its structural state can affect the handling and stability of the truck, which in turn can lead to accidents.

You should therefore contact your service centre beforehand

Changes that will adversely affect stability, load capacity and safety systems, among other things, must not be made without the manufacturer's approval.

The truck may only be converted with written approval from the manufacturer. Approval from the responsible authority must be obtained if necessary.

Changes to the brakes, steering, control elements, circumferential view, equipment variants and attachments must also not be made without the prior written approval of the manufacturer.

We warn against installing and using restraint systems not approved by the manufacturer.



A DANGER

Risk of injury!

Even when using an approved restraint system, there is some residual risk that the driver might be injured if the truck tips over. This risk of injury can be reduced through the combined use of the restraint system and the seat belt. In addition, the seat belt protects against the consequences of rear-end collisions and falling off a ramp.

Use the seat belt too.

When carrying out welding work on the truck, it is essential that the battery and all connections to the electronic control cards are disconnected. Contact your service centre.

A DANGER

If the truck is not equipped with an overhead guard, there is a risk to the driver's life, as he may be struck by a load falling from a lift height of 1800 mm or greater.

Operation of the forklift truck without an overhead guard is prohibited with a lift height greater than 1800 mm.

 For lift heights of 1800 mm and greater, only use trucks with on overhead guard

In the event that the manufacturer goes into liquidation and the company is not taken over by another legal person, the operating company can make changes to the truck.

To do so, the operating company must fulfil the following prerequisites:

Construction documents, test documents and assembly instructions associated with the change must be archived and remain accessible at all times.

Check that the capacity rating plate, decal information, hazard warnings and the operating instructions are consistent with regard to the changes and modify if necessary.

The change must be designed, checked and implemented by a design office that specialises in industrial trucks in accordance with the standards and directives valid at the time the changes are made.

Decal information with the following data must be permanently affixed to the truck so it is clearly visible:



- Type of change
- Date of change
- Name and address of the company implementing the change.

Changes to the overhead guard and roof loads

A DANGER

In the event of the overhead guard failing due to a failing load or the truck tipping over, there are potentially fatal consequences for the driver. There is a risk to life!

Welding and drilling on the overhead guard changes the material characteristics and the structural design of the overhead guard. Excessive forces caused by falling loads or the truck tipping over may result in buckling of the modified overhead guard and no protection for the driver.

- Do not perform welding on the overhead guard.
- Do not perform drilling on the overhead guard.

A CAUTION

Heavy roof loads damage the overhead guard! To ensure the stability of the overhead guard a

To ensure the stability of the overhead guard at all times, a roof load may only be mounted on the overhead guard if the structural design has been tested and the manufacturer has given approval.

 Seek advice from the authorised service centre for the mounting of roof loads.

Warning regarding non-original parts

Original parts, attachments and accessories are specially designed for this truck. We specifically draw your attention to the fact that parts, attachments and accessories supplied by other companies have not been tested and approved by STILL.



A CAUTION

Installation and/or use of such products may therefore have a negative impact on the design features of the truck and thus impair active and/or passive driving safety.

We recommend that you obtain approval from the manufacturer and, if necessary, from the relevant regulatory authorities before installing such parts. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused by the use of non-original parts and accessories without approval.

Damage, defects and misuse of safety systems

Damage or other defects on the truck or attachment must be reported to the supervisor or responsible fleet manager immediately so that they can have the defect rectified.

Trucks and attachments that are not functional or safe to drive may not be used until they have been properly repaired.

Do not remove or deactivate safety systems and switches.

Fixed set values may only be changed with the approval of the manufacturer.

Work on the electrical system (e.g. connecting a radio, additional headlights etc.) is only permitted with the manufacturer's written approval. All electrical system interventions must be documented.

Even if they are removable, roof panels may not be removed, as they are designed to protect against small falling objects.

Tyres

A DANGER

Risk to stability!

Failure to observe the following information and instructions can lead to a loss of stability. The truck may tip over, risk of accident!



The following factors can lead to a loss of stability and are therefore **prohibited**:

- Different tyres on the same axle, e.g. pneumatic tyres and superelastic tyres
- · Tyres not approved by the manufacturer
- · Excessive tyre wear
- · Tyres of inferior quality
- · Changing rim wheel parts
- Combining rim wheel parts from different manufacturers

The following rules must be observed to ensure stability:

- Only use tyres with equal and permitted levels of wear on the same axle
- Only use wheels and tyres of the same type on the same axle, e.g. only superelastic tyres
- Only use wheels and tyres approved by the manufacturer
- · Only use high-quality products

Wheels and tyres approved by the manufacturer can be found on the spare parts list. If other wheels or tyres are to be used, authorisation from the manufacturer must be obtained beforehand.

Contact the authorised service centre on this matter.

When changing wheels or tyres, always ensure that this does not cause the truck to tilt to one side (e.g. always replace right-hand and left-hand wheels at the same time). Changes must only be made following consultation with the manufacturer.

If the type of tyre used on an axle is changed, for example from superelastic tyres to pneumatic tyres, the load diagram must be changed accordingly.

Contact the authorised service centre on this matter.



Medical equipment

▲ WARNING

Electromagnetic interference may occur on medical devices!

Only use equipment that is sufficiently protected against electromagnetic interference.

Medical equipment, such as pacemakers or hearing aids, may not work properly when the truck is in operation.

 Ask your doctor or the manufacturer of the medical equipment to confirm that the medical equipment is sufficiently protected against electromagnetic interference.

Exercise caution when handling gas springs and accumulators

WARNING

Gas springs are under high pressure. Improper removal results in an elevated risk of injury.

For ease of operation, various functions on the truck can be supported by gas springs. Gas springs are complex components that are subject to high internal pressures (up to 300 bar). They may under no circumstances be opened unless instructed to do so, and may be installed only when not under pressure. If required, the authorised service centre will depressurise the gas spring in accordance with the regulations before removal. Gas springs must be depressurised before recycling.

- Avoid damage, lateral forces, buckling, temperatures over 80°C and heavy contamination.
- Damaged or defective gas springs must be changed immediately.
- Contact the authorised service centre.

WARNING

Accumulators are under high pressure. Improper installation of an accumulator results in an elevated risk of injury.

Before starting work on the accumulator it must be depressurised.

- Contact the authorised service centre.



Length of the fork arms

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to the incorrect selection of fork arms!

- The fork arms must match the depth of the load.

If the fork arms are too short, the load may fall off the arms after it has been picked up. In addition, be aware that the load centre of gravity may shift as a result of dynamic forces, such as braking. A load that is otherwise resting safely on the fork arms may move forwards and fall.

If the fork arms are too long, they can catch on loading units behind the load that is to be picked up. These other loading units then fall over when the load is raised.

 For help with selecting the correct fork arms, contact the authorised service centre.



Residual risk

Residual dangers, residual risks

Despite careful working and compliance with standards and regulations, the occurrence of other risks when using the truck cannot be entirely excluded.

The truck and all other system components comply with current safety requirements. Nevertheless, even when the truck is used for its proper purpose and all instructions are followed, some residual risk cannot be excluded

Even beyond the narrow danger areas of the truck itself, a residual risk cannot be excluded. Persons in this area around the truck must exercise a heightened degree of awareness, so that they can react immediately in the event of any malfunction, incident or breakdown etc.

▲ WARNING

All persons that are in the vicinity of the truck must be instructed regarding these risks that arise through use of the truck.

In addition, we draw attention to the safety regulations in these operating instructions.

Risks can include:

- Escape of consumables due to leakages, rupture of lines and containers etc.
- Risk of accident when driving over difficult ground such as gradients, smooth or irregular surfaces, or with poor visibility etc.
- Falling, tripping etc. when moving on the truck, especially in wet weather, with leaking consumables or on icy surfaces
- Fire and explosion risks due to batteries and electrical voltages
- Human error resulting from failure to observe the safety regulations,
- Unrepaired damage or defective and worn components,
- · Insufficient maintenance and testing
- · Use of incorrect consumables
- · Exceeding test intervals



The manufacturer is not held responsible for accidents involving the truck caused by the failure of the operating company to comply with these regulations either intentionally or carelessly.

Stability

The stability of the truck has been tested to the latest technological standards and is guaranteed provided that the truck is used properly and according to its intended purpose. These standards only take into account the dynamic and static tipping forces that can arise during specified use in accordance with the operating rules and intended purpose. However, the danger of exceeding the moment of tilt due to improper use or incorrect operation and losing stability can never be excluded.

The loss of stability can be avoided or minimised by the following actions:

- Always secure the load against slipping,
 e.g. by lashing.
- Always transport unstable loads in suitable containers.
- Always drive slowly when cornering.
- Drive with the load lowered.
- Even with sideshifts, align the load as centrally as possible with the truck and transport in this position.
- Avoid turning and diagonally driving across slopes or gradients.
- Never have the load facing downhill when travelling on slopes or gradients.
- Pick up only loads of the approved width.
- Always take great care when transporting suspended loads.
- Do not drive over ramp edges or steps.

Special risks associated with using the truck and attachments

Approval from the manufacturer and attachment manufacturer must be obtained each



2 Safety

Residual risk

time the truck is used in a manner that falls outside the scope of normal use, and in cases where the driver is not certain that he can use the truck correctly and without the risk of accidents.



Safety

Residual risk



Overview of hazards and countermeasures



This table is intended to help evaluate the hazards in your facility and applies to all drive types. It does not claim to be complete.

 Observe the national regulations for the country in which the truck is being used.

Hazard	Measure	Check note √ Complete - Not applicable	Notes
Truck equipment does not comply with local regulations	Test	0	If in doubt, consult competent factory inspectorate or employers' liability insurance association
Lack of skills and qualification of driver	Driver training (sit-on and stand-on)	0	BGG 925 VDI 3313 driver permit
Usage by unauthorised persons	Access with key only for authorised persons	0	
Truck not in a safe condition	Recurrent testing and rectification of defects	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Risk of falling when using working platforms	Compliance with national regulations (different national laws)	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and employer's liability insurance associations
Impaired visibility due to load	Resource planning	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Contamination of respiratory air	Assessment of diesel exhaust gases	0	Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 554 and the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
	Assessment of LPG exhaust gases	0	German threshold limit values list (MAK-Liste) and the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)



Hazard	Measure	Check note √ Complete - Not applicable	Notes	
Impermissible usage (improper usage)	Issuing of operating instructions	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and German Health and labour protection law (ArbSchG)	
	Written notice of instruction to driver	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and German Health and labour protection law (ArbSchG)	
	Note the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), the operating instructions and the German Engineering Federation (VDMA) rules	0		
When fuelling			-	
a) Diesel	Note the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), the operating instructions and the German Engineering Federation (VDMA) rules	0		
b) LPG	Note German Social Accident Insurance (DGUV) regulation D34, the operating instructions and the German Engineering Federation (VDMA) rules	0		



Hazard	Measure	Check note √ Complete - Not applicable	Notes
When charging the traction battery	Note the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), the operating instructions and the German Engineering Federation (VDMA) rules	0	Association for Electrical, Electronic and Information Technologies (VDE) regulation 0510: In particular - Ensure adequate ventilation - Insulation value within the permissible range
When using battery chargers	Note the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), employers' liability insurance association regulation 104 and the operating instructions	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and employers' liability insurance association regulation 104
When parking LPG trucks	Note the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV), employers' liability insurance association regulation 104 and the operating instructions	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and employers' liability insurance association regulation 104
With driverless transpo	ort systems		
Roadway quality inadequate	Clean/clear driveways	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Load carrier incorrect/slipped	Reattach load to pallet	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Drive behaviour unpredictable	Employee training	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Driveways blocked	Mark driveways Keep driveways clear	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
Driveways intersect	Announce right-of-way rule	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)
No person detection during depositing and retrieval	Employee training	0	German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV)



Danger to employees

According to the German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSichV) and labour protection law (ArbSchG), the operating company must determine and assess hazards during operation, and establish the labour protection measures required for employees (BetrSichVO). The operating company must therefore draw up appropriate operating instructions (§ 6 ArbSchG) and make them available to the driver. A responsible person must be appointed.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible persons: "operating company" and "driver".

The construction and equipment of the truck correspond to the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and are therefore marked with CE labelling. These elements are therefore not included in the hazard assessment. Attachments possess their own CE labelling and likewise are not included for that reason. The operating company must, however, select the type and equipment of the trucks so as to comply with the local provisions for deployment.

The result must be documented (§ 6 Arb-SchG). In the case of truck applications involving similar hazard situations, the results may be summarised. This overview (see chapter "Overview of hazards and countermeasures") provides help on complying with this regulation. The overview specifies the main hazards that are the most frequent cause of accidents in the event of non-compliance. If other major operational hazards are involved, they must also be taken into consideration

The conditions of use for trucks are broadly similar in many plants, so the hazards can be summarised in one overview. Observe the information provided by the relevant employers' liability insurance association on this subject.



Safety tests

Safety tests

Regular safety inspection of the truck

Safety inspection based on time and extraordinary incidents

The operating company must ensure that the truck is checked by a specialist at least once a year or after particular incidents.

As part of this inspection, a complete check of the technical condition of the truck must be performed with regard to accident safety. In addition, the truck must be thoroughly checked for damage that could potentially have been caused by improper use. A test log must be created. The results from the inspection must be retained until a further two inspections have been carried out.

The inspection date is indicated by an adhesive label on the truck.

- Arrange for the service centre to perform periodic safety inspections on the truck.
- Observe guidelines for checks carried out on the truck in accordance with FEM 4.004.

The operator is responsible for ensuring any defects are remedied without delay.

Contact your service centre.



Observe the national regulations for your country!

Checking the diesel engine emissions

 Check the diesel engine emissions annually to TRGS 554.

The exhaust-gas check is to be carried out by a specialist (see ⇒ Chapter "Definition of responsible persons", P. 24) and must be recorded in writing.

- Contact your STILL service centre.







Observe the national regulations for your country!

Trucks with particle filters

Trucks with particle filters (variant) may be operated in completely or partially enclosed working areas.

A DANGER

Risk to health from exhaust gases!

Exhaust gases from internal combustion engines are harmful to your health. In particular, the soot particles contained in the diesel exhaust gas can cause cancer.

When the internal combustion engine is running, there is a risk of poisoning from the CO, CH and NOx components contained in the exhaust gas.

Modern exhaust gas treatment systems (e.g. catalytic converters, particle filters or comparable systems) can clean exhaust gases in a way that reduces the health hazard and risk of poisoning when operating the truck.

- Observe the national laws and regulations when using trucks with an internal combustion engine in entirely or partially enclosed working areas.
- Always ensure sufficient ventilation.

The operating company must ensure that the following requirements are met:

- Usage must be reported to the responsible occupational health and safety authorities
- Operating instructions must be displayed in the working areas
- Danger areas should be confined and indicated by appropriate warning and safety signs
- Employees must be made aware of dangers and protective measures
- The particle filter must be checked and serviced every 12 months or after every 1000 operating hours. The exhaust-gas check must be carried out by a competent person and must be recorded in writing



Safety tests



NOTE

Please observe the definition of the following responsible persons: "operating company" and "competent person".



Observe the TRGS 554 regulations and national regulations of the country in which the truck is being used.

Insulation testing

The truck insulation must have sufficient insulation resistance. For this reason, insulation testing in accordance with DIN EN 1175 and DIN 43539. VDE 0117 and VDE 0510 must be conducted at least once every year.



Contact your service centre to arrange for an insulation test.

Measuring the insulation resistance of the electrical system



Nominal battery voltage < test voltage < 500 V.

- Ensure that all voltage sources have been disconnected from the circuit to be tested.
- Measure the insulation resistance with a suitable measuring device.

The insulation resistance can be considered sufficient if it measures at least 1000 Ω /V for nominal battery voltage against ground.

Contact the authorised service centre.



Permissible consumables

A DANGER

Failure to observe the safety regulations relating to consumables may result in a risk of injury, death or damage to the environment.

 Observe the safety regulations when handling such materials.

Refer to the maintenance data table for the permissible substances that are necessary for operation (see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308).

Oils



A DANGER

Oils are flammable!

- Follow the statutory regulations.
- Do not allow oils to come into contact with hot engine parts.
- No smoking, fires or naked flames!



A DANGER

Oils are toxic!

- Avoid contact and consumption.
- If vapour or fumes are inhaled, move to fresh air immediately.
- In the event of contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly (for at least 10 minutes) with water and then consult an eye specialist.
- If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.





WARNING

Prolonged intensive contact with the skin can result in dryness and irritate the skin!

- Avoid contact and consumption.
- Wear protective gloves.
- After any contact, wash the skin with soap and water, and then apply a skin care product.
- Immediately change soaked clothing and shoes.

WARNING

There is a risk of slipping on spilled oil, particularly when combined with water!

- Spilt oil should be removed immediately with oil-binding agents and disposed of according to the regulations.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Oil is a water-polluting substance!

- · Always store oil in containers that comply with the applicable regulations.
- Avoid spilling oils.
- Spilt oil should be removed immediately with oil-binding agents and disposed of according to the regulations.
- · Dispose of old oils according to the regulations.

Hydraulic fluid



WARNING

These fluids are pressurised during operation of the truck and are hazardous to your health.

- Do not spill the fluids.
- Follow the statutory regulations.
- Do not allow the fluids to come into contact with hot engine parts.





WARNING

These fluids are pressurised during operation of the truck and are hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluids to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of pressurised fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, industrial goggles, skin protection and skin care products).



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Hydraulic fluid is a water-polluting substance.

- · Always store hydraulic fluid in containers that comply with regulations
- · Avoid spills
- Spilt hydraulic fluid should be removed immediately with oil-binding agents and disposed of according to the regulations
- Dispose of old hydraulic fluid according to the regulations

Battery acid



WARNING

Battery acid contains dissolved sulphuric acid. This is toxic.

- Avoid touching or swallowing the battery acid at all costs.
- In case of injury, seek medical advice immediately.





▲ WARNING

Battery acid contains dissolved sulphuric acid. This is corrosive.

- When working with battery acid, use appropriate PSA (rubber gloves, apron, protection goggles).
- When working with battery acid, never wear a watch or jewellery.
- Do not allow any acid to get onto clothing or skin or into the eyes. If this does happen, rinse immediately with plenty of clean water.
- In case of injury, seek medical advice immediately.
- Immediately rinse away spilt battery acid with plenty of water.
- Follow the statutory regulations.



👺 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

- Dispose of used battery acid in line with the applicable regulations.

Diesel fuel



WARNING

Diesel fuel is combustible.

- Observe statutory regulations.
- Do not allow diesel fuel to come into contact with hot engine components.

Do not smoke!



▲ WARNING

Diesel fuel is toxic!

- Avoid contact and swallowing.
- If vapour or fumes are inhaled, administer fresh air immediately.
- After contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly (for at least 10 minutes) with water and then consult an eye specialist.
- If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.





▲ WARNING

Prolonged intensive contact with the skin can result in loss of skin oils and can irritate the skin!

- Avoid contact and swallowing.
- Wear protective gloves.
- After any contact, wash the skin with soap and water, and then apply a skin care product.
- Immediately change soaked clothing and shoes.

WARNING

Risk of slipping due to spilled diesel fuel, particularly in combination with water.

- Immediately collect spilled diesel fuel using an oil-binding agent and dispose of it in accordance with regulations.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Diesel fuel is a water-polluting substance!

- Always store in regulation containers.
- Avoid spilling diesel fuel.
- Immediately collect spilled diesel fuel using an oil-binding agent and dispose of it in accordance with regulations.



Coolant and cooling fluid



WARNING

Coolant and cooling fluid can be hazardous to your health and the environment!

Coolants are chemical corrosion inhibitors and cooling system protecting agents such as Glysantin, Cooling fluid is an appropriate mixture of water and coolant. Coolant in both concentrated and dilute form can be hazardous to your health if swallowed, or hazardous to the environment if spilled.

- Store coolant and cooling fluid only in their original containers and do not spill them.
- Never store coolant or cooling fluid in empty food containers, bottles or other containers.
- Observe the national regulations for the country of use.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

- Soak up any spilt coolant or cooling fluid immediately using an oil binding agent and dispose of it in accordance with the national regulations for the country of use.
- Dispose of old coolant or cooling fluid in accordance with the national regulations for the country of use.

Disposal of consumables



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Materials that accumulate during repair. maintenance and cleaning must be collected properly and disposed of in accordance with the national regulations for the country in which the truck is being used. Work must only be carried out in areas designated for that purpose. Care must be taken to minimise any environmental pollution.

- Soak up any spilt fluids such as hydraulic oil or gearbox oil immediately using an oil-binding agent.



- Neutralise any spilt battery acid immediately.
- Always observe national regulations concerning the disposal of used oil.



Emissions

Emissions

The values specified apply to a standard truck (compare the specifications in the "Technical data" chapter). Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.

Noise emissions

The values were determined based on measuring procedures from the standard EN 12053 "Safety of industrial trucks - Test methods for measuring noise emissions", based on EN 12001, EN ISO 3744 and the requirements of EN ISO 4871.

This machine emits the following sound pressure level:

Continuous sound pressure level in the driver's compartment

L _p AZ	Measurement uncertainty K _{pA}

The values were determined in the test cycle on an identical machine from the weighted values for operating statuses and idling.

Time proportions:

- · Lifting 18%
- Idling 58%
- · Driving 24%

However, the indicated noise levels at the truck cannot be used to determine the noise emissions at workplaces according to the most recent version of **Directive 2003/10/EC** (daily personal noise pollution). If necessary, these noise emissions must be determined by the operating company directly at the workplaces under the actual conditions there (additional noise sources, special application conditions, sound reflections).



Please observe the definition of the following responsible person: "operating company".



Emissions

Vibrations

The vibrations of the machine have been determined on an identical machine in accordance with the standards DIN EN 13059 "Safety of industrial trucks - Test methods for measuring vibration" and DIN EN 12096 "Mechanical vibration - Declaration and verification of vibration emission values".

Frequency-weighted effective value of acceleration on the seat

MSG 65 driver's seat	Measurement uncertainty

Tests have indicated that the amplitude of the hand and arm vibrations on the steering wheel or the operating devices in trucks is less than 2.5 m/s². There are therefore no measurement guidelines for these measurements.

The personal vibration load on the driver over a working day must be determined by the operating company at the actual place of use in accordance with **Directive 2002/44/EC**, in order to consider all additional influences, such as driving route, intensity of use etc.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible person: "operating company".



Emissions

Exhaust gases

A DANGER

Risk to health from exhaust gases!

Exhaust gases from internal combustion engines are harmful to your health. In particular, the soot particles contained in the diesel exhaust gas can cause cancer.

When the internal combustion engine is running, there is a risk of poisoning from the CO, CH and NOx components contained in the exhaust gas.

Modern exhaust gas treatment systems (e.g. catalytic converters, particle filters or comparable systems) can clean exhaust gases in a way that reduces the health hazard and risk of poisoning when operating the truck.

- Always observe the national laws and regulations of the country of use when using trucks with an internal combustion engine in entirely or partially enclosed working areas.
- Always ensure that there is sufficient ventilation available.

Heat



▲ DANGER

Risk of burns due to hot exhaust gases!

Exhaust gases or components that carry exhaust gases (e.g. exhaust pipes) can become so hot that direct body contact can cause burns to the skin, and materials that are too close can be burned or singed.

- Do not grasp or touch hot exhaust pipes.
- Keep combustible materials away from the exhaust pipe.
- In the event of burns, seek first aid immediately.
- If materials are burning, take fire precautions immediately.

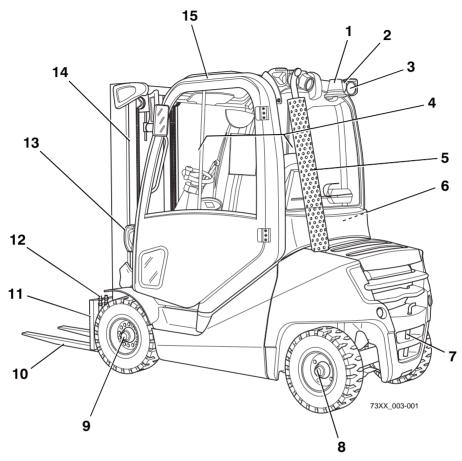


Overviews

3

Overview

Overview

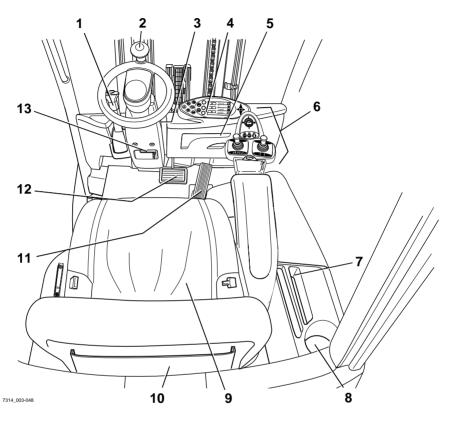


- 1 Rotating beacon (variant)
- 2 Rear working spotlight (variant)
- 3 Rear lighting (variant)
- 4 Driver's compartment
- 5 Exhaust pipe
- 6 Starter battery
- 7 Towing device
- 8 Steering axle

- 9 Drive axle
- 10 Fork arms
- 11 Fork carriage
- 12 Hydraulic connection for an attachment
- 13 Lift mast
- 14 Front working spotlight (variant)
- 15 Overhead guard



Driver's compartment



1	Parking brake lever	8	Cup holder for max. 0.5-l bottles
2	Steering wheel	9	Driver's seat
3	Key switch	10	Compartment and storage location for
4	Display and operating unit		operating instructions
5	Document holder	11	Accelerator pedal
6	Operating devices for hydraulic and traction	12	Brake pedal
	functions	13	Steering column adjustment lever



The truck equipment may differ from the equipment shown.

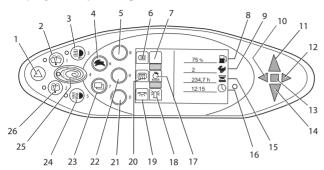
Compartment (variant)



Operating devices and display elements

Operating devices and display elements

Display and operating unit



- Hazard warning system button
- 2 Front windscreen wiper button
- 3 Working spotlight button
- 4 Drive programme selector button
- 5 Softkey Lighting
- 6 Lighting symbol
- 7 Not assigned
- 8 Fuel level display (percentage)
- 9 Drive programme display (numerical)
- 10 Left turn indicator display
- 11 Forward travel indicator
- Right turn indicator display 12
- 13 Malfunction display
- 14 Reverse travel indicator

- 15 Operating hours display
- Time display (digital) 16
- 17 Particle filter display
- 18 Rotating beacon display
- 19 Interior lighting display
- 20 Rear window heating display
- 21 Softkey Interior light/rotating beacon
- 22 Softkey Rear window heating/particle filter regeneration
- 23 Menu change button
- 24 Liahtina button
- Blue-Q button 25
- 26 Rear window wiper button



The Softkeys (5, 21, 22) and the accompanying display elements (6, 7, 17, 18, 19, 20) are assigned according to the equipment variants in use.

The assignment shown here is an example and may differ from the assignment actually programmed on the truck. Softkeys can be assigned multiple functions that are called up according to the menu navigation. For further information, see the section entitled "Operating the display-operating unit".

- If you have any questions, please contact your authorised service centre.



Operating devices and display elements

Operating devices for hydraulic and driving functions

Different versions of the operating devices are available for operating the truck's hydraulic and traction functions.

The truck can be equipped with the following operating devices:

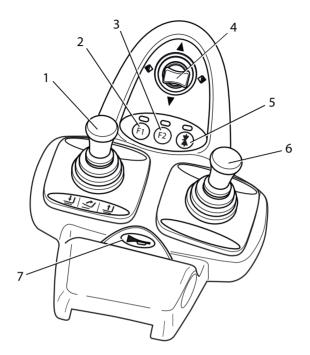
- · Double mini-lever
- · Triple mini-lever
- · Quadruple mini-lever
- · Joystick 4Plus
- · Fingertip switch
- · Mini-console



3

Operating devices and display elements

Double mini-lever



- 1 "Lift mast" 360° lever
- 2 Function key "F1"
- 3 Function key "F2"
- 4 "Drive direction/turn indicator" cross lever
- 5 Function key "5th function"
- 6 "Attachments" cross lever
- 7 Signal horn button

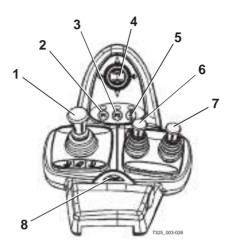


Depending on the specification, various electric attachment parts can be controlled via function keys (2) and (3).

• For alterations, contact the authorised service centre.



Three-way mini-lever



- 1 "Lift mast" 360° lever 5 Function key "5th function"
 2 Function key "F1" 6 "Auxiliary hydraulics 1" operating lever
 3 Function key "F2" 7 "Auxiliary hydraulics 2" operating lever
 4 "Drive direction/turn indicator" cross lever 8 Signal horn button
- i NOTE

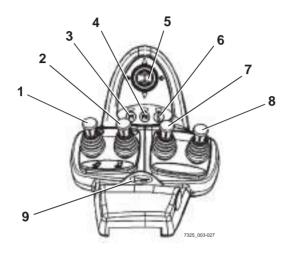
Depending on the specification, various electric attachment parts can be controlled via function keys (2) and (3).

• For alterations, contact the authorised service centre.

3

Operating devices and display elements

Four-way mini-lever



9

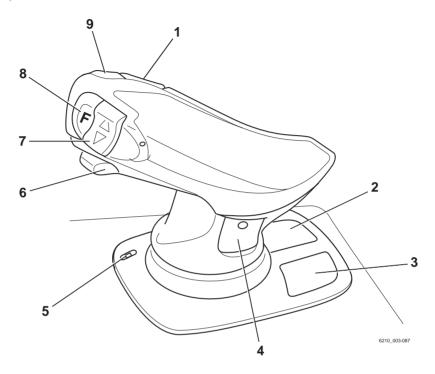
- 1 "Lift/lower" operating lever
- 2 "Tilt" operating lever
- 3 Function key "F1"
- 4 Function key "F2"
- 5 "Drive direction/turn indicator" cross lever
- Function key "5th function"
- "Auxiliary hydraulics 1" operating lever
- 8 "Auxiliary hydraulics 2" operating lever
 - Signal horn button



Depending on the specification, various electric attachment parts can be controlled via function keys (3) and (4).

For alterations, contact the authorised service centre.

Joystick 4Plus



- Horizontal rocker button for "3rd hydraulic function", tilt the lift mast
- 2 Pictograms for the basic hydraulic functions
- 3 Pictograms for the 5th hydraulic function and the clamp locking mechanism (variant)
- 4 Pictograms for the 3rd & 4th hydraulic functions
- LED for clamp locking mechanism (variant)
- 6 Slider for the "4th hydraulic function", e.g. reach frame forwards/backwards
- 7 Vertical rocker button for the "drive direction"
- 8 Shift key "F"

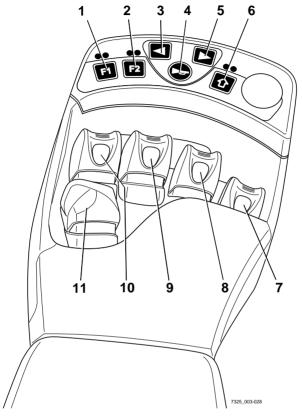
5

9 Signal horn button



Operating devices and display elements

Fingertip



- 1 Function key "F1" 2 Function key "F2" 3 Left turn indicator button 4 Signal horn button
- 5 Right turn indicator button 6 Function key "5th function"

- "Attachments" operating lever 8 "Attachments" operating lever
- 9 "Tilt" operating lever "Lift/lower" operating lever 10
- 11 Drive direction switch

NOTE

Depending on the specification, various electric attachment parts can be controlled via function keys (1) and (2).

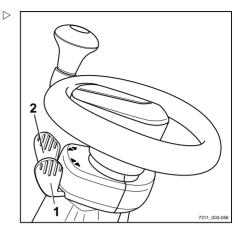
· For alterations, contact the authorised service centre.



Operating devices and display elements

Mini console

The mini console is located on the steering column below the steering wheel.



- Travel direction switch
- 2 Direction indicator switch



Operating devices and display elements



Operation

Testing and activities before daily use

Visual inspections

▲ WARNING

There is a risk of falling when working on high parts of the truck.

- Use only the steps provided on the truck.
- Do not stand on truck components or use them to help you mount the truck.
- Use suitable equipment.

Damage to the truck or the attachment (variant), non-functional switches or safety devices and modification of predefined set values can lead to unpredictable and dangerous situations.

The following checks and tasks enable causes of this type to be identified in good time. It is therefore important to run through the checks and tasks listed in the following table from top to bottom before daily use of the truck.

If damage or other defects are identified on the truck or attachment (variant), the truck must not be used until it has been properly repaired.

Before the truck is used each day, ensure that it is safe to be operated:

Component	Course of action
Fork arms, general lifting accessories	Perform a visual inspection for deformation and wear (for example, bent, broken, significant wear). Check the condition and function of the fork locking devices to prevent them from lifting out or shifting.
Lift mast roller tracks	Make sure that there is a film of grease.
Load chains	Perform a visual inspection to ensure that the chains are intact and have adequate and even tension.
Attachments (variant)	Ensure correct mounting in accordance with the operating instructions of the manufacturer. Perform a visual inspection to ensure the attachments are intact and not leaking. Perform checks to ensure the attachments are working correctly.
Underside	Check the area under the forklift truck for leaking consumables.
Overhead guard, guard grille (variant)	Perform a visual inspection for integrity. Check for secure mounting.



Component	Course of action
Steps	Make sure they are clean (free of ice, not slippery).
Panes of glass (variant)	Perform a visual inspection for integrity. Make sure they are clean (also free of ice).
Handholds	Check for secure mounting.
Maintenance lids	Check the close function and close the lids.
Fuel system, fuel tank	Perform a visual inspection for damage and leaks. Damaged hoses must be replaced by the authorised service centre.
Bonnet and side flap	Perform a visual inspection for integrity and deformation. Check that the lock is in good condition and is working correctly. Check the close function. Close.
Coupling pin, tow coupling (variant)	Perform a visual inspection for deformation and wear (for example, bent, torn, broken). Check the securing bush in the counterweight for integrity and that it is working correctly. Check that the linchpin is present and working correctly (chain, rope, split pin).
Labelling, adhesive label	Check that labels are present and intact/legible. Replace damaged or missing adhesive labels in accordance with the chapter entitled "Labelling points".
Driver's seat, seat belt	Check the integrity and function.
Lighting, warning units	Check the integrity and function.
Antistatic belt	Perform a visual inspection for integrity. Ensure cleanliness. Make sure that the antistatic belt is still long enough to touch the ground below the truck.
Lift and tilt cylinders, tank, valve block, hoses, pipes, connections	Perform a visual inspection for damage and leaks. Check the area under the forklift truck for leaking consumables. Damaged hoses must be replaced by the authorised service centre.
Wheels, tyres	Perform a visual inspection for wear and damage. Make sure that only rims of the same type from the same manufacturer are fitted. In the event of uneven tyre wear, replace both tyres. Observe the safety regulations in the chapter entitled "Tyres".
Axle	Make sure that no consumables are escaping from the axle.
Engine	Check the engine oil level and top up if necessary. Check the coolant level and top up if necessary.



- Do not use the truck if there is any damage or defects.
- Contact your authorised service centre.



Climbing in and out of the truck

WARNING

Risk of injury when climbing in and out of the truck due to slipping, hitting yourself on parts of the truck or becoming stuck!

If the footwell cover is very dirty or smeared with oil, there is a risk of slipping. There is a risk of hitting your head on the post of the overhead guard or of your clothes becoming stuck when climbing out of the truck.

- Ensure that the footwell cover is non-slip.
- Do not jump into or out of the truck.
- Ensure that you have a secure grip on the truck.

WARNING

Risk of injury when jumping off the truck!

If your clothing or jewellery (e.g. watch, ring etc.) becomes stuck on a component while you are jumping out of the truck, this can lead to serious injuries (e.g. from falling, loss of fingers etc.). It is forbidden to jump off the truck.

- Do not jump off the truck.
- Do not wear jewellery at work.
- Do not wear loose-fitting workwear.

A CAUTION

Components may become damaged through incorrect use!

Truck components, such as the driver's seat, steering wheel, parking brake lever etc., are not designed to be used for climbing in and out of the truck and can be damaged due to misuse.

 Only use the devices specifically designed for the purpose of climbing in and out of the truck.



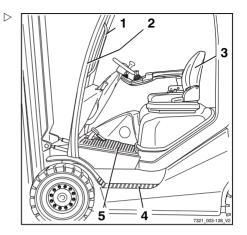
To assist with climbing in and out of the truck, the footwell must be used as a step (5) and the handle (1) must be used for support. The post of the overhead guard (2) can also be used for support.

Always climb into the truck in a forwards motion:

- Grip the handle (1) with your left hand and hold on
- Put your left foot on the step (4).
- Enter the truck with your right foot first and sit down on the driver's seat (3).

Always climb out of the truck backwards:

- Grip the handle (1) with your left hand and hold on.
- Stand up from the driver's seat and place your left foot on the step (4).
- Climb out of the truck right foot first.



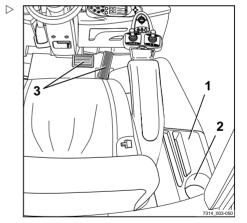
Shelves and cup holders

▲ WARNING

Objects may fall into the footwell and obstruct the pedals, which poses a risk of accident!

Objects to be stored must be of the correct size so that they cannot fall from the shelf (1) or out of the cup holder (2). Objects that fall into the footwell during travel as a result of steering or braking may slip between the pedals (3) and prevent them from working correctly. It may then not be possible to brake the truck when necessary.

- Bottles with a maximum size of 0.5 I can be stored in the cup holder.
- Make sure that stored objects cannot fall from the shelves when the truck is started up, steered or braked.





Adjusting the MSG 65/MSG 75 driver's seat

A DANGER

There is a risk of accident if the seat or seat backrest shifts suddenly, which could cause the driver to move in an uncontrolled manner. This may result in unintentional actuation of the steering or operating devices and thus cause the truck or load to move in an uncontrolled fashion.

- Do not adjust the seat or seat backrest while driving
- Adjust the seat and the seat backrest so that all operating devices can be actuated safely
- Ensure that the seat and seat backrest are securely engaged



WARNING

On some equipment variants, the amount of head clearance on the truck may be restricted.

On these specific equipment variants, the distance between the head and the lower edge of the roofing sheet must be at least 40 mm.



NOTE

If there are separate operating instructions for the seat, they must be followed.

WARNING

To obtain optimum seat cushioning, you must adjust the seat suspension to your own body weight. This is better for your back and protects your health.

To prevent injury, make sure that there are no objects within the swivel area of the seat



Moving the driver's seat

- Lift and hold the lever (1)
- Push the driver's seat into the desired position.
- Release the lever.
- Ensure that the driver's seat is securely engaged.



Adjusting the seat backrest

Do not put pressure on the seat backrest while engaging it.

- Lift and hold the lever (2)
- Push the seat backrest into the desired position.
- Release the lever.
- Ensure that the seat backrest is securely engaged.



The backwards tilt angle of the seat backrest can be restricted by the structural condition of the truck.



Adjusting the seat suspension



The driver's seat can be adjusted to suit the weight of the individual driver. In order to achieve the best seat suspension setting, the driver should perform the adjustment whilst sitting in the seat.



NOTE

The driver's seat MSG 65/MSG 75 is designed for people weighing between 45 kg and 170 kg.

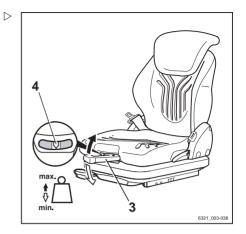


The MSG 75 seat is equipped with electric air suspension that is activated using an electric switch instead of the lever (3).

- Fully extend the weight-adjusting lever (3)
- Pump it up or down to set the driver's weight.
- Return the weight adjusting lever to the central initial position before each new lift (audible click).
- Fully fold in the weight adjusting lever once adjustment is complete.



The driver's weight has been selected correctly when the arrow (4) is in the centre of the inspection window. If the seat does not move any further when you pump the weight adjusting lever, the minimum or maximum weight setting has been reached.





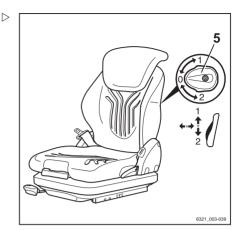
Adjusting the lumbar support (variant)



NOTE

The lumbar support can be adjusted to suit the contours of the individual driver's spine. Adjusting the lumbar support moves a convex support cushion into the upper or lower part of the backrest.

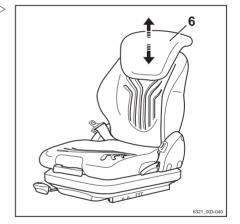
- Turn the turning knob (5) up or down until the lumbar support is in the desired position



Adjusting the backrest extension (variant)

- Adjust the backrest extension (6) by pulling it out or pushing it into the desired position.

To remove the backrest extension, move it past the end stop by jolting it upwards.



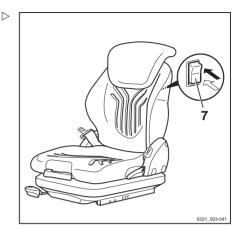


Switching the seat heater (variant) on and off



The seat heater only functions if the seat contact switch is active, i.e. when the driver is sitting on the driver's seat.

 Switch the seat heater (7) on or off using the switch.



Adjusting the armrest

A DANGER

There is a risk of accident if the armrest lowers suddenly, causing the driver to move in an uncontrolled manner. This can result in unintentional actuation of the steering or the operating devices and thus cause uncontrolled movements of the truck or load.

- Do not adjust the armrest while driving.
- Adjust the armrest so that all operating devices can be actuated safely.
- Ensure that the armrest is securely tightened.

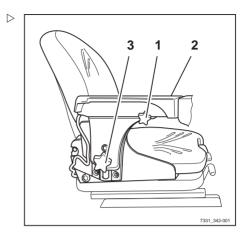


Adjusting the length of the armrest

- Release the star-grip handle (1) by turning it anti-clockwise.
- Shift the armrest (2) into the desired position.
- Tighten the star-grip handle by turning it clockwise.
- Check that the armrest is firmly attached.

Adjusting the height of the armrest

- Release hand wheel (3) by turning it anticlockwise.
- Shift the armrest (2) into the desired position.
- Tighten the hand wheel by turning it clockwise.
- Check that the armrest is firmly attached.



Adjusting the steering column

A DANGER

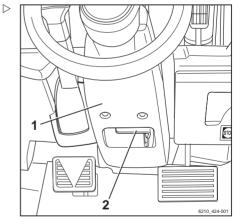
Risk of accidents!

Adjusting the steering column during travel may cause the truck to career out of control.

- Adjust the steering column only when the truck is at a standstill.
- Ensure that the steering column is engaged.
- Press down and hold the lever (2) for steering column adjustment.
- Position the steering column (1) and release the lever.

When the steering column engages, the lever snaps back to the initial position.

 Gently push and pull on the steering column to make sure that the steering column is engaged.



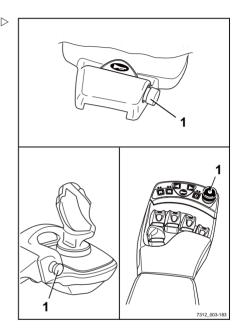


Unlocking the emergency off switch



Only diesel trucks with a particle filter system (variant) or a joystick 4Plus (variant) have an emergency off switch.

 Pull the emergency off switch (1) until it unlatches.



Switching on the key switch

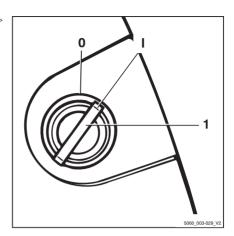
WARNING

All checks and tasks required before daily use must have been performed without any defects being identified before switching on the key switch.

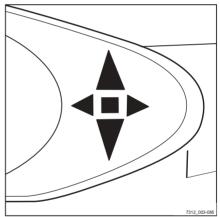
- Carry out the checks and tasks that are to be performed before daily use.
- Do not operate the truck if defects have been identified.
- Notify your authorised service centre.



Insert the switch key (1) into the key switch > and turn to position "I".



Performing this step initiates self testing. All lamps in the drive-direction indicators and turn indicators illuminate briefly.





When the key switch is switched on, the display shows the welcome screen in the set language.

The truck controller is now fully started up.

If the truck is equipped with the "access authorisation with PIN code" variant, the display initially changes to the input menu for access authorisation

Once the truck is ready for operation, the standard display elements are shown.



Standard display elements

In the factory setting, the following indicators can be seen in the display-operating unit:

1 Fuel level

Shows the fuel level in the fuel tank as a percentage (%).

2 Drive programme

Displays the current drive programme numerically (1-5). The drive programme can be changed; see the chapter entitled "Setting the drive programme".

3 Operating hours

Displays the total number of operating hours completed by the truck. The hour meter operates as soon as the engine is started.

4 Time

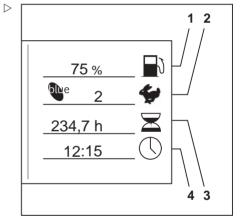
Displays the current time digitally in hours and minutes. The time can be adjusted; see the chapter entitled "Adjusting the time".

A CAUTION

Lack of fuel can cause malfunctions!

If the fuel tank has been run empty, the fuel injection system can draw in air bubbles. These air bubbles can lead to malfunctions in the fuel injection system.

- Never run the fuel tank empty.







NOTE

Additional information may appear on the display.

- Refer to the information in the chapter entitled "Display messages".

Access authorisation with PIN code (variant)

Description

Trucks equipped with the "Access authorisation with PIN code" variant are protected against unauthorised use by a five-digit driver PIN. Up to fifty different driver PINs can be defined so that the same truck can be used by different drivers, each with their own driver PIN



NOTE

The driver PINs are defined in a truck control unit menu that can only be accessed by persons with the corresponding access authorisation, e.g. fleet managers.

Once the key switch has been switched on. the input menu for the driver PIN appears on the display and operating unit screen. All of the truck's functions (driving, hydraulics, additional electrical installations and the display and operating unit displays) are blocked. The function of the hazard warning system (variant) is guaranteed. Enter the fivedigit driver PIN (possible entries from 00000 to 99999) to enable the blocked functions. Once the correct driver PIN has been entered, the standard displays are shown. All of the truck functions are available.

The access authorisation can be configured in such a way that the driver PIN has to be re-entered each time the driver steps off the truck, in order for the truck to be operated again.

 Contact the authorised service centre on this matter.

The first driver PIN is preset to "11111" at the factory. All others are preset to "0xFFF" but



have no function as the highest valid driver PIN is "99999". Persons with the appropriate access authorisation, e.g. fleet managers, can change the driver PINs in the corresponding menu.



NOTE

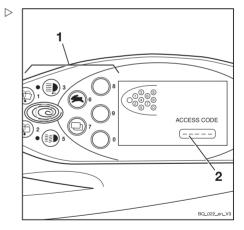
When first commissioning the truck, we recommend you change the access authorisation set at the factory. This is the only way to guarantee that the driver PIN is only known to persons with corresponding access authorisation.

The driver PINs are stored in the truck control unit. These are still available if the display and operating unit has been changed. The authorised service centre can use a diagnostic device to read out the driver PIN and. if necessary, restore the factory default driver PIN.

ACCESS CODE input menu

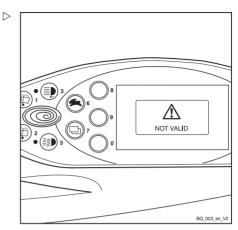
The driver enters the five-digit driver PIN (00000 to 99999) in this input menu.

The driver PIN is entered using the buttons or Softkeys (1). The digits entered for the driver PIN (2) are not visible but are represented by circles instead. If the driver PIN entered is correct, the familiar screen appears with the standard display, and all truck functions are available.

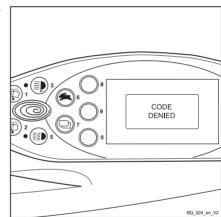




If an incorrect driver PIN is entered, the message INVALID appears for a short time. When the message goes out, the driver PIN can be re-entered.



After three invalid entry attempts, the message CODE DENIED appears. The input is then locked for five minutes before another attempt can be made.





Defining the driver PIN

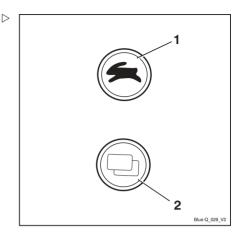


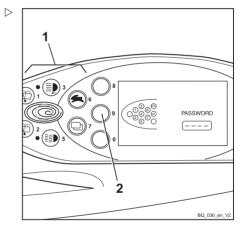
The driver PINs can be defined only by persons with the appropriate access authorisation, e.g. fleet managers. To set the driver PIN, the fleet manager must access the configuration menu. The configuration menu is password-protected. After entering the password, the fleet manager can configure general settings for the truck. To change the password, see the chapter entitled "Changing the password".

 Push the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (2) at the same time.

PASSWORD appears in the display.

- Enter the four-digit password (factory default: 2777) using the buttons (1).
- Confirm the input using Softkey (→)(2).

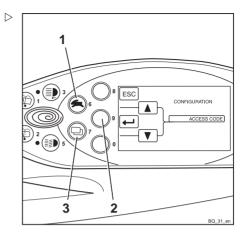






CONFIGURATION appears in the display.

- Use the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (3) to select the ACCESS CODE menu.
- Confirm your selection using Softkey ← (2).



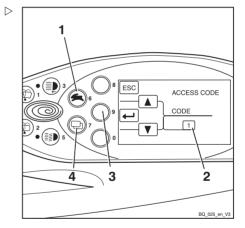
Selecting the driver PIN

In the ACCESS CODE menu, there are fifty possible driver PINs to choose from.

The digit sequences can be set or changed in the NEW CODE submenu.

Once the ACCESS CODE menu has been accessed, the CODE selection field (2) contains the number 1. The first of the fifty driver PINs can now be defined.

- Use the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (4) to select the desired driver PIN (1 to 50).
- Confirm your selection using Softkey (→)(3).

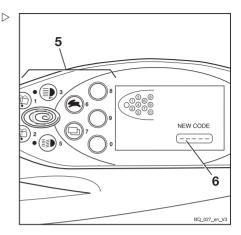




NEW CODE appears in the display.

 Enter the desired driver PIN using the buttons or Softkeys (5).

The digits entered do not appear in the display. Instead they are represented by circles in the NEW CODE field (6).



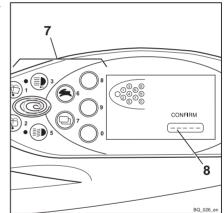
CONFIRM appears in the display.

The CONFIRM submenu is used to confirm the new driver PIN.

 Enter the new driver PIN for a second time in the CONFIRM field (8) using the buttons or Softkeys (7).

If the entry matches the new driver PIN previously entered, the system will accept the new driver PIN once the last digit has been entered. The display switches back to the ACCESS CODE menu.

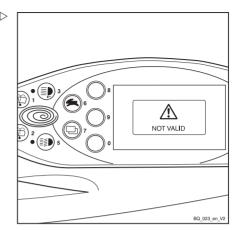
Another driver PIN can be defined here.





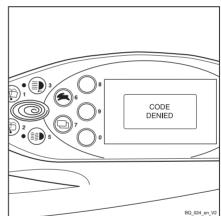
If the driver PIN entered in the CONFIRM submenu does not match the driver PIN entered previously in the NEW CODE submenu, the message INVALID will appear.

The message will then disappear after a short time. The new driver PIN can be entered in the CONFIRM submenu for further confirmation.



After three incorrect entries, the CODE DE-NIED message appears.

The display switches back to the ACCESS CODE menu. The desired driver PIN must be re-defined.





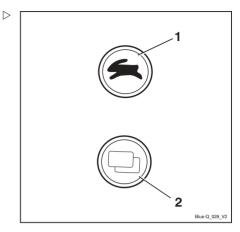
Changing the password

It is recommended that you change the factory default password.



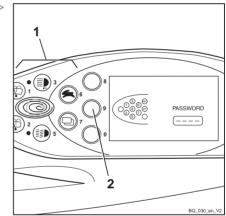
The password can only be changed when the parking brake is applied.

- Push the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (2) at the same time.



PASSWORD appears in the display.

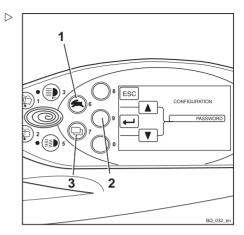
- Enter the current password using the buttons (1).
- Confirm the input using Softkey ← (2).





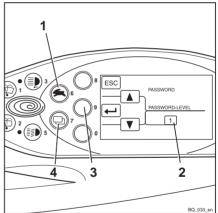
CONFIGURATION appears in the display.

- Use the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (3) to select the PASSWORD menu.
- Confirm your selection using Softkey (2).



 ${\tt PASSWORD/PASSWORD\ LEVEL\ appears\ in} \quad {\scriptsize \triangleright} \\ \ the\ display.$

- Use the drive program selection button (1) and the menu change button (4) to select the desired PASSWORD LEVEL (2).
- Confirm your selection using Softkey (3).





NEW CODE appears in the display.

The four-digit password can be entered using the buttons (1).

A CAUTION

Do not enter the password 1777!

If this password is entered, the configuration options for the fleet manager are restricted to driver authorisations and cannot be reset independently.

The authorisations can only be reset by the authorised service centre!

 Enter the new desired password using the buttons (1).

The digits entered are shown in plain text in the NEW CODE field (4).

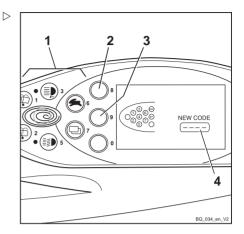
 Confirm your selection using Softkey (3).

In the NEW CODE field, -??- appears briefly. The new password is confirmed.

Press Softkey (2) to correct the new password.

The display switches back to PASS-WORD/PASSWORD LEVEL.

- Repeat the process steps from PASS-WORD/PASSWORD LEVEL.
- To exit the configuration menu, press Softkey (ESC) (2) repeatedly until the standard display appears.





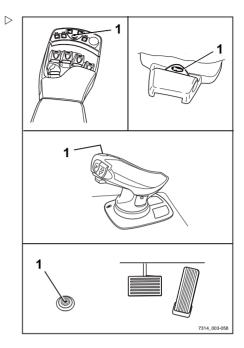
Operating the signal horn

- Push the signal horn button (1).

The signal horn sounds.



The signal horn is used to warn people against imminent danger or to announce your intention to overtake.



Seat belt



A DANGER

Even when using an approved restraint system, there is some residual risk that the driver might be injured if the truck tips over.

This risk of injury can be reduced through the combined use of the restraint system and the seat belt.

In addition, the seat belt protects against the consequences of rear-end collisions and falling off a ramp.

We therefore recommend that you also use the seat belt.



DANGER

Only bracket doors (variant) or the driver's cab (variant) with closed, fixed doors constitute a driver restraint system. Plastic doors (weather protection) do not constitute a restraint system!

If you need to open or remove the doors, you must use an alternative suitable restraint system (e.g. a seat belt).

Fastening the seat belt

DANGER

Risk to life when driving without a seat belt!

If the truck tips over or crashes into an obstacle and the driver is not wearing the seat belt, the driver may be thrown from the truck. The driver could slide under the truck or collide with an obstacle.

There is a risk of fatal injury!

- Fasten the seat belt before every trip.
- Do not twist the seat belt when fastening it.
- Only use the seat belt to secure one person.
- Have any malfunctions repaired by the authorised service centre.



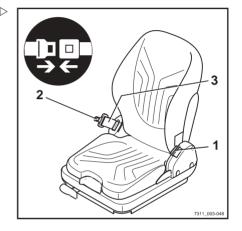
The buckle has a buckle switch (variant). In the event of an operating error or malfunction. the message SAFETY BELT appears in the display and operating unit, see the chapter entitled "Display messages".

- Pull the seat belt (3) out of the belt retractor without jerking and fasten closely around the body over the thighs.



Sit as far back as possible so that your back is leaning against the seat backrest. The automatic blocking mechanism permits sufficient freedom of movement on the seat

- Click the belt tongue (2) into buckle (1).
- Check tension of the seat belt. It should be close to the body.





Fastening on a steep slope

The automatic blocking mechanism prevents the belt from being extended whenever the truck is on a steep gradient. It is not possible to pull the seat belt any further out of the belt retractor.

- Move away carefully on the slope.
- Fasten the seat belt.



Releasing the seat belt

- Push the red button (4) on the buckle (1).
- Manually guide the belt tongue slowly back to the retractor.

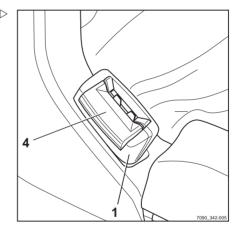


Do not allow the seat belt to retract too quickly. The automatic blocking mechanism may be triggered if the belt tongue strikes the housing. It will then no longer be possible to pull the seat belt out with the usual force.

- Using increased force, pull the seat belt around 10-15 mm out of the retractor to disengage the blocking mechanism.
- Slowly allow the seat belt to retract again.
- Protect the seat belt from dirt (for example, by covering it).

Malfunction due to cold

 If the buckle or belt retractor is frozen, thaw them out and dry them thoroughly to prevent recurrence.





A CAUTION

The seat belt may be damaged by heat!

Do not subject the buckle or belt retractor to excessive heat when thawing.

Do not use air warmer than 60°C when thawing.

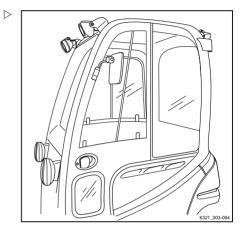
Driver's cab

A DANGER

Risk of fatal injury in the event of falling from the truck if it tips over!

In order to prevent the driver from sliding underneath the truck and being crushed if the truck tips over, a restraint system must be in place and must be used. The restraint system prevents the driver from being thrown from the truck if it tips over. The driver's cab constitutes a driver restraint system only if the cab door is sturdy and closed. Fabric-covered cabs (variant) with doors made of plastic or canvas do not constitute a driver restraint system and offer no protection from the consequences of the truck tipping over!

- Close the cab door before operation
- If the door is open or has been removed, use a comparably secure restraint system
- We recommend that you always use the seat belt





Starting the engine

A DANGER

Risk to health from exhaust gases!

Exhaust gases from internal combustion engines are harmful to your health. In particular, the soot particles contained in the diesel exhaust gas can cause cancer.

When the internal combustion engine is running, there is a risk of poisoning from the CO, CH and NOx components contained in the exhaust gas.

Modern exhaust gas treatment systems (e.g. catalytic converters, particle filters or comparable systems) can clean exhaust gases in a way that reduces the health hazard and risk of poisoning when operating the truck.

- Observe the national laws and regulations when using trucks with an internal combustion engine in entirely or partially enclosed working areas.
- Always ensure sufficient ventilation.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Insert the switch key (1) into the key switch and turn to position "I"

The truck controller starts, see the section entitled "Switching on the key switch".

- Turn the key switch to position "II" and hold there until the engine starts.
- Release the key switch as soon as the engine has started.

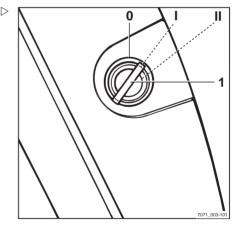
If the engine does not start after 20 seconds, stop the starting procedure and repeat after one minute.

A CAUTION

Risk of engine damage!

If the OIL PRESSURE message appears on the display after starting the motor, there may be insufficient engine lubrication. Insufficient lubrication may cause engine damage.

- Immediately switch off the engine.
- Check the engine oil level and top up if necessary.
- If the message continues to appear, notify the authorised service centre.
- Refer to the information in the chapter entitled "Display messages".







If the engine does not start due to a discharged battery, it can be jump-started.



If the truck is left turned off for a lengthy period in ambient temperatures below -5°C, the truck will need to pre-heat at the next start-up. The message GLOW flashes on the display. Preheating can take up to 22 seconds. If the message START is displayed, start the engine.

Checking the brake system for correct function

A DANGER

If the brake system fails, the truck is insufficiently braked or not braked at all, so there is a risk of accident!

Do not commission trucks with a defective brake system.

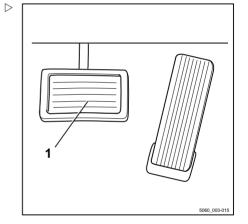
Checking the foot brake

- Release the parking brake.
- Depress the brake pedal (1).

There must be a slight pedal clearance and then a noticeable brake pressure point.

- Accelerate the unladen truck in a clear area.
- Press the brake pedal firmly.

The truck must decelerate noticeably.





Checking the parking brake

A DANGER

If the truck rolls away, there is a risk of being run over and therefore a danger to life!

- The truck must not be parked on a slope.
- In emergencies, secure with wedges on the side facing downhill.
- Only leave the truck when the parking brake is applied.
- Actuate the parking brake at walking speed or on a steep gradient.

The truck must stop and remain stationary.

 If the truck continues to roll despite the parking brake being applied, notify the authorised service centre



Checking the steering system for correct function

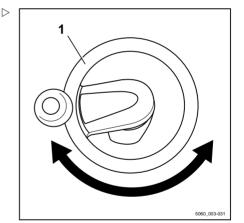
A DANGER

If the hydraulics fail, there is a risk of accident as the steering characteristics have changed.

- Do not operate the truck if it has a defective steering system.
- Operate steering wheel (1). The steering play while stationary must not be more than two finger widths.



If the truck is switched on with the steering wheel turned, the maximum driving speed is limited. Travel speed limitation is removed as soon as the steering wheel is moved out of a cornering position into the straight-ahead position. This requires a change in steering angle of about half a revolution.



Checking the emergency off function



i NOTE

Only diesel trucks with a particle filter system (variant) or a joystick 4Plus (variant) have an emergency off switch.

WARNING

No electric braking assistance is available when the emergency off switch is actuated!

Actuating the emergency off switch will de-energise the entire electrical system.

- To brake, actuate the service brake.
- Slowly drive the truck forwards.
- Press the emergency off switch (1).

The truck will coast

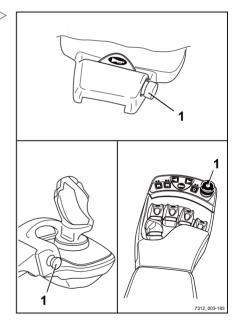
- Brake the truck to a standstill by actuating the brake pedal.



In trucks with an electric parking brake, the electric parking brake will be applied as soon as the truck comes to a stop.

- Pull out the emergency off switch (1).

The knob is unlocked and pops out. The truck performs an internal self-test and is then ready for operation again.



Zero adjustment of the load measurement (variant)



A zero adjustment must be carried out in order to guarantee the accuracy of the load



measurement (variant) at all times. Zero adjustment is required

- · Before daily use
- · after changing the fork arms
- after fitting or changing attachments.



Accurate zero adjustment is only possible if the fork is not carrying a load. Do not take up a load yet.

i NOTE

Accurate zero adjustment is only possible within the first lifting stage of the lift mast. When carrying out the zero adjustment, do not raise the fork more than 800 mm above the ground.

i NOTE

The way in which the lifting system is operated depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment; see the chapter entitled "Lifting system operating devices".

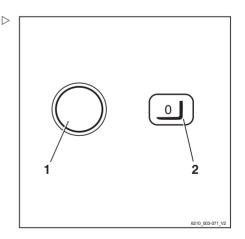
- Set lift mast to vertical.
- Raise the fork to a height of 300-800 mm.
- Press the Softkey (1).

The zero adjustment of the load measurement is switched on. The symbol is displayed. The message LOWER FORKS appears on the display.



During the following process, the fork carriage must be lowered slightly and then stopped abruptly. While doing so, the fork must not touch the ground, otherwise the zero adjustment will not be accurate. To stop the lowering procedure quickly, release the operating device for lowering so that it jumps into the zero position.

 Lower the fork carriage slightly and release the operating device.





When the zero adjustment has been carried out correctly, the value "0 kg" appears on the display.

The zero adjustment of the load measurement is completed. The symbol (2) is displayed.

Checking the vertical lift mast position (variant) for correct function



The function check of the lift mast vertical position (variant) must be carried out every time a truck is commissioned.

Press the Softkey (1).

The comfort feature "lift mast vertical position" is switched on. The symbol (2) is displayed.

Tilt the lift mast backwards.

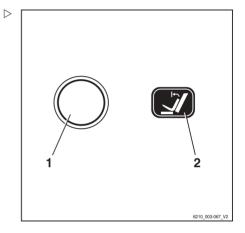
The lift mast must tilt back fully and move gently as far as the end stop.

- Tilt the lift mast forward.

The lift mast must tilt forwards and stop in the vertical position.

Release the operating device to tilt and actuate again.

The lift mast must tilt forwards fully and move gently as far as the end stop.





Operating the display-operating unit

Displays

Standard display elements

In the factory setting, the following indicators can be seen in the display and operating unit:

1 Fuel level

Shows the fuel level in the fuel tank in %.

2 Drive programme

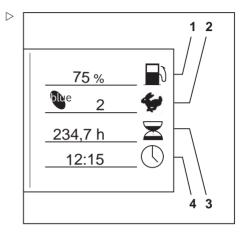
Displays the current drive programme numerically (1-5). The drive programme can be changed; see the chapter entitled "Setting the drive programme".

3 Operating hours

Displays the total operating hours completed by the truck. The hour meter operates as soon as the engine is started.

4 Time

Displays the current time digitally in hours and minutes. The time can be adjusted; see the chapter entitled "Setting the time"



Additional indicators

5 Menu change button

When the menu change button is pressed, the following additional indicators appear:

6 "Service in" indicator

Displays the remaining time in hours until the next service work has to be carried out according to the maintenance schedule in the maintenance instructions. Contact the authorised service centre in good time

7 Total distance

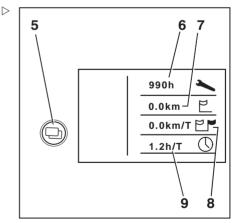
Displays the total distance driven in kilometres.

8 Daily kilometres

Displays the kilometres driven for the day.

9 Daily driving time

Displays the hours driven for the day.





Adjusting the displays



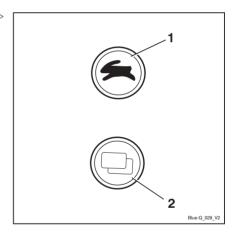
The parking brake must always be engaged when you adjust the displays. The displays cannot be adjusted if the parking brake is not engaged.



When adjusting the displays, do not actuate the hydraulic system operating devices. If you do, entry is interrupted and the display returns to the operating display.

The displays are adjusted in the CONFIGURATION menu.

- Turn the key switch to position "I".
- Press the drive program button (1) and the menu change button (2) at the same time.



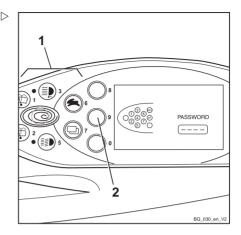


The display changes to the PASSWORD menu. >



It may be necessary to enter a password in order to configure the displays. This depends on the configuration of the display-operating unit

• For configuration of the display-operating unit, contact the authorised service centre

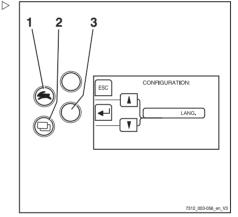


- Press the Softkey (◄)(3).

The display changes to the CONFIGURATION menu.

The following settings are possible and can be found in the corresponding chapter:

- · Setting the date and time
- Resetting the daily kilometres and daily operating hours
- · Setting the language
- · Configure Blue-Q



Symbols in the display

Messages

To show operating messages, warning messages or error messages in the display, text messages and symbols are used.

Symbols for operating messages

Description	Symbol		
Empty field	No display		
Please wait			



Description	Symbol
Service required	4
Lift limitation	Ť.
Reference cycle	ij
Battery charging	<u>₹</u>
Drive program	4
Hour meter	≖
Odometer	۳
Daily hour meter	Ğ
Daily odometer	E.P
Speed	0
Steering angle	⇔
Load	
Time	0
Hydraulic system	Ĥ
Exh.gas purifier	<u></u>
Coolant temperature	& l
Fuel level	₽6
Blue-Q	© ₌
Power rating (average)	0
Power rating (trend)	B

Symbols for warning messages

Description	Symbol
Parking brake	(P)
Actuate seat switch	Ċ
Safety belt	舎
Battery acid level	盘
Neutral warning message	Δ
Are you sure?	?
Oil pressure	+Ö+



Symbols for error messages

Description	Symbol		
Brake system malfunction	(1)		
Overheating of the engine	⊕		
Overheating			
Malfunction in the electrical system	5		
General malfunction	•		

Symbols for softkey functions of auxiliary equipment

The following symbols for softkey functions are used on the left of the display for auxiliary equipment:

Description	Symbol
Empty field	No display
General function OFF	F1 F2 F3
General function ON	F1 F2 F3
Rear working spotlight OFF	(Jiii)
Rear working spotlight ON	
Front working spotlight OFF	(ID)
Front working spotlight ON	
Windscreen heating OFF	(%)
Windscreen heating ON	®
Rear window heating OFF	(B)
Rear window heating ON	(33)
Interior lighting OFF	靋
Interior lighting ON	無
Roof wiper/washer OFF	€
Roof wiper/washer ON	Ð
Heater blower OFF	4
Heater blower ON	4
Rotating beacon OFF	
Rotating beacon ON	



Description	Symbol
Seat heater OFF	(\$!)
Seat heater ON	₩
Signal horn OFF	P
Signal horn ON	F
Cruise control OFF	0
Cruise control ON	0
Automatic mast vertical positioning OFF	₹
Automatic mast vertical positioning ON	
Load measurement zero adjustment OFF	
Load measurement zero adjustment ON	
Load measurement OFF	
Load measurement ON	

Symbols for softkey functions for menu navigation and for acknowledging messages

The following symbols for the softkey functions are used on the left of the display for menu navigation and to acknowledge messages:

Description	Symbol
Empty field	No display
Cancel input	ESC
Confirm input	—
Confirm information	✓
Reset	RES
Back by one menu level	—
Back to the previous edit field	•
Scroll up	A
Scroll down	T
Count up	+
Count down	-



Status LEDs of the function keys for additional electrical installations

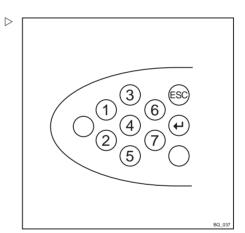
The current switch status of a button is indicated with LEDs next to the relevant function key for the additional electrical installation.

Description	LED		
Function off	LED OFF		
Function on	LED ON		

Symbols for numeric keypad

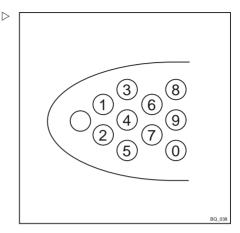
The buttons and Softkeys that can be used to enter numbers and to cancel or confirm input values are shown in the display.

Screen for entering the fleet manager password:





Screen for entering the driver PIN (access code):



Setting the date or time

- Switch to the CONFIGURATION menu; see the chapter entitled "Adjusting the displays".
- Press the Drive programme button (1) or the Menu change button (2) repeatedly until the TIME option appears.
- Confirm your selection using the Softkey (←) (4).

The TIME menu appears.

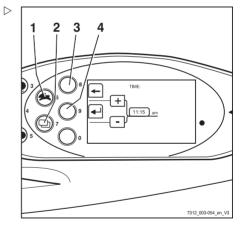
 Press and hold down the Drive programme button (1) or Menu change button (2) until the desired time appears on the display.

As the buttons are held down for longer, the scrolling speed increases in three levels.

- Confirm the set time using Softkey (→)(4).
- Use the Softkey (3) to exit the menu and return to the next level up.



The date is set in a similar manner.



Resetting the daily kilometres and daily operating hours

The daily number of kilometres and daily operating hours displays can be reset to zero:

- Switch to the CONFIGURATION menu; see the chapter entitled "Adjusting the displays".
- Press the Drive programme button (1) or the Menu change button (2) repeatedly until the DAY KM option appears.
- Confirm your selection using the Softkey (←) (4).

The DAY KM menu appears.

- Reset the displayed mileage using Softkey (RES) (4).
- Use the Softkey (3) to exit the menu and return to the next level up.



The daily operating hours are reset in the same manner.

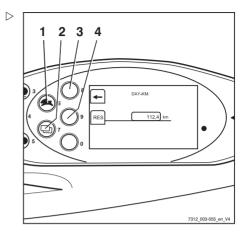
Setting the language

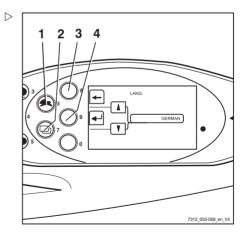
The displays can be shown in additional languages:

- Switch to the CONFIGURATION menu; see the chapter entitled "Adjusting the displays".
- Press the drive programme button (1) or the menu change button (2) repeatedly until the LANGUAGE option appears.
- Confirm your selection using the Softkey (4).

The LANGUAGE menu appears.

- Press drive program button (1) or menu change button (2) until the desired language appears in the display.
- Confirm your selection using the Softkey (4).







 Use the Softkey (3) to exit the menu and return to the next level up.

Softkeys for operating various equipment variants

Additional functions can be displayed on the display-operating unit. These additional functions, e.g. a rotating beacon, can be switched on and off using Softkeys.

Changing the Softkey functions:

A grey bar (3) highlights the Softkey column. This is the right-hand column in the example shown here. These additional functions can now be switched on and off via the corresponding Softkeys (2). The right-hand column is only populated with additional functions if the truck has more than three equipment variants that can be switched on and off using Softkeys.

In this case, proceed as follows to switch between the two columns:

Briefly press the Menu change button (1).

The grey bar jumps to the left-hand column. These additional functions can now be switched on and off via the corresponding Softkeys (2).



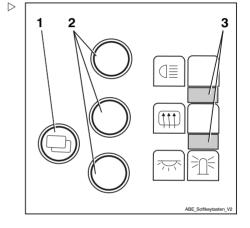
Press the Menu change button (1) for approx. 1 second to switch between the individual menus on the display-operating unit.



The additional functions depend on the individual equipment of the truck and may vary from those shown here.

Configuring Blue-Q efficiency mode

The following operating modes can be selected to activate the Blue-Q efficiency mode:





STANDARD

 Blue-Q is turned off whenever the truck is commissioned. The driver can use the Blue-Q button to switch efficiency mode on and off at any time while the truck is being operated

FIXED

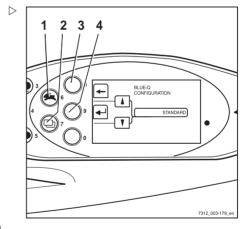
 Blue-Q is switched on permanently whenever the truck is commissioned and during truck operation. The driver cannot turn efficiency mode off

FIXED-FLEX

- Blue-Q is turned on whenever the truck is commissioned. The driver can use the Blue-Q button to switch efficiency mode on and off at any time while the truck is being operated
- Switch to the CONFIGURATION menu; see the chapter entitled "Adjusting the displays".
- Keep pressing the drive programme button (1) or the menu change button (2) until option BLUE Q CONFIGURATION appears.
- Confirm your selection with Softkey (←)(4).

The BLUE-Q CONFIGURATION menu appears.

- Press drive program button (1) or menu change button (2) until the desired efficiency mode appears in the display.
- Confirm the set efficiency mode using Softkey (→)(4).
- Use the Softkey (3) to exit the menu and return to the next level up.





Blue-Q efficiency mode

Functional description

The Blue-Q efficiency mode affects both the drive unit and the activation of the additional consumers, and reduces the truck's energy consumption.

If the efficiency mode has been activated, the acceleration behaviour of the truck changes to make acceleration more moderate.

When travelling at low speeds—normally when manoeuvring—no reduction is noticeable despite the activated efficiency mode. For moderate speeds of at least approx. 7 km/h, acceleration is gentler. Therefore, on distances of up to approx. 40 m, lower speeds are reached than would be the case if the efficiency mode was not activated.

Blue-Q has no influence on:

- · Maximum speed
- · Climbing capability
- Traction
- · Braking characteristics



The Blue-Q efficiency mode can be switched on and off in the STANDARD and FI-XED-FLEX operating modes. If the FIXED operating mode is configured in the display operating unit, the Blue-Q button has no function and the Blue-Q efficiency mode is switched on permanently; see also chapter "Configuring Blue-Q efficiency mode".



Blue-Q efficiency mode

Switching off additional consumers

If the Blue-Q efficiency mode is activated, the controller switches off various additional consumers after a few seconds in certain conditions. The additional consumers available depend on the truck equipment. The following table shows the conditions that cause additional consumers to be switched off. Only one of the conditions listed must be met.

Additional consumers	Condition			
	Seat switch not actuated	Truck stopped	Truck is in motion	
Front working spotlights	X	Х	Backwards > 3 km/h	
Rear working spotlights	Х	Х	Forwards	
Top double working spotlight	Х	Х	> 3 km/h	
Headlights	X	X	-	
Front wiper	X	Х	Backwards > 3 km/h	
Rear wiper	Х	Х	Forwards	
Seat heater	Х	-	-	
Cab heating	Х	-	-	



On the version with StVZO (German Road Traffic Licensing Regulations) equipment, the Blue-Q efficiency mode does not switch off the lighting devices headlights and working spotlights, side lights, rear lights and license plate lamps.

Switching efficiency mode Blue-Q on and off



The Blue-Q efficiency mode can be switched on and off in the STANDARD and FI-XED-FLEX operating modes. If the FI-XED operating mode is configured in the display-operating unit, the Blue-Q button is disabled and the Blue-Q efficiency mode is switched on permanently. For information on



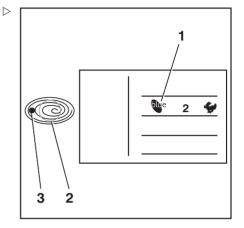
configuring the Blue-Q operating modes, see the "Configuring Blue-Q efficiency mode" section.

 Press the Blue-Q button (2) to switch on Blue-Q.

The Blue-Q symbol (1) is displayed. The LED (3) illuminates in blue. Blue-Q efficiency mode is switched on.

To switch it off, press the Blue-Q button (2) again.

The Blue-Q symbol (1) and the LEDs (3) go out. Blue-Q efficiency mode is switched off.





Driving

Safety regulations when driving

Driving conduct

The driver must follow the public rules of the road when driving in company traffic.

The speed must be appropriate to the local conditions.

For example, the driver must drive slowly around corners, in tight passageways, when driving through swing-doors, at blind spots, or on uneven surfaces.

The driver must always maintain a safe braking distance from vehicles and persons in front, and must always have the truck under control. Stopping suddenly, turning quickly and overtaking at dangerous or blind spots must be avoided.

 Initial driving practice must be carried out in an empty space or on a clear roadway.

The following are forbidden during driving:

- Allowing arms and legs to hang outside the truck
- Leaning the body over the outer contour of the truck
- · Climbing out of the truck
- · Moving the driver's seat
- · Adjusting the steering column
- · Releasing the seat belt
- · Disabling the restraint system
- Raising the load higher than 300 mm above the ground (with the exception of manoeuvring processes during the placement into stock/removal from stock of loads)
- Using electronic devices, for example radios, mobile phones etc.



WARNING

The use of multimedia and communication equipment as well as playing these devices at an excessive volume during travel or when handling loads can affect the operator's attention. There is a risk of accident!

- Do not use devices during travel or when handling loads.
- Set the volume so that warning signals can still be heard.

WARNING

In areas where use of mobile phones is prohibited, use of a mobile phone or radio telephone is not permitted.

Switch off the devices.

Visibility when driving

The driver must look in the drive direction and have a sufficient view of the driving lane.

Particularly for reverse travel, the driver must be sure that the driving lane is clear.

When transporting goods that impair visibility, the driver must drive the truck in reverse.

If this is not possible, a second person acting as a guide must walk in front of the truck.

In this case the driver must only move at walking pace and with extra care. The truck must be stopped immediately if eye contact with the guide is lost.

Rear-view mirrors are only to be used for observing the road area behind the truck and not for reverse travel. If visual aids (mirror, monitor) are necessary to achieve sufficient visibility, it is necessary to practise using them. For reverse travel using visual aids, extra care should be taken.

When using attachments, special conditions apply; see the chapter entitled "Fitting attachments"

Any glass (variant, e.g. windscreen) and mirrors must always be clean and free of ice.



Roadways

Dimensions of roadways and aisle widths

The following dimensions and aisle width requirements apply under the specified conditions to ensure safe manoeuvring. In individual cases, a check must be performed to determine whether a larger aisle width is necessary, e.g. in the case of deviating load dimensions, attachments or lift masts.

Within the EU, Directive 89/654/EEC (minimum safety and health requirements for the workplace) must be observed. The respective national guidelines apply for areas outside of the EU.

The required aisle widths depend on the dimensions of the load.

For pallets, these are:

		Aisle wi	dth [mm]
Model	Туре	With pallet 1000x1200 crosswise	With pallet 800x1200 lengthwise
RX70-20/600	7381	3967	4167
RX70-25	7382	3967	4167
RX70-25/600	7389	3967	4167
RX70-30	7383	4062	4262
RX70-30/600	7390	4062	4262
RX70-35	7384	4152	4352

The truck must be used only on roadways that do not have excessively sharp bends, excessively steep gradients or excessively narrow or low entrances.



Driving on ascending and descending gradients

A CAUTION

It is not permitted to drive on long ascending and descending gradients greater than 15% due to the specified minimum braking and stability values.

The climbing capability values given below only apply to overcoming obstacles on the roadway and to short differences in level, e.g. ramps.

 Consult the authorised service centre before driving on long ascending and descending gradients greater than 15%.

The truck may be driven on the following ascending and descending gradients:

Model Type		Maximum gradient [%]		
		With load	Without load	
RX70-20/600	7381	29	26	
RX70-25	7382	29	26	
RX70-25/600	7389	29	26	
RX70-30	7383	23	24	
RX70-30/600	7390	23	24	
RX70-35	7384	21	20	

The ascending and descending gradients must not exceed the gradients listed above and must have a rough surface.

The top and bottom of the gradient must feature smooth and gradual transitions to prevent the load from falling to the ground or the truck being damaged.

Warning in the event that components project beyond the truck contour

Trucks are often required to drive through very narrow or very low spaces such as aisles or containers. The dimensions of the trucks are designed for this purpose. However, movable parts may project beyond the truck contour



and be damaged or torn off. Examples of such components include:

- · A folding roof panel in the driver's cab
- · Cab doors
- · LPG cylinders that can be swung out

Condition of the roadways

Roadways must be sufficiently firm, level and free from contamination and fallen objects.

Drainage channels, level crossings and similar obstacles must be evened out and, if necessary, ramps must be provided so that trucks can drive over these obstacles with as few bumps as possible.

Note the load capacity of manhole covers, drain covers etc.

There must be sufficient distance between the highest points of the truck or the load and the fixed elements of the surrounding area. The height is based on the overall height of the lift mast and the dimensions of the load; see the chapter entitled "Technical data".

Rules for roadways and the working area

It is only permitted to drive on routes authorised for traffic by the operating company or its representatives. Traffic routes must be free from obstacles. The load may be set down and stored only in the designated locations. The operating company and its representatives must ensure that unauthorised third parties do not enter the working area.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible person: "operating company".

Hazard areas

Hazard areas on roadways must be marked by standard traffic signs or, if necessary, by additional warning signs.



Setting the drive programme

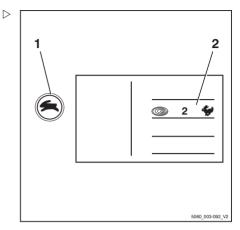
The driving and braking characteristics of the drive can be set on the display-operating unit.

 Push the drive programme button (1) repeatedly until the number of the required drive programme appears on the drive programme display (2).

Drive programmes 1-5 are available.

Essentially, the higher the number of the drive programme, the greater the driving dynamics.

The following drive programmes are available:



Drive programme	1	2	3	4	5
Speed (km/h)	22	22	22	22	22
Acceleration (%) (forwards/backwards)	50	100	120	140	160
Deceleration (%) (forwards/backwards)	50	100	120	140	160
Reversing (%) (forwards/backwards)	50	100	120	140	160
Brake retardation (%) (electric brake booster)	80	90	100	100	100

Selecting the drive direction

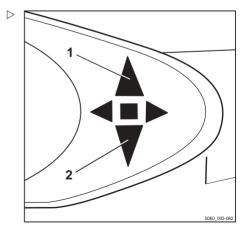
The desired drive direction of the truck must be selected using the drive direction switch before attempting to drive. The method of actuating the drive direction switch depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment.

Possible equipment variants include:

- · Mini-lever
- Joystick 4Plus
- · Fingertip switch
- · Mini-console



The drive direction can also be changed during travel. Your foot can remain on the accelerator pedal while doing so. The truck is





then decelerated and accelerated again in the opposite direction (reversing).

The indicator for the selected drive direction ("forwards" (1) or "reverse" (2)) lights up on the display and operating unit.

Neutral position

If the truck is stopped for an extended period, select the neutral position to prevent the truck from suddenly starting if the accelerator pedal is inadvertently pressed.

- Briefly select the drive direction switch for the direction opposite to the current direction.

The drive direction indicator on the display and operating unit goes out.

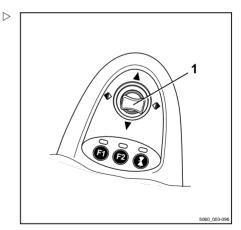


🚺 NOTE

When the seat is vacated, the drive direction switch is set to "Neutral". To drive, the drive direction switch must be actuated again.

Actuating the drive direction switch, mini-lever version

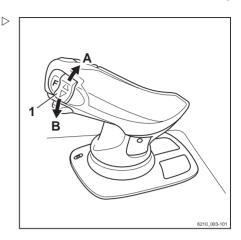
- For the "forwards" drive direction, push the cross lever (1) forwards
- For the "backwards" drive direction, push the cross lever backwards





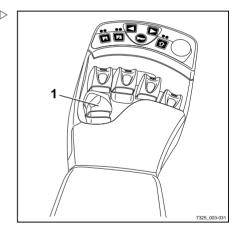
Actuating the vertical rocker switch for the "drive direction", joy-stick 4Plus version

- For the "forwards" drive direction, push the vertical rocker button for the "drive direction"(1) upwards (A).
- For the "reverse" drive direction, push the vertical rocker button for the "drive direction"(1) downwards (B).



Actuating the drive direction switch, fingertip version

- For the "forwards" drive direction, push the drive direction switch (1) forwards
- For the "backwards" drive direction, push the drive direction switch backwards



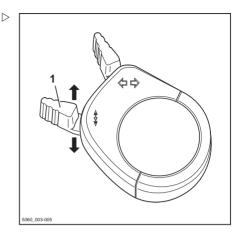


Actuating the drive direction switch, mini-console version

- For the "forwards" drive direction, push the drive direction switch (1) forwards.
- For the "backwards" drive direction, push the drive direction switch to the rear.



Alternatively, the drive direction can also be selected using the drive direction switches on the operating devices.



Starting to drive

A DANGER

Being trapped under a rolling or tipping truck could cause fatal injuries.

- Sit down on the driver's seat.
- Fasten the seat belt.
- Activate the available restraint systems.

Observe the information in the chapter entitled Safety regulations when driving.

The driver's seat is equipped with a seat switch. This checks whether the driver's seat is occupied. If it is not occupied or in the case of malfunction of the seat switch, the truck cannot be moved and all lifting functions are locked. In this situation, the message SEAT SWITCH appears in the operating unit display.

- Lift the fork carriage until the necessary ground clearance is achieved.
- Tilt the lift mast backwards.
- Release the parking brake.
- Select the desired drive direction.

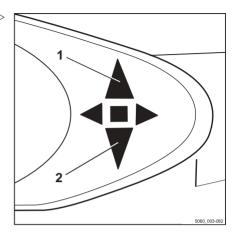


Drivino

The indicator for the selected drive direction ("forwards" (1) or "backwards" (2)) lights up on the display and operating unit.



Depending on the equipment, an acoustic signal (variant) may sound a warning during reverse travel, the warning light (variant) may light up or the hazard warning system (variant) may flash.



- Press the accelerator pedal (3).

The truck will travel in the selected drive direction. The speed is controlled by the accelerator pedal position. When the accelerator pedal is released, the truck decelerates.



The truck can briefly be stopped on upward or downward gradients without actuating the parking brake (electric brake). The truck begins to creep downhill slowly.

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to brake failure!

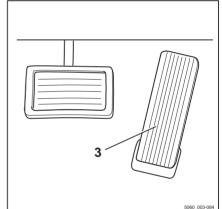
The electric brake only functions while the key switch is switched on, the emergency off switch (variant) has not been actuated and the parking brake is released.

- Use the brake pedal if the electrical brake malfunctions
- Do not leave the truck without actuating the parking brake!

Changing the drive direction

- Remove foot from accelerator pedal.
- Select the desired drive direction.
- Press the accelerator pedal.

The truck will travel in the selected drive direction.







NOTE

The drive direction can also be changed during travel. Your foot can remain on the accelerator pedal. The truck decelerates and is then accelerated again in the opposite direction (reversing).



i NOTE

In the event of an electrical fault with the accelerator the drive unit is shut down. The electrical brake (service brake) causes the truck to decelerate. The truck cannot be driven again until the accelerator pedal has been released and then actuated again, provided the electrical fault has been corrected. If the truck still won't operate, park it securely and contact your service centre.

Starting drive mode, dual-pedal version (variant)

A DANGER

Being trapped under a rolling or tipping truck could cause fatal injuries.

- Sit down on the driver's seat.
- Fasten the seat belt.
- Activate the available restraint systems.

Observe the information in the chapter entitled Safety regulations when driving.

The driver's seat is equipped with a seat switch. This checks whether the driver's seat is occupied. If it is not occupied or in the case of malfunction of the seat switch, the truck cannot be moved and all lifting functions are locked. In this situation, the message SEAT SWITCH appears in the operating unit display.

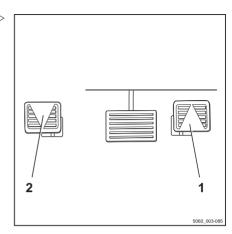
- Lift the fork carriage until the necessary ground clearance is achieved.
- Tilt the lift mast backwards.
- Release the parking brake.



 Press the right accelerator pedal (1) to drive ▷ "forwards" and press the left accelerator pedal (2) to drive "backwards".



In the dual pedal version, any drive direction switches on the operating devices have no effect.



The indicator for the selected drive direction ("forwards" (3) or "backwards" (4)) lights up on the display and operating unit.

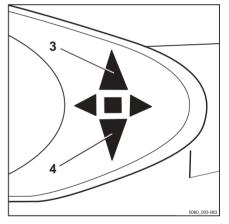


Depending on the equipment, an acoustic signal (variant) may sound a warning during reverse travel, the warning light (variant) may light up or the hazard warning system (variant) may flash.

The truck will travel in the selected drive direction. The speed is controlled by the accelerator pedal position. When the accelerator pedal is released, the truck decelerates.



The truck can briefly be stopped on upward or downward gradients without actuating the parking brake (electric brake). The truck begins to creep downhill slowly.





A DANGER

Risk of accident!

The electric brake only functions while the key switch is switched on, the emergency off switch (variant) has not been actuated and the parking brake is released.

- Use the brake pedal if the electric brake malfunctions
- Do not leave the truck without actuating the parking brake!

Changing the drive direction

- Remove foot from actuated accelerator pedal.
- Actuate the accelerator pedal for the other direction.

The truck will travel in the selected drive direction.



In the event of an electrical fault with the accelerator the drive unit is shut down. The electrical brake (service brake) causes the truck to decelerate. The truck cannot be driven again until the accelerator pedal has been released and then actuated again, provided the electrical fault has been corrected. If the truck still won't operate, park it securely and contact your service centre.



Operating the service brake

The electric brake converts the acceleration energy of the truck into electrical energy. This causes the truck to decelerate.

In addition, the truck can be braked using the service brake:

- Press the brake pedal (2).

In the first section of the brake pedal's travel, only the regenerative braking takes effect. As the pedal is depressed further, the service brake is also activated and acts on the drive wheels

A DANGER

Risk of accident!

If the service brake fails, the truck cannot brake sufficiently.

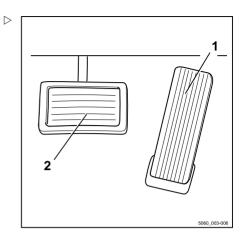
- Bring the truck to a standstill by applying the parking brake.
- Do not operate the truck again until the service brake has been repaired.

A DANGER

Risk of tipping and risk of slipping!

The braking distance of the truck depends on the weather conditions and the level of contamination on the roadway. The braking distance increases with the square of the speed. There is a danger that the truck could slip or overturn.

- Adapt your driving and braking style to suit the weather conditions and the level of contamination on the roadway.
- Always choose a driving speed that will provide a sufficient stopping distance.
- Brake the truck by releasing the accelerator pedal (1).
- If the braking effect is inadequate, brake using the service brake (2) as well.





Zero braking (variant)

A DANGER

Risk of accident!

Trucks with zero braking (variant) are not braked when the accelerator pedal is released.

 Bring the truck to a standstill by actuating the brake pedal.

If your truck features the zero braking equipment variant, the electric brake function is disabled. Taking your foot off the accelerator pedal does not brake the truck.

In this case, the truck can only be slowed by applying the service brake via the brake pedal.

Parking brake

The truck is equipped with a mechanical parking brake.

Actuating the mechanical parking brake

A DANGER

There is a risk of being run over if the truck rolls away, and therefore a danger to life.

- The truck must not be parked on a slope.
- In emergencies, secure with wedges on the side facing downhill.
- Only leave the truck when the parking brake is applied.

NOTE

Once the parking brake is released, the previously selected drive direction is retained and is shown on the drive direction indicator.



If you operate the accelerator pedal while the parking brake is applied and a drive direction is selected, the message PARKING BRAKE appears in the display.

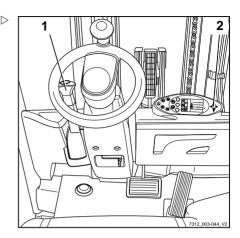


Apply the parking brake

 Pull the parking brake lever (1) down fully and release.

The parking brake lever swivels back half the distance into the middle position automatically.

The parking brake is engaged and the wheels are blocked. Driving is no longer possible. The drive direction indicator (2) on the display and operating unit goes out.

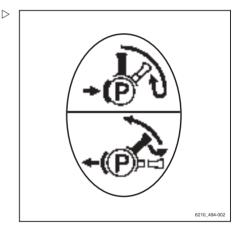


Releasing the parking brake

- Pull the parking brake lever (1) down fully out of the middle position.
- In the lower lever position, pull out the lever knob and then guide the parking brake lever up fully.



The parking brake lever swivels to the upper position automatically by means of spring force and should be guided only lightly by hand. If the adjustment is stiff, notify the authorised service centre.





Steering

A DANGER

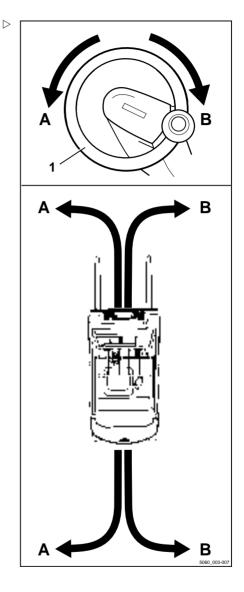
If the hydraulics fail, there is a risk of accident as the steering characteristics have changed.

- Do not operate the truck if it has a defective steering system.
- Steer the truck by turning the steering wheel
 (1) accordingly.

Turning the steering wheel in the direction of arrow (A) steers the truck in drive direction (A).

Turning the steering wheel in the direction of arrow (B) steers the truck in drive direction (B).

For turning radius information, see ⇒ Chapter "Technical data", P. 351.





Driving on ascending and descending gradients

A DANGER

Danger to life!

Driving on ascending and descending gradients carries special dangers!

- Always follow the instructions below.
- On ascending and descending gradients, the load must be carried facing uphill.
- It is only permitted to drive on ascending and descending gradients that are marked as traffic routes and that can be used safely.
- Ensure that the ground to be traversed is clean and provides a good grip.
- Do not turn on ascending and descending gradients.
- Do not drive onto or along ascending and descending gradients at an angle.
- Do not park the truck on ascending or descending gradients.
- In case of emergency, secure the truck with wedges so that the truck does not roll away.
- Reduce the driving speed on descending gradients.

It is not permitted to drive on long ascending and descending gradients greater than 15% due to the specified minimum braking and stability values.

Before driving on ascending and descending gradients greater than 15%, consult the authorised service centre.

The process of placing loads into stock and removing loads from stock while on an ascending or descending gradient is not permitted!

 Always place loads into stock and remove loads from stock on a horizontal plane.

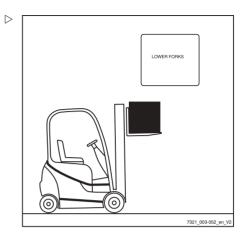




Driving

Reducing speed with a raised load (variant)

This function (variant) reduces the speed of the truck with a raised load.



Automatic shut-off of the internal combustion engine (variant)

The truck is equipped with an automatic shut-off function that shuts off the internal combustion engine when certain conditions apply simultaneously after a preset waiting time has elapsed.

The message ${\tt CUTOUT\ MODE}$ appears in the display.

Conditions that apply simultaneously:

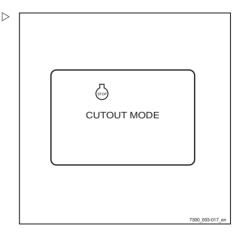
- · The truck is stationary.
- · The parking brake is applied.
- · The driver's seat is not occupied.
- · Particle filter regeneration is not in progress.
- There are no consumers switched on that require a significant amount of energy, such as the air conditioning.

The waiting time only starts when all conditions apply simultaneously. If one of the conditions is no longer fulfilled, the waiting time stops and is restored to the preset value.



The waiting time is set to 120 seconds at the factory, but can be changed at a later date.

Contact the authorised service centre.





Parking

Parking the truck securely and switching it off



A DANGER

Risk of fatal injury from being run over if the truck rolls away!

- The truck must not be parked on a slope.
- In emergencies, secure the truck using wedges on the side facing downhill.
- Only leave the truck when the parking brake has been applied.



▲ DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from a falling load or parts of the truck being lowered!

- Lower the load fully before leaving the truck.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Lower the fork carriage to the ground.
- Tilt the lift mast forwards until the tips of the fork arms rest on the ground.
- If attachments (variant) are fitted, retract the working cylinders; see the chapter entitled "General instructions for controlling attachments".
- Take your foot off the accelerator pedal and allow the engine to continue idling for a short while.
- Turn the switch key to the left and remove it.



Switch keys, FleetManager cards (variant), FleetManager transponder chips (variant) and the PIN code for access authorisation (variant) must not be handed over to other persons unless explicit instructions to this effect have been given.



Parking

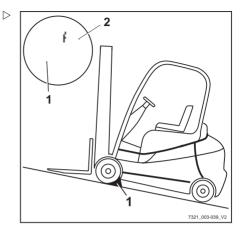
Wheel chock (variant)

The wheel chock (variant) is used to prevent the truck from rolling away on a slope.

- Lift handle (2) on the support mounting.
- Remove wheel chock (1) from the support mounting.
- Push the wheel chock under a front axle wheel on the side facing the downhill slope.



After use, return the wheel chock to the support mounting and press the handle (2) down again.





Lifting

Lifting system variants

The movement of the fork carriage and the lift mast heavily depends on the following equipment:

- The lift mast with which the truck is equipped, see ⇒ Chapter "Types of lift mast", P. 4-142
- The operating device with which the hydraulic functions are controlled, see
 ⇒ Chapter "Lifting system operating devices". P. 4-146

Regardless of the equipment variants of the truck, the basic specifications and procedures must be complied with, see \Rightarrow Chapter "Safety regulations when handing loads". P. 4-159.

Automatic lift cut out (variant)

Description:

The automatic lift cut out (variant) means that the load cannot be lifted above a preset height. This function uses a sensor that is welded on at the factory at the required lift mast limit height. Once attached, the height cannot be easily changed.

Application:

- If the ceiling of the building is lower than the maximum lift height of the truck, this variant can prevent the lift mast from accidentally hitting the ceiling, which can result in damage.
- If the truck is frequently used at a particular height, the work is simplified by the automatic lift cut out at this height.



If a load is lifted very quickly, the fork carriage and load are moved approximately 15 cm above the position of the sensor due to inertia. This deviation is already taken into consideration at the factory when determining the position of the sensor.



Overriding and reactivating the automatic lift cut out

If a load needs to be lifted to the truck's maximum lift height and the automatic lift cut out function is not required, it is possible to override the lift cut out. It is automatically reactivated when the truck is switched off and back on again.

To override the automatic lift cut out:

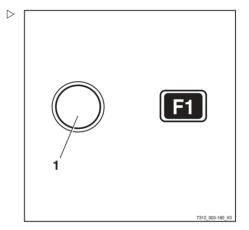
- Press Softkey F1 (1).

Automatic lift cut out is switched off.
The F1 symbol is displayed. Loads can be lifted to the maximum lift height for the truck.

To switch the automatic lift cut out back on:

- Press Softkey F1 (1).

Automatic lift cut out is switched on.
The symbol is displayed. Loads can be lifted only to the set lift height for the truck.



Lift mast vertical position (variant)

Description

If the truck is equipped with the "automatic mast vertical positioning" comfort feature (variant), the driver can lower goods, such as paper rolls, vertically with precision and therefore avoid damage when unloading. The tilt cylinders run into the end stops gently to prevent hard vibrations and impacts. Oscillating motions of the truck are minimised, thus increasing work safety. The automatic mast vertical positioning reduces wear on various components and therefore reduces repair costs.



A CAUTION

Risk of damage to property due to the lift mast colliding with racks or other objects!

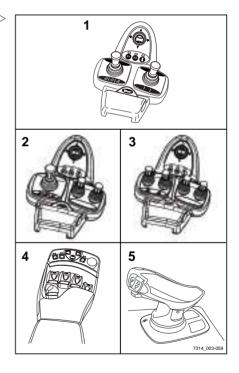
 Before using the "lift mast vertical position" comfort feature, position the truck at a sufficient distance from racks and other objects.

The "lift mast vertical position" comfort feature consists of the following individual functions:

- · Display of the "lift mast vertical position"
- Automatic movement into the "automatic mast vertical position"
- · End stops are approached gently

The "lift mast vertical position" comfort feature is only available as a variant if the truck is equipped with one of the following operating devices:

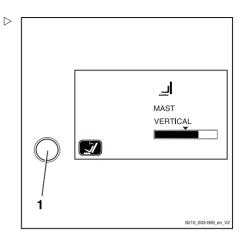
- Double mini-lever (1)
- Triple mini-lever (2)
- Quadruple mini-lever (3)
- Fingertip (4)
- · Joystick 4Plus (5)





Display of the "lift mast vertical position"

The driver can see the mast tilt on the display and operating unit screen. The bar in the display shows the current mast tilt relative to the "lift mast vertical position". The arrow above the bar marks the vertical position of the lift mast



Automatic approach towards the "lift mast vertical position"

- Press Softkey (1).

The "automatic mast vertical positioning" comfort feature is switched on. The (2) symbol is displayed.

Tilt the lift mast forwards

The lift mast stops automatically as soon as the preselected setting for "automatic mast vertical positioning" is reached.

If the comfort feature is switched off, the lift mast tilts forwards past the "automatic mast vertical positioning" without stopping.

If the lift mast is tilted backwards, it moves past the "lift mast vertical position" without stopping, regardless of whether the comfort feature is switched on or not.

Gentle running-in to the end stops

The lift mast is braked gently at the end of the tilt range. This prevents the lift mast from stopping harshly in the end position and reduces severe oscillating motions of the truck.





Tilting the lift mast forwards with the "lift mast vertical position"

Press Softkey (೨)(1).

The "automatic mast vertical positioning" comfort feature is switched on. The (2) symbol is displayed.

Tilt the lift mast forwards



The way in which the lifting system is operated depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment; see the chapter entitled "Lifting system operating devices".

The lift mast is tilted forwards and stops as soon as the vertical position is reached. The arrow above the bar shown on the screen of the display and operating unit represents the "lift mast vertical position".

Tilting the lift mast forwards beyond the vertical position:

 Release the operating device to tilt and actuate again.

The lift mast is tilted beyond the vertical position up to the end stop. The current mast tilt is shown in the display and operating unit.

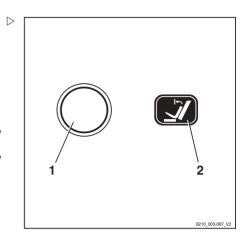
 To switch off the "automatic mast vertical positioning", press Softkey (1).

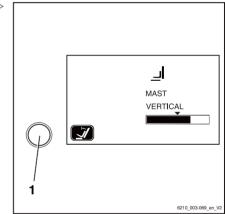
The "automatic mast vertical positioning" comfort feature is switched off. The symbol is displayed.

Tilting the lift mast backwards with the "lift mast vertical position"

- Tilt the lift mast backwards.

The lift mast is tilted backwards without stopping in the vertical position.







Possible restrictions on the "lift mast vertical position"

In some circumstances, the lift mast cannot move exactly into the preset vertical position. Possible causes include:

- · Uneven ground
- · Bent fork
- · Bent attachment
- · Worn tyres
- · Severely deformed lift mast

The vertical position can be corrected by tilting the lift mast using the relevant operating device. If the vertical position has to be corrected frequently, the "lift mast vertical position" should be calibrated.

Calibrating the "lift mast vertical position" >

- Set the lift mast to the required position.
- Press and hold down Softkey (1) for at least five seconds.

The message? VERTICAL POSITION appears on the display.

Storing the mast position:

 Press the Drive programme selection button (3) to confirm √.

The current mast position is stored.

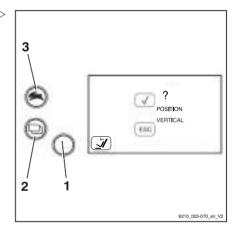
Cancelling calibration:

Press the Menu change button (2) to cancel the input (ESC)

The calibration is cancelled.

Types of lift mast

One of the following lift masts may be installed in the truck:





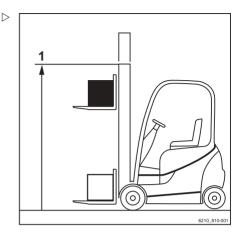
Telescopic mast

During lifting, the lift mast rises over the outer lift cylinders, bringing the fork carriage with it via the chains (fork carriage rises twice as fast as the inner lift mast). The top edge (1) of the inner lift mast can therefore be higher than the fork carriage.

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to collision of the lift mast or load with low ceilings or entrances.

- Note that the inner lift mast or load may be higher than the fork carriage.
- Note the heights of ceilings and entrances.



Hi-Lo lift mast (variant)

During lifting, the inner lift cylinder moves up to free lift (3), and then the outer lift cylinders raise the inner lift mast up to the max. height (2).



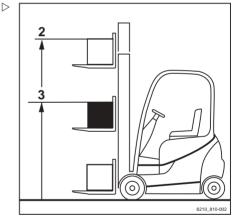
NOTE

When lifting above the free lift, the fork carriage always remains at the upper edge of the extending lift mast.

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to collision of the lift mast or load with low ceilings or entrances.

- Note that the inner lift mast or load may be higher than the fork carriage.
- Note the heights of ceilings and entrances.





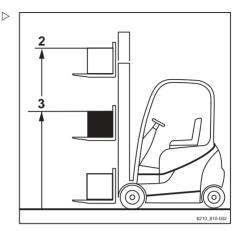
Triplex lift mast (variant)

During lifting, the inner lift cylinder moves up to free lift (3), and then the outer lift cylinders raise the inner lift mast up to the max. height (2).

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to collision of the lift mast or load with low ceilings or entrances.

- Note that the inner lift mast or load may be higher than the fork carriage.
- Note the heights of ceilings and entrances.



Malfunctions during lifting mode Incorrect extension sequence

▲ DANGER

Risk of accidents!

In the case of Hi-Lo lift masts (variant) and triplex lift masts (variant), an incorrect extension sequence may occur, i.e. the inner lift mast may extend before the free lift is complete. As a result, the overall height is exceeded and damage may occur in passageways or from low ceilings.

An incorrect extension sequence may, for instance, result from:

- The hydraulic oil temperature being too low.
- Blocking of the fork carriage in the inner lift mast.
- · Blocking of the free lift cylinder.
- Blocking of the chain roller on the free lift cylinder.
- If the hydraulic oil temperature is too low, slowly actuate the lift mast functions several times in order to raise the oil temperature.

In the event that the fork carriage is blocked in the inner lift mast, or the free lift cylinder or chain roller are blocked, the cause of the blockage must be eliminated before resuming work.

Notify your service centre



Load chains not under tension

A DANGER

Danger caused by a falling load!

 Make sure that the chain(s) does (do) not become slack when lowering the load.

Slack chains can, for instance, result from:

- Resting the fork carriage or the load on the racking.
- Fork carriage rollers blocking in the lift mast due to contamination.
- If the fork carriage or the load comes to an unexpected stop, lift the fork carriage until the chains are under tension again and lower the load at another suitable location.
- If the fork carriage rollers in the lift mast become blocked due to contamination, lift the fork carriage until the chains are under tension again. Remove the contamination before resuming work.

▲ WARNING

Risk of injury!

 Observe the safety regulations for working on the lift mast, see the chapter entitled "Working at the front of the truck".

Hydraulic blocking function

The hydraulic blocking function ensures that all the functions of the working hydraulics are disabled whenever the seat switch in the driver's seat is unloaded.

If the driver stands up from the driver's seat, the blocking function prevents the hydraulic functions that:

- · Lift the load
- · Lower the load
- · Tilt the lift mast
- · Additional functions

Releasing the block on the hydraulics

Proceed as follows to release the block on the hydraulics:



Sit down on the driver's seat

All the relevant functions of the working hydraulics will be available again.



If it is not possible to release the block on the hydraulics when the load is raised because of a technical fault, the load must be lowered using the "emergency lowering" mechanism before any further action is taken. Do not operate the truck again until the fault has been rectified by the authorised service centre.

Lifting system operating devices

The method of operating the lifting system depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment.

Possible equipment variants include:

- Double mini-lever
- Triple mini-lever
- · Quadruple mini-lever
- Joystick 4Plus
- · Fingertip switch
- The following information must be observed regardless of the equipment variant:

A DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling loads.
- Only operate the lifting system from the driver's seat.



Controlling the lifting system using a bloom double mini-lever

A DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling loads
- Operate the lifting system from the driver's seat only.

Lifting/lowering the fork carriage

To lift the fork carriage:

 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (B).

To lower the fork carriage:

 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (A).

Tilting the lift mast

To tilt the lift mast forwards:

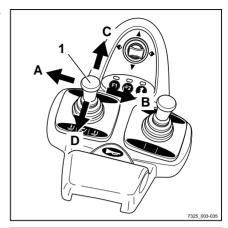
 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (C).

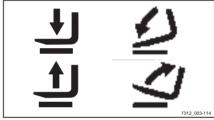
To tilt the lift mast backwards:

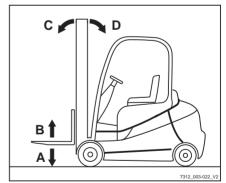
 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (D).



The symbols on the 360° lever show the direction of movement of the lift mast and the fork carriage when the 360° lever is moved.









Controlling the lifting system using a triple mini-lever

A DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling loads.
- Operate the lifting system from the driver's seat only.

Lifting/lowering the fork carriage

To lift the fork carriage:

 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (B)

To lower the fork carriage:

 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (A)

Tilting the lift mast

To tilt the lift mast forwards:

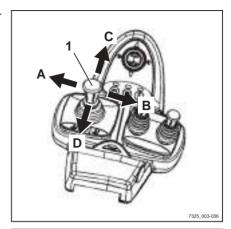
 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (C)

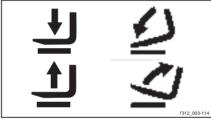
To tilt the lift mast backwards:

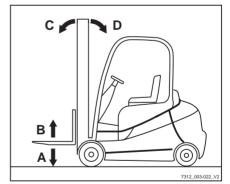
 Move the "lift mast" 360° lever (1) in the direction of arrow (D)



The symbols on the 360° lever show the direction of movement of the lift mast and the fork carriage when the 360° lever is moved.









Controlling the lifting system using a quadruple mini-lever

A DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling loads
- Operate the lifting system from the driver's seat only.

Tilting the lift mast

To tilt the lift mast forwards:

 Move the "lift mast" operating lever (1) in the direction of arrow (A).

To tilt the lift mast backwards:

 Move the "lift mast" operating lever (1) in the direction of arrow (B).

Lifting/lowering the fork carriage

To lift the fork carriage:

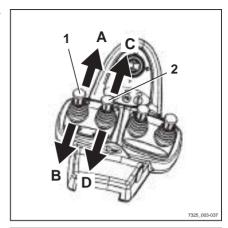
 Move the "lift-lower" operating lever (2) in the direction of arrow (D).

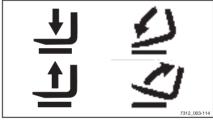
To lower the fork carriage:

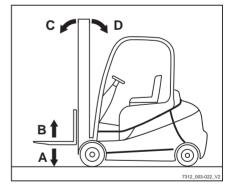
 Move the "lift-lower" operating lever (2) in the direction of arrow (C).



The symbols on the operating levers show the direction of movement of the lift mast or fork carriage when the operating lever is moved.









Controlling the lifting system using the joystick 4Plus

A DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling loads
- Only operate the lifting system from the driver's seat.

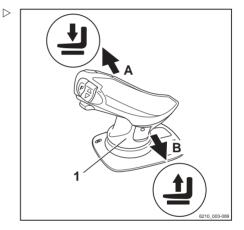
Lifting/lowering the fork carriage

To lift the fork carriage:

- Pull the joystick 4Plus (1) backwards (B).

To lower the fork carriage:

- Push the joystick 4Plus (1) forwards (A).





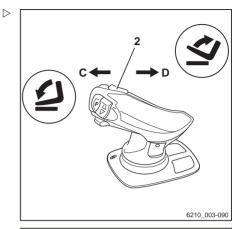
Tilting the lift mast

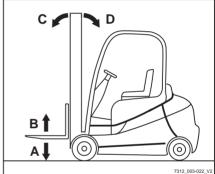
To tilt the lift mast forwards:

 Tilt the horizontal rocker button (2) to the left (C).

To tilt the lift mast backwards:

 Tilt the horizontal rocker button (2) to the right (D).





Fork-carriage sideshift

To move the fork carriage to the left.

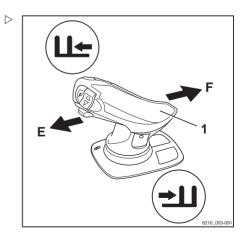
- Push the joystick 4Plus (1) to the left (E).

To move the fork carriage to the right:

- Push the joystick 4Plus (1) to the right (F).



The symbols on the joystick 4Plus indicate the direction of movement of the lift mast or the fork carriage.





Controlling the lifting system using the fingertip

DANGER

Reaching into or climbing between moving parts of the truck (e.g. lift mast, sideshifts, working equipment, load carrying devices etc.) can lead to serious injury or death and is therefore prohibited.

- Observe the safety regulations for handling
- Operate the lifting system from the driver's seat

Lifting/lowering the fork carriage

To lift the fork carriage:

- Pull the "lift/lower" operating lever (1) backwards.

To lower the fork carriage:

- Push the "lift/lower" operating lever (1) forwards.

Tilting the lift mast

To tilt the lift mast forwards:

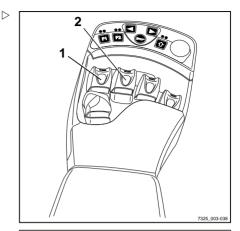
- Push the "tilt" operating lever (2) forwards.

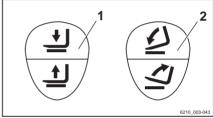
To tilt the lift mast backwards:

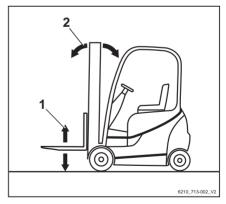
- Pull the "tilt" operating lever (2) backwards.



The symbols on the operating levers show the direction of movement of the lift mast or fork carriage when the operating lever is moved.









Changing the fork arms

A DANGER

Risk of fatal injury from being run over if the truck rolls away!

- Do not park the truck on a gradient.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Change the fork arms in a separate, safe location on a level surface.

▲ WARNING

There is a risk of injury when changing the fork arms; the weight of the fork arms could cause them to fall on your legs, feet or knees. The space to the left and right of the fork is a danger area.

- Always wear protective gloves and safety footwear when changing the fork arms.
- Ensure that no one stands in the danger area!
- Do not pull on the fork arms.
- The fork arms must always be carried by two people; if necessary, use a hoist.

i NOTE

- For installation and removal, a transport pallet is recommended for supporting the fork arms. The pallet size depends on the fork arm size used and should be dimensioned such that the fork arms do not protrude after being placed on the pallet. This means the fork arms can be safely placed down and transported.
- Both fork arms can be pushed over to the same side. It is possible to choose the side via which the forks are removed



Removal

- Select a pallet corresponding to the fork arm size.
- Set down the pallet next to the fork carriage on the side chosen for removal.
- Lift the fork carriage until the fork arms are approx. 3 cm above the pallet.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Remove the switch key.
- Unscrew the locking screw (2) on the side chosen for removal.
- Pull up the locking lever (1) and push the fork arms onto the pallet one after the other.

Installation

- Make sure that the locking screw is unscrewed on the side chosen for installation.
- Place the fork arms on a pallet next to the fork carriage on the side chosen for installation
- Pull up the locking lever (1) and push the fork arms onto the fork carriage one after the other
- Place the fork arms in the required position and push down the locking lever. Ensure that the locking lever snaps into place.
- Screw in and tighten the locking screw (2).

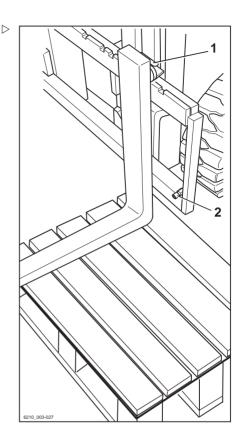
A DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from a falling load or fork!

- Tighten the locking screw each time a fork is changed.
- Driving and moving loads without the locking screw is prohibited.



If the truck is equipped with the "load measurement" comfort feature, a "zero adjustment of the load measurement" must always be performed after the fork arms have been chan-



ged. Otherwise, correct load measurement cannot be guaranteed.

Fork extension (variant)

A DANGER

There is a risk of being run over if the truck rolls away and therefore a danger to life.

- Do not park the truck on a slope.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Change the fork extension in a separate, safe location on a level surface.

▲ WARNING

There is a risk of crushing!

The weight of the fork extension can cause crushing or cuts on sharp edges or burrs.

Always wear protective gloves and safety footwear.

WARNING

There is a risk of tipping!

The weight and dimensions of the fork extension affect the stability of the truck. The permissible weights stated on the capacity rating plate must be reduced in proportion to the actual load distance.

The truck is equipped with a fork extension ex works, the capacity rating plate is already adjusted accordingly.

 Observe load capacity, see the "Before picking up a load" chapter.

i NOTE

If the truck is equipped with the "load measurement" comfort feature, a "zero adjustment of the load measurement" must always be performed after the fork extensions have been changed. Otherwise, correct load measurement cannot be guaranteed.



Attachment

A DANGER

Risk to life from falling load!

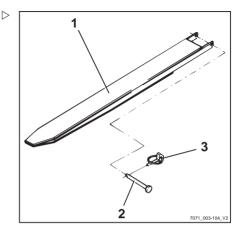
At least 60% of the length of the fork extension must lie on the fork arm. A maximum 40% overhang over the fork arm end is permissible. The fork extension must also be secured against slipping from the fork arm

If the fork extension (1) is not secured with a securing bolt (2) and linch pin (3), the load with the fork extension may fall.

- Push the fork extension completely to the back of the fork.
- Make sure that 60% of the length of the fork extension is on the fork arm.
- Always secure the fork extension with a securing bolt.
- Always secure the securing bolt with a linch pin.
- Remove the linch pin (3) from the securing bolt (2).
- Remove the securing bolt from the fork extension (1).
- Push the fork extension onto the fork arms until it is flush with the fork back.
- Insert the securing bolts located behind the fork back fully into the fork extension.
- Insert the linch pin into the securing bolt and secure.

Removal

- Remove the linch pin (3) from the securing bolt (2).
- Remove the securing bolt from the fork extension (1).
- Pull the fork extension from the fork arms.
- Insert the securing bolt fully into the fork extension.
- Insert the linch pin into the securing bolt and secure.





Operation with reversible fork arms (variant)

A DANGER

Risk to life from falling load!

Standard fork arms are not structurally designed for reverse operation. If this instruction is not observed, it can lead to material failure and the load falling.

Only work in reverse operation using reversible fork arms (1)

WARNING

Risk of accident from slipping load!

Loads may slip on the reversible fork arms if there is no load support. A fork extension (variant) cannot be secured against slipping.

- Do not use a fork extension (variant)

WARNING

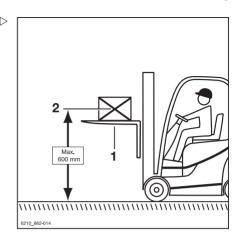
Risk of accident from the truck tipping over.

When driving, the centre of gravity of the load (2) must not be higher than 600 mm above the ground. The truck may tip forwards when driving or braking.

 Only drive with a load centre of gravity up to a max. of 600 mm above the ground



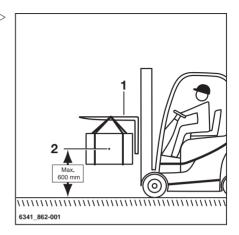
If the truck is equipped with the "load measurement" comfort feature, a "zero adjustment of the load measurement" must always be performed after the reversible fork arms have been changed. Otherwise, correct load measurement cannot be guaranteed.





Reversible fork arms (1) can be used to reach an additional lift height. The reversible fork arms are installed on the fork carriage in the same manner as standard fork arms. Loads may be lifted on and beneath the reversible fork arms. The mast is lifted and tilted in the same manner.

- Only work in reverse operation using reversible fork arms
- Do not use a fork extension (variant)
- If the "load measurement" comfort feature is available, perform a "zero adjustment of the load measurement"
- To drive, raise the load centre of gravity (2) to a max. of 600 mm above the ground
- Observe the information in the section entitled "Transporting suspended loads"





Handling loads

Safety regulations when handing loads

The safety regulations for handling loads are shown in the following sections.

A DANGER

There is a risk to life caused by falling loads or if parts of the truck are being lowered.

- Never walk or stand underneath suspended loads or raised fork arms.
- Never exceed the maximum load indicated on the capacity rating plate. Otherwise stability cannot be guaranteed!

A DANGER

Risk of accident from falling or crushing!

- Do not step onto the forks.
- Do not lift people.
- Never grab or climb on moving parts of the truck.

A DANGER

Risk of accident from a falling load!

- When transporting small items, attach a load safety guard (variant) to prevent the load from falling on the driver.
- Use a closed roof covering (variant) in addition.





Handling loads

Before taking up load

Load capacity

The load capacity indicated for the truck on the capacity rating plate may not be exceeded. The load capacity is influenced by the load centre of gravity and the lift height as well as by the tyres, if applicable.

The position of the capacity rating plate can be found in the chapter entitled "Identification points".

▲ WARNING

The figures show examples.

Only the capacity rating plates on the truck are valid!

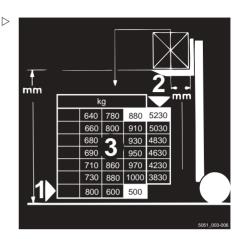
The attachment of additional weights to increase load capacity is prohibited.

A DANGER

Risk to life from the truck losing stability!

Never exceed the maximum loads shown! These values apply to compact and homogenous loads. Otherwise, the stability as well as the rigidity of the fork arms and lift mast cannot be guaranteed.

Improper or incorrect operation or the placement of persons to increase load capacity is prohibited.





Example

Weight of load to be lifted: 880 kg (3)

Load distance from fork back: 500 mm (1)

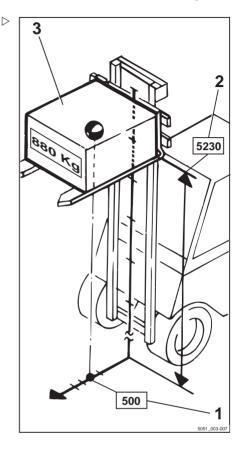
Permitted lift height: 5230 mm (2)

▲ WARNING

Risk of accident from the truck losing stability!

The permissible load of the attachments (variant) and the reduced lifting capacity of the combination of truck and attachment must not be exceeded.

Observe the special capacity rating plate information shown on the truck and the attachment.



Load measurement (variant)

Description

Knowing the weight of the load to be transported gives the driver greater security. If the truck is equipped with the "load measurement" (variant) comfort feature, the weight of the lifted load can be measured and shown in the display and operating unit.

Load measurement is possible only when the truck is at a standstill. Before performing a load measurement, the load must be raised to a height of 300-800 mm above the ground.



Handling loads

The load measurement has an accuracy of +/-3% of the rated capacity of the truck.



In order to ensure accuracy at all times, a zero adjustment of the load measurement must be carried out. Zero adjustment is required.

- · as part of daily commissioning
- after changing the fork arms
- · after fitting or changing attachments.

Performing the load measurement

A DANGER

Risk of accident from a falling load!

The load may fall if the load centre of gravity has not been taken into account or the load has not been picked up securely.

 Pick up the load securely; see the chapter entitled "Picking up loads".

A CAUTION

If the weight determined by a load measurement exceeds the permissible residual load capacity of the truck, the truck cannot be operated safely.

- Set down and reduce load immediately.
- If necessary, use another truck with sufficient load-bearing capacity.



Accurate load measurement is only possible under the following conditions:

- The hydraulic oil is at normal operating temperature
- The load is at rest at the beginning of the load measurement
- The load corresponds to at least 10% of the nominal load capacity in trucks with a load capacity of up to 2.5 t
- The load corresponds to at least 5% of the nominal load capacity in trucks with a load capacity of 3 t and over
- The lift mast is in the vertical position
- The fork is not raised to more than 800 mm above the ground





The method of operating the lifting system depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment.

- Ensure that the truck has been in operation for a period of time before carrying out the load measurement.
- Set lift mast to vertical.
- Raise the fork to a height of 300-800 mm.
- Ensure that the load is at rest.
- Press Softkey (1).

Load measurement is switched on. The (2) symbol is displayed.



If the truck is equipped with mini-levers or fingertip operation, the [F1] button can also be pressed as an alternative.

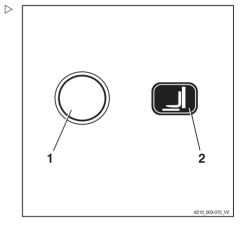
i NOTE

During the following process, the fork carriage must be lowered slightly and then stopped abruptly. While doing so, the fork must not touch the ground, otherwise the load measurement will not be accurate. To stop the lowering procedure quickly, release the operating device for lowering so that it jumps into the zero position.

 Lower the fork carriage slightly and release the operating device.



When stopping the lowering process the load must be cushioned in order to create a measurable impulse.



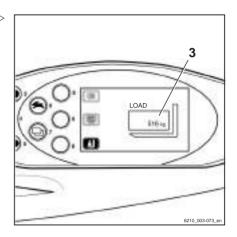


Handling loads

When load measurement has been performed > correctly, the determined load weight (3) is shown on the display.



If the load measurement is invalid, the value "-9999 kg" is displayed in the operating unit.



Picking up loads

To make sure that the load is securely supported, it must be ensured that the fork arms are sufficiently far apart and are positioned as far as possible under the load.

If possible, the load should rest on the back of the fork

The load must not protrude too far over the fork tips, nor should the fork tips protrude too far out from the load.

Loads are to be picked up and transported as close to the middle as possible.

A DANGER

Risk of accident from a falling load!

When transporting small items, attach a load safety guard (variant) to prevent the load from falling on the driver.

A closed roof covering (variant) should also be

Removable roof panels may not be removed.

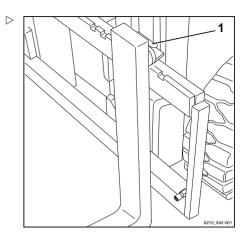


Adjusting the fork

- Lift the locking lever (1) and move the fork arms to the desired position.
- Allow the locking lever to snap back into place.

The load centre of gravity must be midway between the fork arms.

 Only actuate the fork prong positioner (variant) when the fork is not carrying a load.



Danger area

The danger area is the area in which people are at risk due to the movements of the truck, its working equipment, its load-carrying equipment (e.g. attachments) or the load. Also included are the areas where loads could fall or working equipment could fall or be lowered.



A DANGER

Risk of injury!

Do not step on the fork.



▲ DANGER

Risk of injury!

Do not step under the raised forks.

A DANGER

People may be injured in the danger area of the truck!

The danger area of the truck must be completely clear of all personnel, except the driver in his normal operating position. If persons fail to leave the danger area despite warnings:

- Cease work with the truck immediately.
- Secure the truck against use by unauthorised parties.



Handling loads



A DANGER

Danger of death from falling loads!

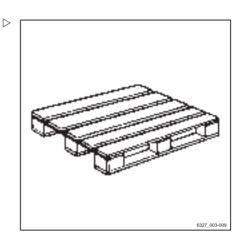
 Never walk or stand underneath suspended loads.

Transporting pallets

As a rule, loads (e.g. pallets) must be transported individually. Transporting multiple loads at the same time is only permitted:

- · when instructed by the supervisor and
- when the technical requirements have been met.

The driver must ensure proper condition of the load. Only safely and carefully positioned loads may be transported.



Transporting suspended loads

Before transporting suspended loads, consult the national regulatory authorities (in Germany, the employer's liability insurance associations).

National regulations may place restrictions on these operations. Contact the relevant authorities.

▲ DANGER

Suspended loads that begin to swing can result in the following risks:

- · Impaired braking and steering action
- Tipping over the load wheels or drive wheels
- Tipping the truck at right angles to the direction of travel
- · Risk of crushing of guide persons
- · Reduced visibility.





A DANGER

Loss of stability.

Slipping or swinging suspended loads can lead to a loss of stability and cause the truck to tip over.

 When transporting suspended loads, observe the following instructions

Instructions for transporting suspended loads:

- Swinging loads must be prevented by using the proper driving speed and driving style (careful steering, braking)
- Hanging loads must be hooked on to the truck in such a way that the harness cannot shift or release unintentionally and cannot be damaged
- When transporting suspended loads, suitable devices (e.g. guy wires or supporting poles) must be available so that accompanying persons can guide suspended loads and prevent the loads from swinging
- Take particular care to ensure that there is no one in the drive direction in the driving lane
- If, despite this, the load begins to swing, ensure that no person is placed at risk

▲ DANGER

Risk of accidents!

When transporting hanging loads, never perform or end driving and load movements abruptly.

Never drive on slopes with a suspended load.

Transporting containers holding fluids as hanging loads is not permitted.

Picking up a load

A DANGER

There is a risk to life caused by a falling load or if parts of the truck are being lowered.

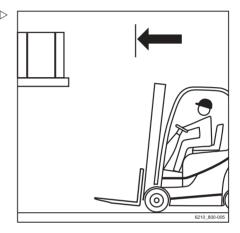
- Never walk or stand underneath suspended loads or raised fork arms.
- Never exceed the maximum load values specified on the capacity rating plate. Otherwise, stability cannot be guaranteed.
- Only store pallets that do not exceed the specified maximum size. Damaged loading



Handling loads

equipment and incorrectly formed loads must not be stored.

- Attach or secure the load to the lifting accessory so that the load cannot move or fall.
- Store the load so that the specified aisle width is not reduced by protruding parts.
- Approach the rack carefully, brake gently and stop just in front of the rack.

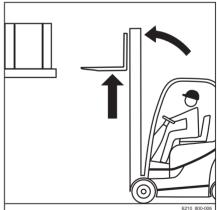


- Position the forks.
- Set the lift mast to vertical.
- Lift the fork carriage to the stacking height.

A CAUTION

Risk of component damage!

Ensure that the rack and load do not become damaged when inserting the fork into the rack.



 \triangleright

 Insert the fork as far under the load as possible. Stop the truck as soon as the fork back is resting on the load. The load centre of gravity must be midway between the fork arms.



Lift the fork carriage until the load is resting entirely on the fork.

A DANGER

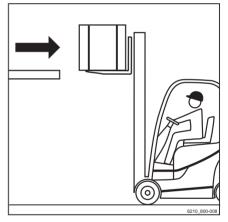
Risk of accident!

- Beware of any people in the danger area.
- Ensure that the roadway behind you is clear.

A DANGER

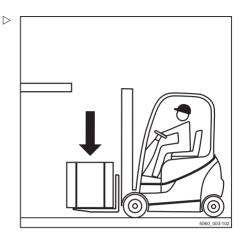
Due to the risk of tipping, never tilt the lift mast with a raised load!

- Lower the load before tilting the lift mast.
- Reverse carefully and slowly until the load is clear of the rack. Brake gently.



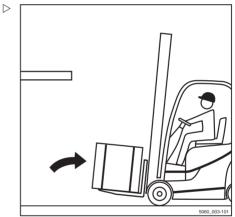


Lower the load while maintaining ground clearance.



- Tilt the lift mast backwards.

The load can be transported.





Transporting loads



Observe the information in the chapter entitled "Safety regulations when driving".

A DANGER

The higher a load is lifted, the less stable it becomes. The truck can tip over or the load can fall, increasing the risk of accident!

Driving with a raised load and the lift mast tilted forward is not permitted.

- Only drive with the load lowered.
- Lower the load until ground clearance is reached (not over 300 mm).
- Only drive with the lift mast tilted backwards.
- Drive slowly and carefully round corners!



Observe the information in the chapter entitled "Steering".

- Always accelerate and brake gently!



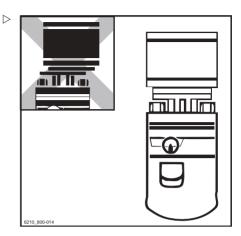
Observe the information in the chapter entitled "Operating the service brake".







 Never drive with a load protruding to the side (e.g. with the sideshift)!



Setting down loads

A DANGER

Risk of accident due to changed moment of tilt!

The load centre of gravity and the moment of tilt move due to tilting the lift mast forwards with a raised load or due to the load slipping. The truck may tip forwards.

- Only tilt the lift mast forwards with a raised lifting accessory when it is directly above the stack.
- When the lift mast is tilted forwards, take particular care to ensure that the truck does not tip forwards and that the load does not slip.

▲ WARNING

Risk of accident from a falling load!

If the fork or the load remains suspended during lowering, the load may fall.

 When removing from stock, move the truck far enough back so that the load and the fork can be lowered freely.



- Drive up to the stack with the load lowered in accordance with regulations.
- Set lift mast to vertical.
- Lift the load to the stacking height.
- Drive the truck towards the rack carefully.



Lower the load until it rests securely on the rack.

A DANGER

Risk of accident!

- Beware of any people in the danger area.
- Ensure that the roadway behind you is clear.
- Move the truck back until the fork arms can be lowered without touching the stack.
- Lower the fork while maintaining ground clearance.
- Tilt the lift mast backwards and drive away.



Shake function (variant)

Description

The shake function of the hydraulics is designed to make it easier for the driver to perform tasks such as emptying containers of bulk material. The shake function moves the fork carriage quickly up and down via the "Lifting" function.





NOTE

The shake function is only intended for shortterm use as it reduces the service life of the load chains due to increased strain

Operation

To activate the shake function:

- Move the corresponding operating device for the "Lifting" function over the zero position four times in quick succession.

The fork carriage moves as normal. The shake function is active after the fourth time the operating device is moved.

 Continue to move the operating device back and forth

The fork carriage moves up and down more quickly and more jerkily.

The intensity of the shaking is controlled by means of the intensity with which the operating device is moved. The more fiercely the operating device is moved, the more intense the shaking is.



After the function has been activated, the driver has four seconds to start the shaking. If the four seconds elapse without the shake function being used, the shake function is deactivated again.

WARNING

The shake function remains active for four seconds following activation.

If the driver simply wants to raise or lower the load during this time, it should be noted that the fork carriage may move significantly more jerkily with the load than in normal operation. If the four seconds elapse without the shake function being used, the fork carriage can be moved normally again with the load.

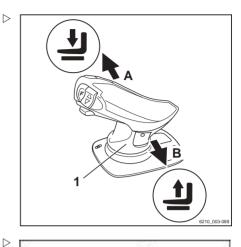
The following section shows how the shake function is activated via the standard assignment for "lifting/lowering" using the different variants of the operating devices. If the "Lifting/lowering" function is assigned differently



on the operating device, the shake function is also activated via this other assignment.

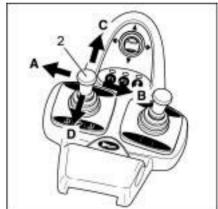
Joystick 4Plus:

 Move the joystick 4Plus (1) back and forth four times between positions (A) and (B).
 Then continue to move the component in the same way.



Double mini-lever:

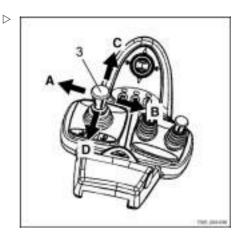
 Move the 360° lever (2) back and forth four times between positions (A) and (B). Then continue to move the component in the same way.





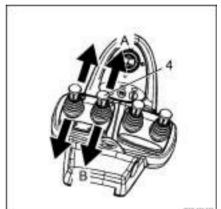
Triple mini-lever:

 Move the 360° lever (3) back and forth four times between positions (A) and (B). Then continue to move the component in the same way.



Quadruple mini-lever:

 Move the operating lever (4) back and forth four times between positions (A) and (B).
 Then continue to move the component in the same way.





 \triangleright

Fingertip switch:

 Move the operating lever (5) back and forth four times. Then continue to move the component in the same way.



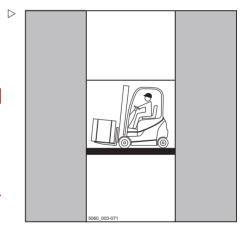
Driving on lifts

The driver may only use this truck on lifts with a sufficient rated capacity and for which the operating company has been granted authorisation.

A DANGER

There is a risk to life if you are crushed or run over by the truck.

- There must be no personnel already in the lift when the truck is driven into the lift.
- Personnel are only permitted to enter the lift once the truck is secure, and must exit the lift before the truck is driven out.



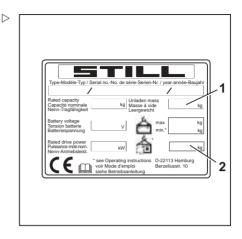


Determining the actual total weight

- Park the truck securely.
- Determine the unit weights by reading the truck nameplate and, if necessary, the attachment (variant) nameplate and, if necessary, by weighing the load to be lifted.
- Add the determined unit weights to obtain the actual total weight of the truck:

Tare weight (1)

- + Ballast weight (variant) (2)
- + Attachment net weight (variant)
- + Weight of the load to be lifted
- + 100 kg allowance for driver
- = Actual total weight
- Drive the truck with the forks forwards into the lift without touching the shaft walls.
- Park the truck securely in the lift to prevent uncontrolled movements of the load or the truck.



Driving on loading bridges

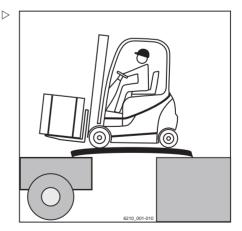
A DANGER

Risk of accident if the truck crashes!

Steering movements can cause the tail end to veer off the loading bridge towards the edge. This may cause the truck to crash.

The lorry driver and the truck driver must agree on the lorry's departure time.

- Before driving across a loading bridge, ensure that it is properly attached and secured and has a sufficient load capacity (lorry, bridge etc.).
- Drive slowly and with care on the loading bridge.
- Ensure that the vehicle onto which you will be driving is secured to prevent it from shifting and that it can support the load of the truck.



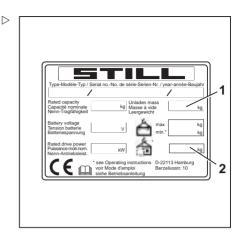


Determining the actual total weight

- Park the truck securely.
- Determine the unit weights by reading the truck nameplate and, if necessary, the attachment (variant) nameplate and, if necessary, by weighing the load to be lifted.
- Add the determined unit weights to obtain the actual total weight of the truck:

Tare weight (1)

- + Ballast weight (variant) (2)
- + Attachment net weight (variant)
- + Weight of the load to be lifted
- + 100 kg allowance for driver
- = Actual total weight





Attachments

Fitting attachments

If the truck is equipped with an integrated attachment (variant) at the factory, the specifications in the STILL operating instructions for integrated attachments must be observed.

If attachments are fitted at the place of use, the specifications in the operating instructions of the attachment manufacturer must be observed.

If an attachment is not delivered together with the forklift truck, the specifications and operating instructions of the attachment manufacturer must be observed.

Before initial commissioning, the function of the attachment and the visibility from the driver's position with and without a load must be checked by a competent person. If the visibility is deemed insufficient, visual aids such as mirrors, a camera/monitor system etc. must be used.

In addition, it is essential that the warnings below are observed.

A CAUTION

Attachments must be CE-certified. If the truck is not fitted with an attachment-specific residual load capacity rating plate and the operating devices are not marked with corresponding pictograms, the truck must not be used.

- Order the residual load capacity rating plate and pictograms from your authorised service centre in good time.
- The authorised service centre must adapt the hydraulic system to the requirements of the attachment (e.g. by adjusting the pump motor speed).



▲ DANGER

There is risk to life caused by a falling load!

Attachments that hold the load by exerting pressure on it (e.g. clamps) must be controlled additionally by a second operating function (lock) that is actuated to prevent an unintentional release of the load.

If such an attachment is retrofitted, a second operating function for actuation must also be retrofitted.

 Make sure that the additional clamp locking mechanism function is available.

A DANGER

There is risk to life caused by a falling load!

During installation of a clamp with integral sideshift, ensure that the clamp does not open when the sideshift is actuated.

- Notify your authorised service centre before installation.
- Never grab or climb on moving parts of the truck.

Hydraulic connection

 Before installing the attachment, release the pressure from the hydraulic system.

A CAUTION

Risk of damage to components!

Open connections of plug connectors can become dirty. The plug connectors can become stiff and dirt can enter the hydraulic system.

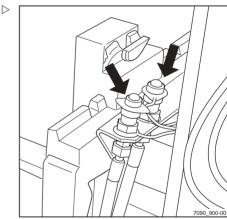
 Once the attachment has been disassembled, attach the protective caps to the plug connectors.

Mounting attachments

Mounting an attachment and connecting the energy supply for an attachment must only be performed by competent persons in accordance with the information provided by the manufacturer and supplier of the attachment. After each installation, the attachment must be checked for correct function prior to initial commissioning.



Please observe the definition of the following responsible person: "competent person".





Load capacity with attachment

The permissible load capacity of the attachment and the allowable load (load capacity and load moment) of the truck must not be exceeded by the combination of attachment and payload. The specifications of the manufacturer and supplier of the attachment must be complied with.

 Observe the residual load capacity rating plate, see the chapter entitled "Taking up a load using attachments".

Releasing the pressure from the hydraulic system

Prior to assembling attachments, the plug connectors must be depressurised.

Attachments must only be installed by authorised personnel in accordance with the information provided by the manufacturer and supplier of the attachments. After each installation, the attachment must be checked for correct function prior to initial commissioning.



The pressure release procedure is dependent on the operating devices for controlling the hydraulic functions; see the section entitled "Lifting system operating devices".

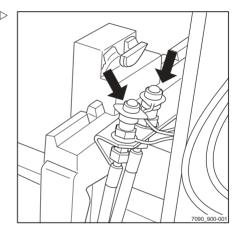


Before carrying out pressure release, lower the fork carriage and tilt the lift mast back to the stop. The key switch must be switched on to release the pressure from the system, but do not start the engine.



In trucks with the "FleetManager" or "access authorisation with PIN code" equipment variants. access authorisation must be enabled.

- Switch on the key switch.
- Wait two to three seconds.

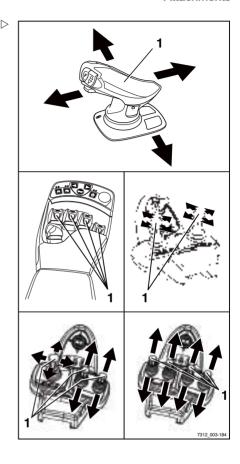




 Actuate the operating lever (1) for controlling the hydraulic functions repeatedly in the direction of the arrow, as far as the end position.

The valves open and the hydraulic system is depressurised.

- Switch off the key switch.





General instructions for controlling attachments

The way in which attachments (variant) are controlled depends on the operating devices included in the truck's equipment.

Essentially, a distinction is drawn between:

- · Double mini-lever
- Double mini-lever with a 5th function (variant)
- · Triple mini-lever
- · Triple mini-lever with a 5th function (variant)
- Quadruple mini-lever
- Quadruple mini-lever with a 5th function (variant)
- Jovstick 4Plus
- Joystick 4Plus with a 5th function (variant)
- · Fingertip switch
- Fingertip with a 5th function (variant)
- For information on controlling attachments with the respective operating devices, see the relevant sections in this chapter.

WARNING

Use of attachments can give rise to additional hazards such as a change in the centre of gravity, additional danger areas etc.

Attachments must only be used for their intended purpose as described in the relevant operating instructions. Drivers must be taught how to operate the attachments.

Loads may only be picked up and transported with attachments if the loads are securely grasped and attached. Where necessary, loads must also be secured against slipping, rolling away, falling over, swinging or tipping over. Note that any change to the position of the load centre of gravity will affect the stability of the truck.

Refer to the capacity rating plate for the attachments being used.

i NOTE

Further variants and functions are available in addition to the functions described below. The directions of movement can be seen on the pictograms on the operating devices.





All the attachments described fall into the category of equipment variants. Please see the respective operating instructions for an exact description of the respective movements/actions of the attachment fitted.



Controlling attachments using a double mini-lever

The attachments (variants) are controlled in this version using the "attachments" cross lever (1).

The pictograms on the "attachments" cross lever show the respective functions that are activated by this lever.

This essentially involves the following:

 Move the "attachments"(1) cross lever in the direction of the arrow (A).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (A).

 Move the "attachments"(1) cross lever in the direction of the arrow (B).

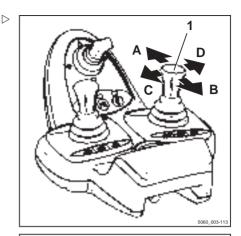
The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (B).

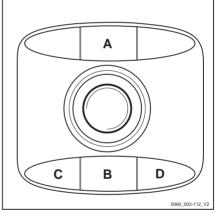
 Move the "attachments"(1) cross lever in the direction of the arrow (C).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (C).

 Move the "attachments"(1) cross lever in the direction of the arrow (D).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (D).

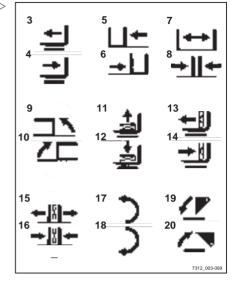






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

Move sideshift frame or fork forwards
Move sideshift frame or fork backwards
Move sideshift to the left
Move sideshift to the right
Adjust fork arms: open
Adjust fork arms: close
Swivel lift mast or fork to the left
Swivel lift mast or fork to the right
Release load retainer
Clamp load retainer
Push off the load
Pull in the load
Open clamps
Close clamps
Rotate to the left
Rotate to the right
Tip shovel over
Tip shovel back





The pictograms shown correspond to the attachments fitted to this truck at the factory. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

Contact the authorised service centre if required.



Controlling attachments using the double mini-lever and the 5th function



For technical reasons, clamping attachments must not be controlled via the 5th function.



The "lift mast" 360° lever (3) and the "attachments" cross lever (2) control four hydraulic functions. The designation "5th function" refers to the fact that the 5th hydraulic function can be controlled with the cross lever by switching the functions using the "5th function" function key (1).

The pictograms on the "attachments" cross lever (2) show the respective functions that are activated by this lever.

This essentially involves the following:

 Actuate the "5th function" function key (1) and move the "attachments" cross lever (2) in the direction of arrow (E).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (E).

- Actuate the "5th function" function key (1) and move the "attachments" cross lever (2) in the direction of arrow (F).

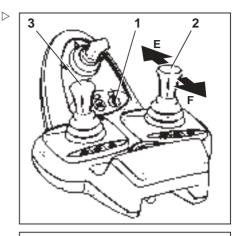
The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (F).

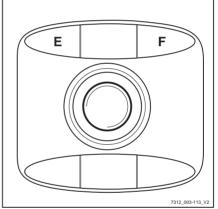


i NOTE

The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

- Contact the authorised service centre if required.

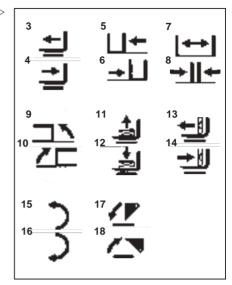






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

3	Move sideshift frame or fork forwards
4	Move sideshift frame or fork back- wards
5	Move sideshift to the left
6	Move sideshift to the right
7	Adjust fork arms: open
8	Adjust fork arms: close
9	Swivel lift mast or fork to the left
10	Swivel lift mast or fork to the right
11	Release load retainer
12	Clamp load retainer
13	Push off the load
14	Pull in the load
15	Rotate to the left
16	Rotate to the right
17	Tip shovel over
18	Tip shovel back





Controlling attachments using a triple mini-lever

The attachments (variant) are controlled in this version using operating levers (1) and (2).

The pictograms on the operating levers show the respective functions that are activated by these levers.

This essentially involves the following:

- Move the operating lever (1) towards (A)

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (A).

- Move the operating lever (1) towards (B)

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (B).

- Move the operating lever (2) towards (C)

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (C).

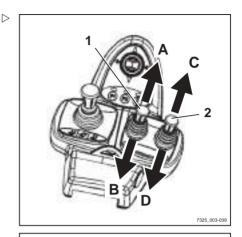
- Move the operating lever (2) towards (D)

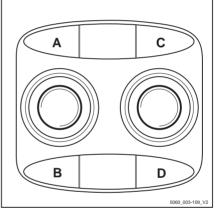
The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (D).



The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

Contact the authorised service centre if required.

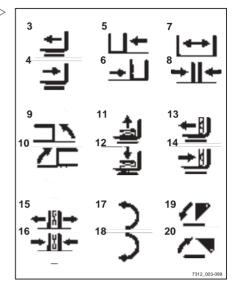






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms!

3	Move sideshift frame or fork forwards
4	Move sideshift frame or fork backwards
5	Move sideshift to the left
6	Move sideshift to the right
7	Adjust fork arms: open
8	Adjust fork arms: close
9	Swivel lift mast or fork to the left
10	Swivel lift mast or fork to the right
11	Release load retainer
12	Clamp load retainer
13	Push off the load
14	Pull in the load
15	Open clamps
16	Close clamps
17	Rotate to the left
18	Rotate to the right
19	Tip shovel over
20	Tip shovel back





Controlling attachments using the triple mini-lever and the 5th function



For technical reasons, clamping attachments cannot be controlled via the 5th function.



i NOTE

The "lift mast" 360° lever (3) and operating levers (1) and (2) control four hydraulic functions. The designation "5th function" refers to the fact that the 5th hydraulic function can be controlled with the operating lever (1) by switching the functions using the function key (4).

The pictograms on the operating levers show the respective functions that are activated by these levers.

This essentially involves the following:

- Actuate the "5th function" function key (4) and move operating lever (1) towards (E).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (E).

 Actuate the "5th function" function key (4) and move operating lever (1) towards (F).

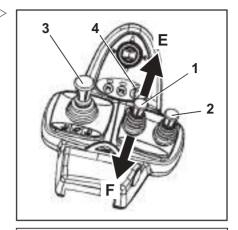
The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (F).

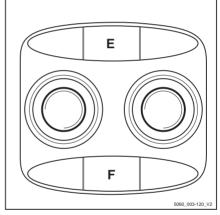


NOTE

The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

- Contact the authorised service centre if required.

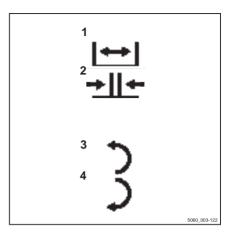






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

1	Adjust fork arms: open
2	Adjust fork arms: close
3	Rotate to the left
4	Rotate to the right





Controlling attachments using a quadruple mini-lever

The attachments (variant) are controlled in this version using operating levers (1) and (2).

The pictograms on the operating levers show the respective function that is activated by these levers.

This essentially involves the following:

- Move the operating lever (1) towards (A)

The attachment moves in the direction shown in pictogram (A).

- Move the operating lever (1) towards (B)

The attachment moves in the direction shown in pictogram (B).

- Move the operating lever (2) towards (C)

The attachment moves in the direction shown in pictogram (C).

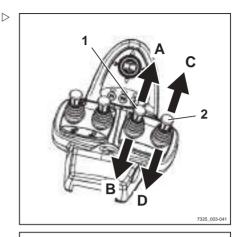
- Move the operating lever (2) towards (D)

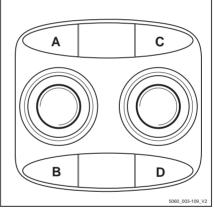
The attachment moves in the direction shown in pictogram (D).



The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

Contact the authorised service centre if required.

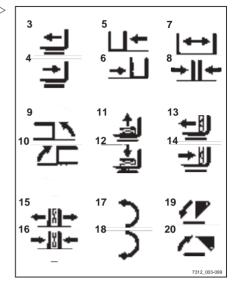






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms!

3	Move sideshift frame or fork forwards
4	Move sideshift frame or fork backwards
5	Move sideshift to the left
6	Move sideshift to the right
7	Adjust fork arms: open
8	Adjust fork arms: close
9	Swivel lift mast or fork to the left
10	Swivel lift mast or fork to the right
11	Release load retainer
12	Clamp load retainer
13	Push off the load
14	Pull in the load
15	Open clamps
16	Close clamps
17	Rotate to the left
18	Rotate to the right
19	Tip shovel over
20	Tip shovel back





Controlling attachments using the quadruple mini-lever and the 5th function



For technical reasons, clamping attachments cannot be controlled via the 5th function.



Operating levers (1) to (4) are used to control four hydraulic functions. The designation "5th function" refers to the fact that the 5th hydraulic function can be controlled with the operating lever (3) by switching the functions using the "5th function" function key (5).

The pictograms on the operating levers show the respective functions that are activated by these levers.

This essentially involves the following:

 Actuate the "5th function" function key (5) and move operating lever (3) towards (E).

The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (E).

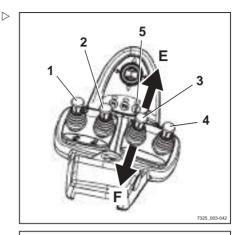
 Actuate the "5th function" function key (5) and move operating lever (3) towards (F).

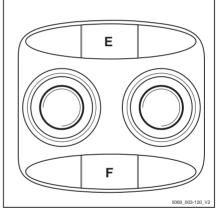
The attachment moves in accordance with the pictogram in position (F).



The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

 Contact the authorised service centre if required.

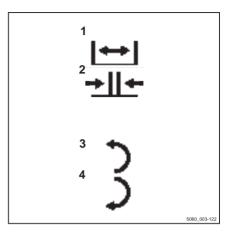






Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

1	Adjust fork arms: open
2	Adjust fork arms: close
3	Rotate to the left
4	Rotate to the right

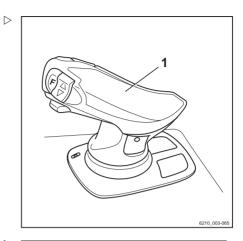




Controlling attachments via the joystick 4Plus

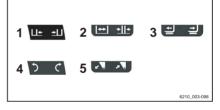
In this equipment, the attachments (variant) are controlled via the joystick 4Plus (1).

The pictograms on the decal information about operation of the joystick 4Plus show the respective functions that are activated by the individual operating devices of the joystick 4Plus.



Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

	Operating device	Function of the attachment
1	Joystick 4Plus	Move sideshift to the left/right
2	Joystick 4Plus or slider	Adjust fork arms: open/close
3	Slider	Move reach frame or fork carriage forwards/backwards
4	Joystick 4Plus or slider	Rotate attachment left/right
5	Slider	Tip shovel over/tip shovel back





The pictograms on the joystick 4Plus are attached according to the attachments fitted to this truck at the factory. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

 Contact the authorised service centre if required.



Controlling attachments using the joystick 4Plus and the 5th function



For technical reasons, clamping attachments cannot be controlled via the 5th function.



The 5th hydraulic function can be used to control an attachment. The pictograms on the joystick 4Plus show which attachment functions can be controlled using the 5th function.

For attachments that are controlled using the 5th hydraulic function, the procedures for operation are as follows:

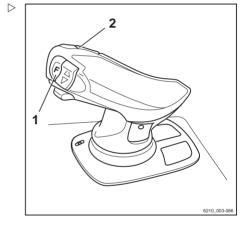
- Press and hold shift key "F"(1) on the joystick 4Plus.
- Simultaneously actuate the horizontal rocker button (2) in the direction shown in the pictogram.

The attachment moves in the selected direction.



The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

 Contact the authorised service centre if required.





Controlling the attachments with the fingertip

The attachments (variant) are controlled in this version using the operating levers (1).

The pictograms on the operating levers show the functions that are activated by that lever.

- Move the operating lever (1) forwards

The attachment moves in the direction of movement shown in the upper part of the pictogram.

- Move the operating lever (1) backwards

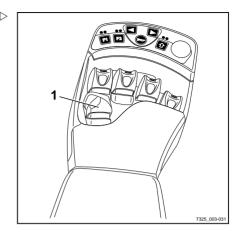
The attachment moves in the direction of movement shown in the lower part of the pictogram.

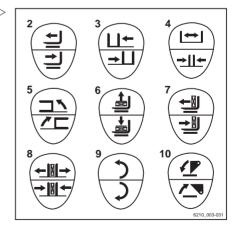


The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

- Contact the authorised service centre if required.
- Note the following attachment functions and pictograms!

Move side shift frame or fork forwards/backwards
Move sideshift to the left/right
Adjust fork arms: open/close
Swivel lift mast or fork to the left/right
Release/clamp load retainer
Push off/pull in load
Open/close clamps
Turn to the left/right
Tip shovel over/tip shovel back







Controlling attachments with the fingertip and 5th function



NOTE

For technical reasons, clamping attachments cannot be controlled via the 5th function.



NOTE

The designation "5th function" refers to the fact that the four operating levers control four functions, while the "5th function" can be controlled by switching functions.

The attachments (variant) are controlled using the operating levers (1).

You can also use the switch (2) to switch functions, in which case the corresponding operating lever controls the "5th function".

The upper and lower parts of the pictogram (3) behind the operating lever show the function that is activated with this lever.

This essentially involves the following:

Move the operating lever forwards

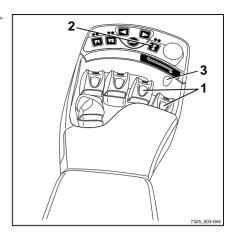
The attachment moves in the direction of movement shown in the upper part of the pictogram.

Move the operating lever backwards

The attachment moves in the direction of movement shown in the lower part of the pictogram.

- Actuate the switch (2)

The additional function of the attachment is activated/deactivated and can be controlled as the "5th function" using the operating lever.





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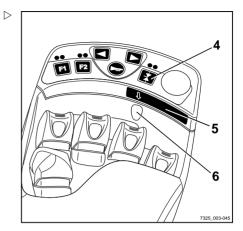
- Press function key (4)



NOTE

The arrow (5) under the function key indicates which operating lever is equipped with the "5th function"

The "5th function" is switched to the 3rd operating lever; see sticker (6).



- Press function key (7)



i NOTE

The arrow (8) under the function key indicates which operating lever is equipped with the "5th function".

The "5th function" is switched to the 4th operating lever; see sticker (9).

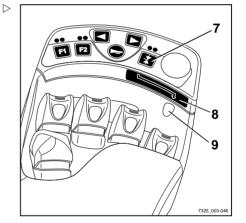


The movement/action of this "5th function" can be found in the operating instructions of the fitted attachment.



The pictograms are attached depending on the pre-assembled attachment. If an attachment with other functions is fitted, the pictograms must be checked for the correct representation and changed if necessary.

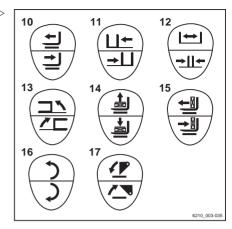
 Contact the authorised service centre if required.





Note the following attachment functions and pictograms.

10	Move side shift frame or fork forwards/backwards
11	Move sideshift to the left/right
12	Adjust fork arms: open/close
13	Swivel lift mast or fork to the left/right
14	Release/clamp load retainer
15	Push off/pull in load
16	Turn to the left/right
17	Tip shovel over/tip shovel back



Clamp locking mechanism (variant)

This truck can be fitted with a clamp locking mechanism as a variant. This prevents the clamp from opening unintentionally if the operating function is inadvertently triggered.

A DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from falling loads if the correct function of the clamp locking mechanism is not guaranteed!

If other attachments are used on this truck in addition to the clamp, make sure that the clamp locking mechanism function is reassigned to the corresponding operating device every time the clamp is reassembled; see the chapter entitled "Fitting attachments".

 Make sure that the additional clamp locking mechanism function is available.



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Double mini-lever

- To release the clamp locking mechanism, push the cross lever (1) forwards.

The LED for button $\boxed{F2}$ (2) lights up as long as the clamp locking mechanism is released.



The hydraulic function for opening the clamp is available for one second after the clamp locking mechanism is released. After one second, the clamp locking mechanism is automatically reactivated.

To open the clamp, push the cross lever (1) forwards again.

The clamp can be closed without releasing the clamp locking mechanism.

To close the clamp, pull the cross lever (1) backwards.



 To release the clamp locking mechanism, push the operating lever (1) forwards.

The LED for button $\boxed{F2}$ (2) lights up as long as the clamp locking mechanism is released.

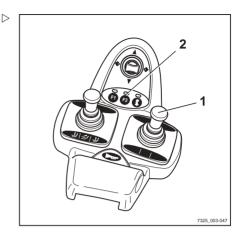


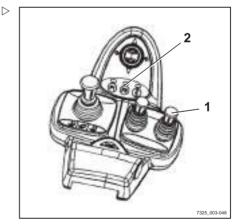
The hydraulic function for opening the clamp is available for one second after the clamp locking mechanism is released. After one second, the clamp locking mechanism is automatically reactivated.

To open the clamp, push the operating lever
 (1) forwards again.

The clamp can be closed without releasing the clamp locking mechanism.

To close the clamp, pull the operating lever
 (1) backwards.







Quadruple mini-lever

 To release the clamp locking mechanism, push the operating lever (1) forwards.

The LED for button $\boxed{F2}$ (2) lights up as long as the clamp locking mechanism is released.



The hydraulic function for opening the clamp is available for one second after the clamp locking mechanism is released. After one second, the clamp locking mechanism is automatically reactivated.

To open the clamp, push the operating lever
(1) forwards again.

The clamp can be closed without releasing the clamp locking mechanism.

To close the clamp, pull the operating lever
 (1) backwards.

Joystick 4Plus

- To release the clamp locking mechanism, press and hold shift key (3) and move the horizontal rocker button (1) to the right.
- Keep shift key (3) pressed and move the horizontal rocker button (1) back to the neutral position.

The LED (2) lights up as long as the clamp locking mechanism is released.

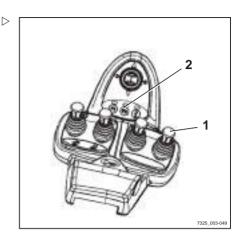
To open the clamp, press and hold shift key
 (3) and move the horizontal rocker button
 (1) to the right.

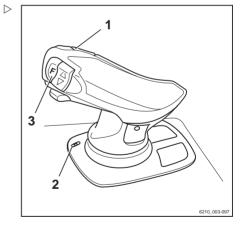


The hydraulic function for opening the clamp is available for one second after the clamp locking mechanism is released. After one second, the clamp locking mechanism is automatically reactivated.

The clamp can be closed without releasing the clamp locking mechanism.

To close the clamp, press and hold shift key
 (3) and move the horizontal rocker button
 (1) to the left.







Attachments

Fingertip switch

 To release the clamp locking mechanism, push the operating lever (1) forwards.

The LED for button $\boxed{F2}$ (2) lights up as long as the clamp locking mechanism is released.

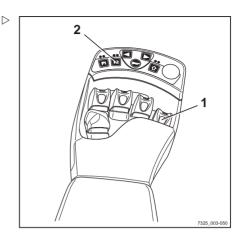


The hydraulic function for opening the clamp is available for one second after the clamp locking mechanism is released. After one second, the clamp locking mechanism is automatically reactivated.

To open the clamp, push the operating lever
 (1) forwards again.

The clamp can be closed without releasing the clamp locking mechanism.

To close the clamp, pull the operating lever
 (1) backwards.



Taking up a load using attachments

▲ WARNING

Risk of accidents!

Attachments may only be used for their intended purpose as described in the relevant operating instructions.

Drivers must be instructed in the handling of the attachments.

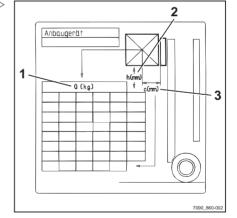
▲ WARNING

Risk of accidents!

Loads may only be picked up and transported with attachments if they are securely attached. Where necessary, loads should also be secured against slipping, rolling, falling over, swinging or tipping over. Note that any change to the position of the load's centre of gravity will affect the stability of the forklift truck.

Check the capacity rating plates for the attachments or combination of attachments.

The rating plates show the permissible values for:





- · Load capacity Q (kg) (1)
- · Lift height h (mm) (2)
- Load distance C (mm) (3)

Switching the lighting on and off

Driving lights

 To switch on the parking light, press the button (1).

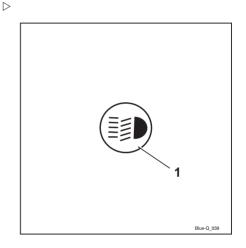
The front sidelights and the rear lights light up. On the variant with StVZO (German Road Traffic Licensing Regulations) equipment, the licence plate lamp also lights up.

 To switch on the headlights, press the button (1) again.

The headlights light up in addition to the parking light.

 To switch off the driving lights, press the button (1) again.

The driving lights go out.





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Working spotlights

 To switch on the working spotlights (front and rear), press the button (1).

The working spotlights light up.

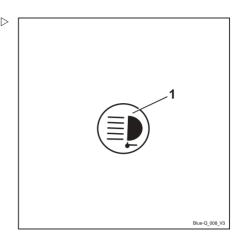
 To switch off the working spotlights, press the button (1) again.

The working spotlights go out.



In trucks with StVZO (German Road Traffic Licensing Regulations) equipment (variant), the following lighting elements on the truck are also activated when the working spotlights are switched on:

- · Rear lights
- · Licence plate lamp
- Sidelights



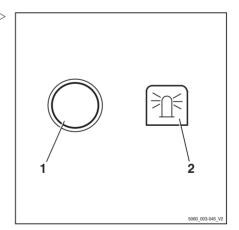
Switching the rotating beacon on and off

 Press the Softkey (1) to switch on the rotating beacon.

The rotating beacon is switched on. The symbol is displayed.

 To switch off the rotating beacon, press the Softkey

The rotating beacon goes out. The symbol (2) is displayed.





Switching the hazard warning system on and off

 To switch on the hazard warning system, press the button (1).

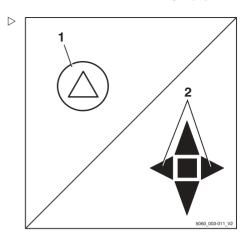
All direction indicators and indicator lights (2) flash.

 To switch off the hazard warning system, press the button (1) again.

The hazard warning system goes out.



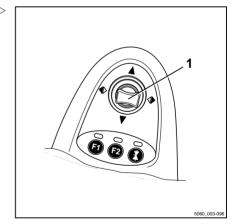
The hazard warning system can also be switched on without the key switch being switched on. To do this, press and hold the button for three seconds.



Switching direction indicators on and off

Mini-lever version

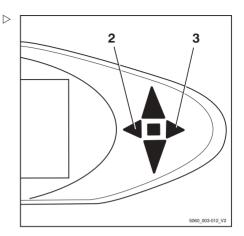
 Switch on the direction indicators by moving the corresponding drive direction/turn indicator cross lever (1) to the left or right.





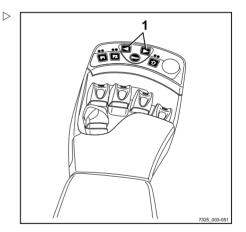
The direction indicators and the corresponding direction indicator lights (2) or (3) flash.

 Switch off the direction indicators by moving the cross lever to the centre position.



Fingertip version

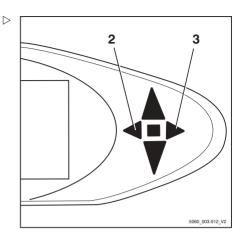
 Switch on the direction indicators by moving the corresponding turn indicator button (1) to the left or to the right.





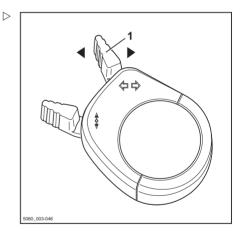
The direction indicators and the corresponding direction indicator lights (2) or (3) flash.

 Turn off the direction indicators by pushing the other turn indicator button.



Mini-console version

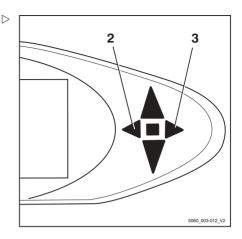
 Switch on the direction indicators by moving the turn indicator switch (1) to the left or to the right.





The direction indicators and the corresponding turn indicator displays (2) or (3) flash.

 Switch off the direction indicators by moving the turn indicator switch to the centre position.



Switching the double working spotlights on and off.

The double working spotlights are fitted up on the front right and left on the overhead guard. Each double working spotlight consists of an upper working spotlight (2) and a lower working spotlight (3). The upper working spotlight illuminates the working area at great lift heights, the lower working spotlight illuminates the working area directly in front of the truck.

Depending on the equipment, the upper working spotlights can be switched on/off automatically or manually.

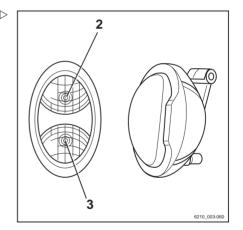
Switching the upper working spotlights on/off manually



The upper working spotlights can be switched on/off independently of the lower working spotlights. For information about switching on the lower working spotlights, see the section entitled "Switching the lighting on and off".



This function is not available if the truck is equipped with rear window heating.





- Turn the key switch to position "I".
- Press Softkey (1) to switch on the working spotlights.

The working spotlights are switched on. The symbol is displayed.

- Press Softkey to switch off the working spotlights.

The working spotlights are switched off. The [■]symbol is displayed.

Switching the upper working spotlights on/off automatically

- Turn the key switch to position "I".
- For information about switching on the working spotlights, see the chapter entitled "Switching the lighting on and off".

The lower working spotlights light up.

The upper working spotlights are switched on automatically when the lift mast is lifted for a period of at least two seconds.



During these two seconds, a maximum of two lifts can be executed to prevent the working spotlights from switching on each time a precise adjustment is made. If more lifts are carried out during this time, the upper working spotlights will remain switched off.



NOTE

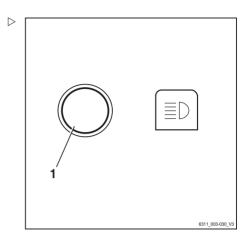
The upper working spotlights are switched off automatically when the truck is driven for longer than one second at a speed faster than 2 1 km/h

Lift-height-controlled switching on/off of the upper working spotlights



This equipment is available only if a proximity switch is fitted to the lift mast to record a particular lift height of the fork carriage on the lift mast.





- Turn the key switch to position "I".
- Switch on the working spotlights.

The lower working spotlights light up.

The upper working spotlights are switched on by the proximity switch when the fork carriage reaches or exceeds the preset lift height.

The upper working spotlights are switched off by the proximity switch when the fork carriage falls below the preset lift height again.

A CAUTION

Possible component damage caused by collision if the proximity switch is set incorrectly.

- The proximity switch may be adjusted by trained personnel.
- If necessary, inform the authorised service centre.

STILL SafetyLight (variant)

The STILL SafetyLight is a visual warning unit to enable early detection of trucks in driving areas with low visibility (such as drive lanes, high racks), as well as at blind junctions.

The STILL SafetyLight is mounted on a support on the overhead guard such that it is not affected by jolts and vibrations. It projects one or more light blue light spots approximately 5 meters in front of or behind the truck and thus warns others about the approaching truck.



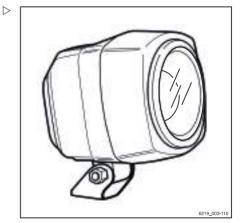
WARNING

Danger of damage to eyes when looking into the STILL SafetyLight.

Do not look into the STILL SafetyLight.



If the truck is to be operated on public roads, the STILL SafetyLight must be switched off.



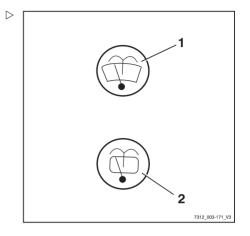


Operating the windscreen wiper/washer

- Push button (1) to actuate the front windscreen wiper/washer (variant)
- Push button (2) to actuate the rear windscreen wiper/washer (variant)

Repeated pressing of the respective button switches between the operating stages in the sequence specified shown below.

Button actuation	Operating stage
	Off
1st time	on
2nd time	Interval
3rd time + hold	Washer
4th time	Off



Filling the washer system

A CAUTION

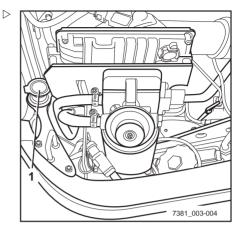
Components may become damaged due to the effects of frost!

Water expands when it freezes. If there is no antifreeze in the washer system (variant), the system may become damaged due to the accumulation of ice in freezing conditions.

- Always use screen wash containing anti-freeze.
- Open the bonnet.



- Open the filler cap (1) of the washer system (variant).
- Fill the windscreen washer reservoir with washer fluid and anti-freeze in accordance with the maintenance data table
- Close the filler cap.
- Close the bonnet.
- Operate the washer system until washer fluid is discharged from the spray nozzles.



FleetManager (variant)

FleetManager is an equipment variant and can be fitted to the truck in different versions. The description and operation information can be found in the separate operating instructions for the corresponding FleetManager versions.

Shock recognition (variant)

The shock recognition is an equipment variant of the FleetManager (variant) in which an acceleration sensor is installed in the truck. The acceleration sensor records data arising from rapid accelerations or decelerations of the truck, e.g. in the event of an accident. This data can be electronically read out and evaluated.

 If you have any questions, please contact your authorised service centre.

Cruise control (variant)

Using the cruise control function, the driver can save the speed in forwards travel when it is > 6.0 km/h by pressing a button, and continue driving without actuating the accelerator pedal.

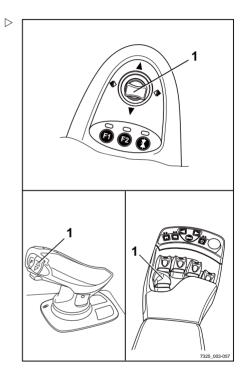




The cruise control function cannot be used for reverse travel or when travelling at speeds below 6.0 km/h.

Depending on the truck equipment, the cruise control can be switched on and off via the drive direction switch or the display and operating unit.

Switching on and off via the drive direction switch (1).





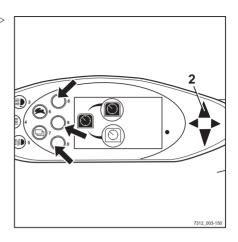
Switching on and off using the Softkeys on the bdisplay-operating unit.

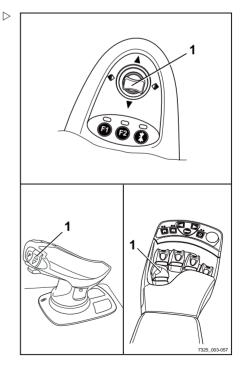
Switching on cruise control

WARNING

Risk of accident from failing to adjust speed! Driving at excessive speeds can cause accidents, e.g. the truck could tip over when cornering.

- Adjust speed along the entire distance being travelled
- Pay particular attention to cornering speed
- Observe safety regulations when driving
- Observe the special behaviour of the cruise control function and the dangers associated with it
- Start drive mode.
- Accelerate the truck to the required speed (at least 6.0 km/h)
- Press the drive direction switch (1) for forward travel again for at least one second, or press the corresponding Softkey on the display-operating unit.





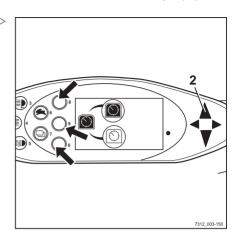


The current speed is saved. The forward travel \triangleright indicator (2) flashes.

Cruise control is switched on. The symbol is displayed.

Remove your foot from the accelerator pedal.

The truck continues to drive at the selected speed until the cruise control function is switched off again.



Switching off cruise control

The cruise control function is switched off by means of one of the following actions:

- · Actuate the foot brake
- · Actuate the parking brake
- · Actuate the accelerator pedal
- Move the drive direction switch (1) into the neutral position or reverse
- Actuate the corresponding Softkey (see arrows, previous picture) on the displayoperating unit.



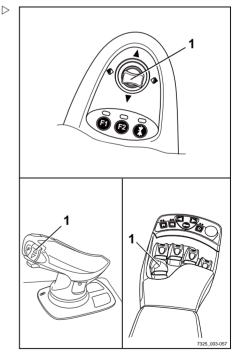
If the seat switch is not actuated, the truck's cruise control function and drive function are switched off.

The accelerator pedal can be used to switch off the cruise control function, depending on which function type is programmed:

- Type 1:
 - Even slightly depressing the accelerator pedal switches off the cruise control function
- Type 2:

To switch off the cruise control function, the accelerator pedal must be depressed at least as far as it was when saving the speed

- Switch off cruise control



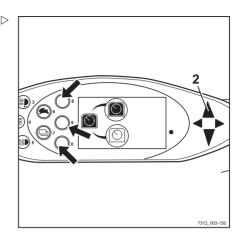


The forward travel indicator (2) illuminates.

Cruise control is switched off. The Symbol is displayed.



If the truck is configured with automatic functions that reduce the driving speed to 6 km/h or less in certain situations, then these functions will also switch the cruise control off automatically.



Driver restraint systems (variants)

Different driver restraint systems are available as variants for this truck. The description and operation for these systems can be found in the separate "Driver restraint systems" operating instructions.



Cab

Opening the cab door

A DANGER

There is a risk of damage caused by collision if the cab door opens while driving.

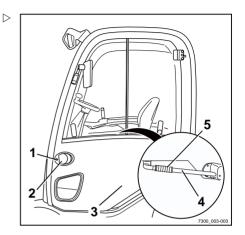
The cab door must be latched securely in the engaged position.

Opening the cab door from the outside:

- Insert the key in the door lock (1), unlock the door and remove the key.
- To release the door, pull on the door handle
 (2) and open the cab door (3) outwards.

Opening the cab door from the inside:

- Turn the rotary handle (4) on the handle (5) and push the cab door outwards.





Closing the cab door

A DANGER

There is a risk of damage caused by collision if the cab door opens while driving.

The cab door must be latched securely in the engaged position.

Closing the cab door from the outside:

- Push the cab door (3) inwards until the door lock engages.
- Make sure that the cab door is fully closed.
- Insert the key in the door lock (1), lock the door and remove the key.



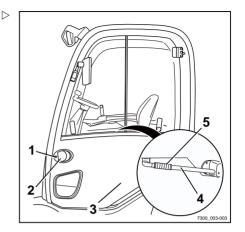
Do not close the cab door while pulling the door handle (2), otherwise the locking mechanism in the lock will not function. Use the door handle only to open the cab door.

Closing the cab door from the inside:

- Take hold of the handle (5).
- Pull the cab door inwards until the door lock engages.
- Make sure that the cab door is fully closed.



Do not turn the rotary handle (4) when closing the door or when the cab door is closed. Doing so will cause the lock to unlock, meaning that the door will not be securely closed. Use the rotary handle only to open the cab door.





Opening the side windows

▲ WARNING

There is a risk of crushing between the window frame and side window due to the side windows slipping inadvertently during travel.

 Make sure that the handle engages securely in the corresponding stop slot.

Opening the rear side window:

- Press the handle (2) together and slide the rear side window (1) forwards.
- Make sure that the handle engages in the stop slot (3).

Opening the front side window:

- Press the handle (4) together and slide the front side window (5) to the rear.
- Make sure that the handle engages in the stop slot (3).

Closing the side windows

WARNING

There is a risk of crushing between the window frame and side window due to the side windows slipping inadvertently during travel.

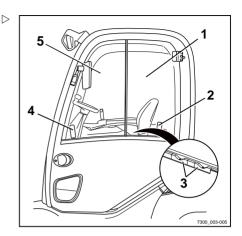
 Make sure that the handle engages securely in the corresponding stop slot.

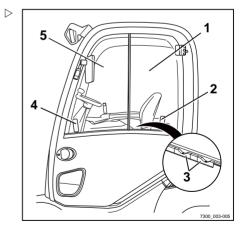
Closing the rear side window:

- Press the handle (2) together and pull the rear side window (1) to the rear.
- Make sure that the handle engages in the stop slot (3).

Closing the front side window:

- Press the handle (4) together and slide the front side window (5) forwards.
- Make sure that the handle engages in the stop slot (3).







Operating the interior lighting

An interior light (1) with swivelling support (3) is fitted in the right-hand roof lining of the cab.

The interior lighting can be operated using the switch (2) in the roof lining and via the corresponding Softkey on the display-operating unit.



Depending on the configuration of the displayoperating unit, there may be no Softkey function.



The interior lighting cannot be switched on using the switch in the roof lining if it has been switched off on the display and operating unit. The interior lighting cannot be switched on at the display and operating unit if the switch in the roof lining is in position "0".

Switching on the interior lighting

- Check whether the switch in the roof lining is in position "I"; if not, move the switch to position"I".
- To turn on the interior lighting, press the Softkey (1).

The interior lighting is switched on. The symbol is displayed.



To switch on the interior lighting at the switch in the roof lining, first actuate the Softkey on the display-operating unit, then place the switch in the roof lining in position "I".

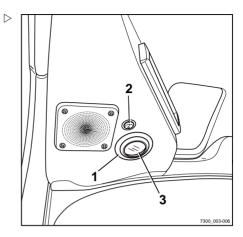
Adjusting the beam direction

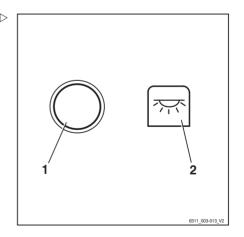
 To change the beam direction, carefully swivel the support into the required position.

Switching off the interior lighting

 To switch off the interior lighting, press the Softkey (1).

The interior lighting is switched off. The symbol (sample) (2) is displayed.









We do not recommend that you use the switch in the roof lining to turn off the interior lighting. If the interior lighting is switched off using the switch in the roof lining, both the switch in the roof lining and the Softkey on the display-operating unit must always be actuated to switch on the light.

Operating the rear window heating

Press Softkey (1) to switch on the rear window heating.

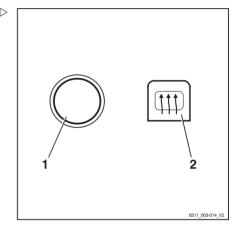
Rear window heating is switched on. The symbol is displayed.

 Press Softkey (1) to switch off the rear window heating.

Rear window heating is switched off. The () (2) symbol is displayed.



Rear window heating will switch off automatically after approximately 10 minutes.





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Radio (variant)

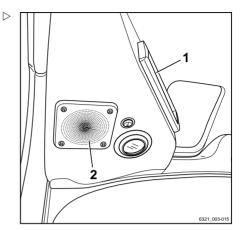
The radio (1) and the loudspeakers (2) are an equipment variant. If the truck is equipped with a radio and loudspeakers, they are integrated into the roof lining.

The description and operation can be found in the separate operating instructions for the radio.

WARNING

The driver's attention is adversely affected by operating the radio or listening to excessive volume while driving or handling loads. There is a risk of accident!

- Do not use the radio when driving or when handling loads.
- Set the radio volume so that you can still hear warning signals.





Radio with Bluetooth interface (variant)

WARNING

The driver's attention is adversely affected by operating the radio or listening to it at excessive volumes while driving or handling loads. Risk of accident!

- Do not operate the radio when driving or when handling loads.
- Adjust the radio volume so that you can still hear warning signals.

Pairing a smartphone

The Bluetooth interface on the radio is always active. The radio can be paired with a smartphone at any time using the Bluetooth function.

Carry out the following steps on your smartphone:

- · Switch on the Bluetooth function.
- · Go to the Bluetooth settings.
- Select the relevant device with the name of the radio.
- Enter the code 1234

The symbols "A2DP" (4), "HFP" (5) and "Bluetooth" (6) appear on the radio display.

The smartphone is paired with the radio.

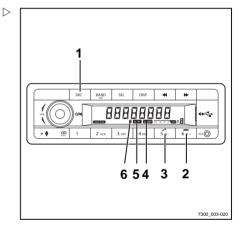
Unpairing a smartphone

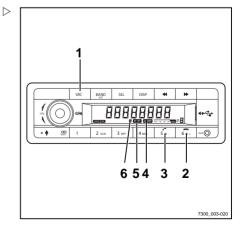
- Select mode "A2DP" (4) on the radio using the SRC button (1).
- Press and hold the 6D+ button (2) for 2 seconds.

The symbols "A2DP" (4), "HFP" (5) and "Bluetooth" (6) will disappear from the radio display.

The smartphone is no longer paired with the radio.

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Hands-free device

Prerequisite: The smartphone is paired with the radio.

Incoming calls:

Regardless of the mode (Radio, AUX, A2DP), the ringtones are broadcast via the radio speaker.

- Accept the call using the smartphone or by pressing the button depicting a green handset (3).
- End the call using the smartphone or by pressing the button depicting a red handset (2).

Outgoing calls:

 Regardless of the mode (Radio, AUX, A2DP), dial the number on the smartphone and make the call.

The acoustic signals are automatically broadcast via the radio speaker.

 End the call using the smartphone or by pressing the button depicting a red handset (2).



The telephone number can also be selected via the radio; refer to the original operating instructions for the radio

Wireless music playback (A2DP)

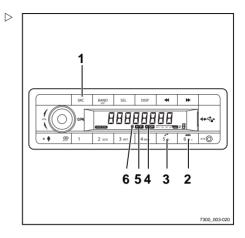
Prerequisite: The smartphone is paired with the radio.

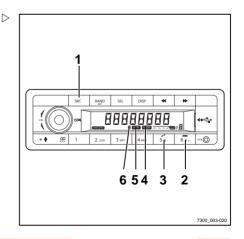
- Select mode "A2DP" (4) on the radio using the SRC button (1).
- The music starts to play on the smartphone.

The music is broadcast via the radio speaker.



For more general information and information on operating the system, refer to the original operating instructions for the radio.







Heating system



▲ DANGER

Risk of explosion!

Do not expose spray cans or gas cartridges to the flow of hot air.

The heater should not be operated near storage rooms or similar facilities where fuel vapours or coal, wood or grain dust could accumulate.

Switching on the blower

To switch on the blower, turn on the blower switch (1).

The blower runs at the speed level set at the switch.

Switching on the heating system



A DANGER

Risk of fire!

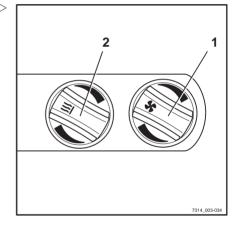
Do not cover the heater!



A DANGER

Risk of burns!

Do not touch housing during operation!





Only switch on the heating system when the blower is running.

 To switch on the heating system, turn on the heating switch (2).

The heating system is in operation. The air is heated up to the heater power set at the variable switch (2).

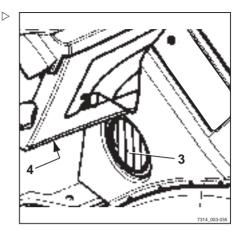


Air circulation

- To allow the air to circulate, open the air circulation vent (3) (50% air circulation).

Defrost

- To defrost the windscreen, close the footwell vent (4) and direct both front air vents towards the windscreen.
- Turn the blower to the highest setting.



Push-up roof window (variant)

▲ WARNING

Risk of crushing!

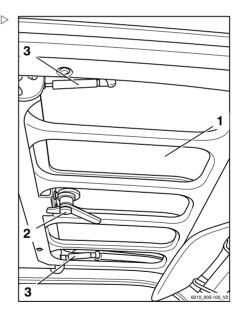
- When closing the roof window, do not reach between the roof window and the overhead guard.
- Do not reach in to touch components as they are being closed.

The push-up roof window (1) is an equipment variant.

 To unlock and open the roof window, rotate the handle (2) in an anti-clockwise direction and use it to push the roof window upwards.

The roof window is held in the open position by means of gas springs (3).

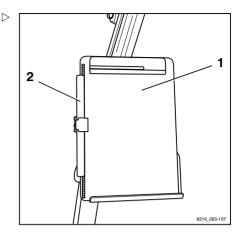
 To close and lock the roof window, pull the roof window downwards using the handle and rotate the handle in a clockwise direction





Clipboard (variant)

The clipboard (1) with reading lamp (2) is an equipment variant.



12 V socket

A 12 V socket (1) is fitted to the right of the driver's seat for connecting an external electrical consumer.

A CAUTION

Risk of short circuit!

The nominal current of the connected consumer must not exceed 10 A.

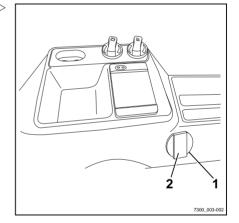
- Before connecting, check the nominal current of the device in question.
- Lift up the dust guard cover (2).
- Insert the plug of the device to be connected into the socket (1).
- Rest the dust guard cover on the plug.
- Perform a functional check of the electrical connection on the connected device.

A CAUTION

Malfunctions possible.

The exposed socket may become dirty and dusty if no plug is inserted or the dust guard cover is not closed. Over time, this can lead to problems with the electrical connection.

 Push the dust guard cover all the way down after using the socket.





Trailer operation

Towed load

A DANGER

There is an increased risk of accident when using a trailer.

Using a trailer changes the truck handling characteristics. When towing, operate the truck such that the trailer train can be safely driven and braked at all times. The maximum permissible speed when towing is 5 km/h.

- Do not exceed the permissible speed of 5 km/h.
- Do not couple the truck in front of rail vehicles.
- The truck must not be used to push any kind of trolley.
- It must be possible to drive and brake at all times.



Risk of damage to components!

The maximum towed load for occasional towing is the rated capacity specified on the nameplate. Overloading can lead to component damage on the ruck. The sum of the actual towed load and the actual load on the fork must not exceed the rated capacity. If the existing towed load corresponds to the rated capacity of the truck, no load may be transported on the fork at the same time. The load can be distributed between the fork and the trailer.

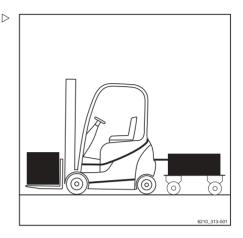
- Check the load distribution and adjust it to correspond to the rated capacity.
- Observe the permissible rigidity value of the tow coupling.

A CAUTION

Risk of damage to components!

The maximum towed load only applies when towing unbraked trailers on a level surface (maximum deviation +/- 1%) and on firm ground. The towed load must be reduced if towing on gradients. If necessary, notify the authorised service centre of the application conditions. The service centre will provide the required data.

- Inform the authorised service centre.



A CAUTION

Risk of damage to components!

A support load is not permitted.

Do not use trailers with tillers supported by the tow coupling.

This truck is suitable for the occasional towing of trailers. If the truck is equipped with a towing device, this occasional towing must not exceed 2% of the daily operating time. If the truck is to be used for towing on a more regular basis, the manufacturer should be consulted.

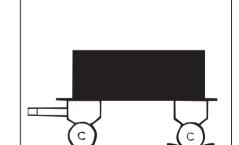
Coupling pin in the counterweight

Coupling the trailer

A DANGER

If you leave the truck briefly to couple or uncouple the trailer, there is a risk of fatal injury from the truck rolling away.

- Apply the parking brake.
- Lower the fork to the ground.
- Switch off the key switch and remove the key.
- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. using wheel chocks (1).





- Push the coupling pin (2) down, rotate by 90° and pull out.
- Adjust the tiller height.

A DANGER

People can become trapped between the truck and trailer.

When coupling, ensure that there are no persons present between the truck and the trailer.

- Slowly move the truck backwards.
- By moving the truck back, introduce the tiller into the recess (3) in the counterweight.

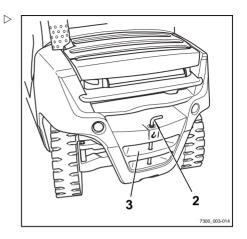
A DANGER

If the coupling pin or securing bush are lost or destroyed during towing, the trailer will work loose and become uncontrollable. This poses a risk of accident!

- Only use original coupling bolts that have been checked.
- Ensure that the coupling pin is correctly inserted and secured.
- Insert the coupling pin into the counterweight, press downwards against the spring pressure and rotate by 90° (the coupling pin is locked in this position).
- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.

Uncoupling the trailer

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. using wheel chocks.
- Push the coupling pin (2) down, rotate by 90° and pull out.
- Slowly move the truck forwards and guide the tow-bar eye completely out of the counterweight.
- Insert the coupling pin into the counterweight, press downwards against the spring pressure and rotate by 90° (the coupling pin is locked in this position).





Automatic tow coupling

A DANGER

People may be trapped between the truck and trailer

When hooking up, ensure that no one is between the truck and trailer.

A DANGER

Never jack up the truck on the tow coupling or use it for crane lifting. The tow coupling is not designed for this and could be deformed or damaged. This could cause the truck to fall, with potentially fatal consequences!

- Use the tow coupling only for towing.
- For jacking up and crane loading, use only the designated lifting points.

A DANGER

The tow coupling is not designed to support loads and could become deformed or destroyed. This could cause the supported load to fall, with potentially fatal consequences!

 The tow coupling should be subjected only to horizontal loads, i.e. the tiller must be horizontal.

A DANGER

If you briefly leave the truck to couple or uncouple the trailer, there is a risk to life caused by the truck rolling away and running you over.

- Apply the parking brake.
- Lower the forks to the ground.
- Switch off the key switch and remove the key.

WARNING

Never reach between the coupling pins and the towing jaws. If the component moves suddenly there is a risk of injury!

- To release the coupling pin, actuate the corresponding lever or use a suitable device (e.g. assembly lever).
- When not in use, close the automatic tow coupling.



WARNING

Risk of damage due to component collision.

A truck with tow coupling needs more room for manoeuvring due to its overhang. The tow coupling can damage the racking or the tow coupling itself when manoeuvring. If there is a collision with the tow coupling, test the tow coupling for damage such as cracks. A damaged tow coupling must not be used again.

- Always manoeuvre carefully and with sufficient room.
- In the case of a collision, test the tow coupling for damage.
- Replace tow coupling if damaged, if necessary contact the authorised service centre.

▲ WARNING

Risk of damage to the tow bar eye or tiller!

Due to the truck's rear wheel steering, the side slewing angle of the tiller may not be adequate. The coupling or the tiller may be damaged! The tow bar eye of the tiller must fit the tow coupling in terms of shape and size.

- Ensure that the tow bar eye and tiller fit correctly.
- Avoid sharp cornering.
- Exercise care when travelling and manoeuvring in reverse.

A WARNING

Risk of component damage if the tiller in the tow coupling is tilted!

The tiller should be kept as horizontal as possible when towing. This ensures that the rotation range is sufficient at the top and bottom. The authorised service centre can adjust the assembly height for the tow coupling to the tiller height if necessary.

- Make sure that the tiller is level.
- To change the coupling height, contact the authorised service centre.

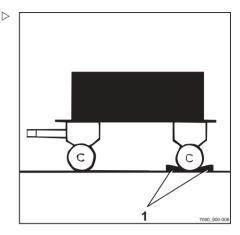


Coupling model RO*243



Tow coupling RO 243 is intended for a tow-bar eye in accordance with DIN 74054 (bore diameter: 40 mm).

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks (1).
- Adjust the tow bar eye of the tiller so that it is at the centre of the towing jaws.



- Pull out the safety handle (3).
- Push the hand lever (2) upwards.

A DANGER

Persons may become trapped between the truck and trailer.

When hooking up, ensure that no one is between the truck and trailer.

A CAUTION

When being coupled, the tow-bar eye must engage in the middle of the coupling jaw. Failure to follow these instructions could result in damage to the coupling jaw or to the tow-bar eye!

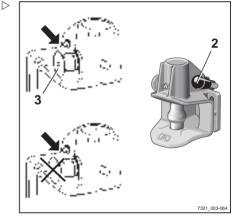
- Ensure that the tow-bar eye enters the coupling jaw centrally.
- Slowly move the truck back.

A DANGER

If the coupling pin drops out during towing, the trailer will work loose and can no longer be controlled. There is a risk of accident!

A protruding safety handle means that the tow bar eye has not been coupled correctly. The trailer must not be towed in this condition.

- Ensure that the safety handle is flush with the securing bush.
- If the safety handle protrudes, repeat the coupling process.
- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.





Tow the trailer

Closing model RO*243 by hand

A DANGER

Risk of injury from hand becoming trapped!

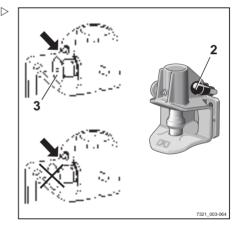
Do not reach into the coupling pin area. If, for example, a tow rope is to be secured in the tow coupling, use only a suitable device to close the tow coupling (e.g. assembly lever).

 Use a suitable device (e.g. assembly lever) to push the coupling pin up.

The coupling pin is released from the latch and the tow coupling then closes automatically.

Uncoupling model RO*243

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Pull out the safety handle (3).
- Push the hand lever (2) upwards.
- Slowly drive the truck forwards until the towbar eye and towing jaws are disconnected.
- Close the tow coupling by hand.





Coupling model RO*244 A



Trailer coupling RO 244 is intended for a tow bar eye in accordance with DIN 74054 (bore diameter 40 mm) or DIN 8454 (bore diameter 35 mm).

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Adjust the tow bar eye of the tiller so that it is at the centre of the towing jaws.
- Push the hand lever (2) upwards until it snaps into place.

The tow coupling is opened.

A DANGER

People can become trapped between the truck and trailer!

When hooking up, ensure that no one is between the truck and trailer.

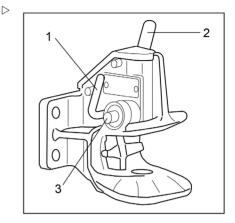
A CAUTION

When being coupled, the tow-bar eye must engage in the middle of the coupling jaw. Failure to follow these instructions could result in damage to the coupling jaw or to the tow-bar eye!

- Ensure that the tow-bar eye enters the coupling jaw centrally.
- Move the truck back slowly until the tow bar eye is inserted centrally into the coupling jaw of the tow coupling and the coupling pin engages.



The coupling pin is correctly engaged if the control pin (3) does not protrude out of its guide.



A DANGER

If the coupling pin drops out during towing, the trailer will work loose and can no longer be controlled. There is a risk of accident!

The control pin (3) must not protrude out of its guide.

Ensure that the coupling pin is engaged correctly.

If the coupling pin is not correctly engaged:

- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.
- Move the truck with the trailer forwards approx.
 1 m and then move it back slightly.
- On the coupling pin, check again that the control pin does not protrude out of its guide.
- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.
- Tow the trailer.

Closing model RO*244 A by hand

A DANGER

Risk of injury from hand becoming trapped!

Do not reach into the coupling pin area. If, for example, a tow rope is to be secured in the tow coupling, only actuate the tow coupling via the closing lever (1).

 Press the closing lever (1) downwards as far as it will go.

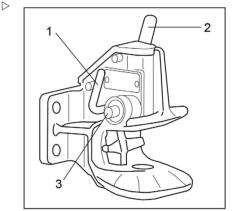
The tow coupling is closed.

Uncoupling model RO*244 A

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Push the hand lever (2) upwards until it snaps into place.

The tow coupling is opened.

- Slowly drive the truck forwards until the towbar eye and towing jaws are disconnected.
- Close the tow coupling by actuating the closing lever (1).







To protect the lower coupling pin bush against contamination, always keep the tow coupling closed.

Coupling model RO*245



Trailer coupling RO 245 is intended for a tow-bar eye in accordance with DIN 74054 (bore diameter 40 mm) or DIN 8454 (bore diameter 35 mm).

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Adjust the tow bar eye of the tiller so that it is at the centre of the towing jaws.
- Push the hand lever (5) upwards.
- The tow coupling is opened.

A DANGER

People can become trapped between the truck and trailer!

When hooking up, ensure that no one is between the truck and trailer.

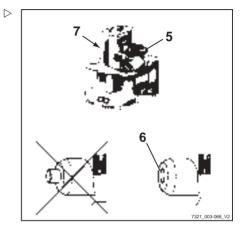
- Slowly move the truck back.

A DANGER

If the coupling pin drops out during towing, the trailer will work loose and can no longer be controlled. There is a risk of accident!

A protruding safety handle means that the tow bar eye has not been coupled correctly. The trailer must not be towed in this condition.

- Make sure that the control pin does not protrude from the control bush.
- Repeat the coupling process if necessary.
- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.
- Tow the trailer.



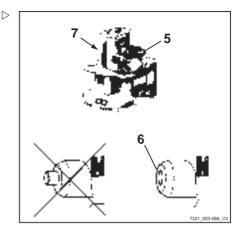


Trailer operation

Uncoupling model RO*245

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Push the hand lever (5) upwards.
- Slowly drive the truck forwards until the towbar eye and towing jaws are disconnected.
- Push the closing lever (7) on the left side of the tow coupling down as far as it will go.

The tow coupling is closed.



Coupling model RO*841



Tow coupling RO 841 is intended for a tow-bar eye in accordance with DIN 74054 (bore diameter 40 mm).

- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Push the hand lever (7) upwards until it snaps into place.

A DANGER

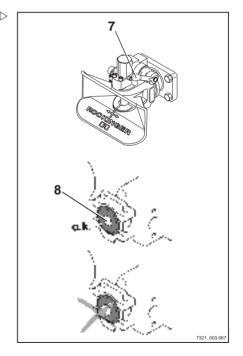
People may be trapped between truck and trailer.

When hooking up, ensure that no one is between the truck and trailer.

A CAUTION

When being coupled, the tow-bar eye must engage in the middle of the coupling jaw. Failure to follow these instructions could result in damage to the coupling jaw or to the tow-bar eye!

- Ensure that the tow-bar eye enters the coupling jaw centrally.
- Slowly move the truck back.





A DANGER

If the coupling pin drops out during towing, the trailer will work loose and can no longer be controlled. There is a risk of accident!

A protruding safety handle means that the tow bar eye has not been coupled correctly. The trailer must not be towed in this condition.

- Make sure that the control pin does not protrude from the control bush.
- Repeat the coupling process if necessary.
- Remove any items used to prevent the trailer from rolling away.
- Tow the trailer.

Uncoupling model RO*841

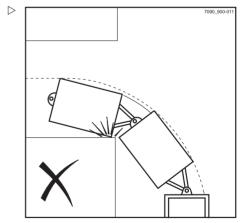
- Take measures to prevent the trailer from rolling away, e.g. use wheel chocks.
- Push the hand lever (7) upwards.
- Slowly drive the truck forwards until the towbar eye and towing jaws are disconnected.
- Close the tow coupling.

Towing trailers

- Drivers who are towing a trailer for the first time must practise driving with a trailer in a suitable area
- When passing through narrow road areas (entrances, gates etc.), observe the dimensions of the trailer and load.
- When towing multiple trailers, ensure a sufficient minimum distance to fixed installations when turning and cornering.

The permissible length of the trailer trains depends on the roadways to be driven and may need to be determined during the test drive.

It is the responsibility of the operating company to instruct the drivers regarding the permissible number of trailers and, where required, any additional speed reductions on individual sections of the route





Trailer operation



Please observe the definition of the following responsible persons: "operating company" and "driver".



Display content

On the display of the display-operating unit, event-related messages may appear due to certain truck conditions.

The following types of message may appear individually or in combination:

- · A graphic symbol (2)
- The message (3)
- An error code (4) consisting of a letter and a four-digit number



Each time a message appears, the "Malfunction" display (1) also lights up.

Messages are always shown repeatedly and for a certain period of time, according to the event

In the case of successive events, the respective messages are displayed one after another on the display.

After a few seconds, the display will alternate between the last shown operating display and the message.

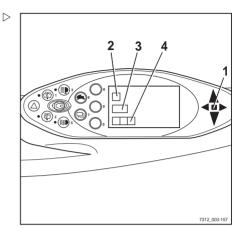
The frequency of alternation depends on the type of event.

If a message appears, follow these operating instructions.

Once the event is remedied, the message will disappear.

If a malfunction continues to occur, the message will continue to appear.

- Park the truck safely.
- Inform the authorised service centre.





Error code table

The table gives an overview of possible displays. In the "Comment" column you will find information on how to proceed should any of these messages be displayed.

Message text/ Error code	Comment	
OVERHEATING A5022	Traction motor(s) is/are too hot. 1st phase: regulation of acceleration and speed. 2nd phase: limitation of phase current in converter (emergency driving function is retained). The error automatically disappears as soon as the temperature is below the limit. If the error occurs frequently, notify your authorised service centre.	
ACCELERATOR A3002 A3003 A3004 A3005 A3006 A3007 A3505	Sensor fault, truck cannot be driven. Notify your authorised service centre.	
ACCELERATOR A3008	Accelerator voltages (for dual pedal) do not match; truck cannot be driven. Notify your authorised service centre.	
ACCELERATOR A3811	Accelerator configuration is invalid; truck cannot be driven. Notify your authorised service centre.	
BRAKE SENSOR A3016 A3017	Sensor fault; truck can only be driven at emergency mode speed. Notify your authorised service centre.	
BRAKE SENSOR A3035	Brake fluid level too low or switch defective; truck can only be driven at the emergency mode speed. Notify your authorised service centre.	
CONFIGURATION A2111	Parameterisation error or defective printed circuit board; drive unit and hydraulic drive not functioning. Notify your authorised service centre.	
CONFIGURATION A3801	Parameterisation error; drive unit and hydraulic drive not functioning. Notify your authorised service centre.	
CONFIGURATION A3812	Drive program parameters are outside the permitted range. The drive program parameters are limited internally. Notify your authorised service centre.	



Message text/	Comment	
Error code		
SEAT SWITCH A3027	Seat switch has not been operated for approx. 8 hours. Truck can possibly still be driven at a reduced speed and with reduced lifting capacity. Stand up briefly and then sit down again. If this does not resolve the problem, contact your authorised service centre.	
STEERING A3215	Sensor fault; truck moves at emergency mode speed. Notify your authorised service centre.	
DRIVE DIRECTION A3020	Switch error; no or limited drive unit function. Notify your authorised service centre.	
LIFTING A3102 A3103	Sensor fault; no or limited hydraulic drive function. Notify your authorised service centre.	
TILTING A3107 A3108	Sensor fault; no or limited hydraulic drive function. Notify your authorised service centre.	
AUX1 A3112 A3113	Sensor fault; no or limited hydraulic drive function. Notify your authorised service centre.	
AUX2 A3117 A3118	Sensor fault; no or limited hydraulic drive function. Notify your authorised service centre.	
VERTICAL MAST A3130 A3131 A3132	No hydraulic function. Turn off "vertical lift mast position". Notify your authorised service centre.	
VERTICAL MAST ERROR A3135	No hydraulic function. Turn off "vertical lift mast position". Notify your authorised service centre.	
SUPPLY A2242 A2257	Transmitter power supply short circuit. Truck cannot be driven. Notify your authorised service centre.	
SURVEILLANCE A2801 A2802 A2808 A2809 A2810 A2815	Drive unit not functioning. Release accelerator pedal. If this error occurs sporadically, it can be tolerated. If the operational capacity is impaired, notify your authorised service centre.	
SURVEILLANCE A2803 A2806	Drive direction is set to neutral. Reselect the drive direction. If this error occurs sporadically, it can be tolerated. If the operational capacity is impaired, notify your authorised service centre.	



Message text/ Error code	Comment	
SURVEILLANCE A2817	Truck is not ready for operation. Turn the key switch to the zero position and restart. If this error occurs sporadically, it can be tolerated. If the operational capacity is impaired, notify your authorised service centre.	
DRIVE A5041	Temperature sensor fault Notify your authorised service centre.	
OIL PRESSURE A5631	Engine faulty (no oil pressure) or sensor faulty. Engine is switched off for protection. Notify your authorised service centre.	
COOLANT LEVEL A5611	Fan is not running. Cooling fluid level too low, check the cooling fluid level and top up the cooling fluid if necessary. If this does not resolve the problem, contact your authorised service centre.	
AIR FILTER A5651	Depending on the design of the air filter, replace the filter insert or the filter cartridges. If this does not resolve the problem, contact your authorised service centre.	
CONTROL UNIT A3305	CIO not functioning. Notify your authorised service centre.	
EXHAUST GAS PURIFIER A5791	No regeneration and no intermediate glow. Notify your authorised service centre.	
EXHAUST GAS PURIFIER A5792 A5793 A5794 A5796	Regeneration cannot be started. Notify your authorised service centre.	
EXHAUST GAS PURIFIER A5795 A5797 A5798	Regeneration has been interrupted. Notify your authorised service centre.	
ALTERNATOR A5811	Starter battery is not charged. Notify your authorised service centre.	

General messages



Some of the following messages are equipment-specific and may not appear on the display and operating unit of every truck. The following messages are therefore intended only as a reference.



SERVICE BRAKE message

If the message SERVICE BRAKE appears on the display, notify the authorised service centre

- Park the truck securely for checking by the authorised service centre.
- If multi-disc brakes in the drive wheel units are blocked, tow the truck.

APPLY HANDBRAKE message

A DANGER

Risk of fatal injury from being run over if the truck rolls away!

Parking the truck without the parking brake applied is dangerous and is not permitted.

- The truck must not be parked on a slope.
- Only leave the truck when the parking brake has been applied.
- In emergencies, secure the truck using wedges on the side facing downhill.

i NOTE

The truck is equipped with a negative springoperated brake. Switching off the truck will block the multi-disc brakes in the drive wheel units after a few minutes. However, the truck can still roll until the drive wheel units are blocked. For this reason, the parking brake must always be applied before you leave the truck!

If you park the truck without applying the parking brake and then vacate the driver's seat, the APPLY HANDBRAKE message will appear in the display (variant). An optional signal tone sounds.

Apply the parking brake.

The APPLY HANDBRAKE message disappears.

If the truck moves even though the parking brake is applied:

- Drive the truck onto level ground and park it safely. Secure it with wedges if necessary.
- Notify the authorised service centre.



BRAKE SENSOR message

If the BRAKE SENSOR message appears in the display, the maximum driving speed will be reduced. The brake sensor in the brake pedal must be checked.

Notify the authorised service centre.

CODE DENIED message

If the message CODE DENIED appears on the display, the driver PIN has been entered incorrectly three times. The input is then locked for five minutes before another attempt can be made.

- Enter the driver PIN again after five minutes.

ACCELERATOR message

If the ACCELERATOR message appears on the display, the truck will remain stationary. The accelerator must be checked.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

SWITCH OFF TRUCK? message

If the message SWITCH OFF THE TRUCK? appears on the display, the switching-off of the truck is verified.

 Press the corresponding softkey on the display and operating unit to switch off the truck or cancel the operation.

PARKING BRAKE ACTIVE message

If the electric parking brake is applied, the PARKING BRAKE ACTIVE message appears on the display for 5 seconds.

Release the parking brake to enable driving mode

RELEASE PARKING BRAKE message

If the message RELEASE PARKING BRAKE appears on the display, driving mode cannot be enabled until the parking brake has been released by pressing the button.



Release the parking brake by pressing the button.

PARKING BRAKE: APPLY HAND-BRAKE! message

If the message PARKING BRAKE: APPLY HANDBRAKE! appears on the display, the electric parking brake is faulty.

Release the parking brake by pressing the button.

LOWER FORKS message

A DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from a falling load or parts of the truck being lowered!

Parking the truck with the load lifted is dangerous and is not permitted under any circumstances! The increased safety provided by this function must not be misused in order to take safety risks.

- Lower the load fully before leaving the truck.

The fork is not lowered.

If the fork is above the height sensor, the key switch is turned off and the seat vacated, the LOWER FORKS message appears in the display (variant). An optional signal tone sounds.

- Lower the fork to the ground.

The message LOWER FORKS disappears.

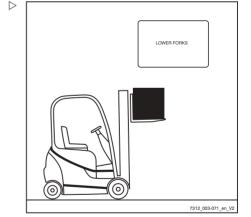
STEERING message

If the STEERING message appears in the display, the truck will only move at emergency mode speed. The steering angle sensor must be checked.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

TILTING SPEED message

If the message TILTING SPEED appears on the display after the welcome screen, the tilting speed of the lift mast on this truck is significantly higher than on previous trucks in this family.





EMERGENCY SWITCH message

WARNING

No electric braking assistance is available when the emergency off switch is actuated!

Actuating the emergency off switch will disconnect the drives from the power supply.

To brake, actuate the service brake.

The truck is equipped with an emergency off switch. When this switch is actuated, the driving functions and the functions of the working hydraulics are blocked.

The EMERGENCY SWITCH message appears periodically when the following criteria are met:

- · The key switch is set to stage "I"
- · The emergency off switch is actuated
- · An operating device is actuated

? VERTICAL POSITION

If the message? VERTICAL POSITION appears on the display, calibration of the "vertical lift mast position" has been activated.

 Save the mast position or cancel the calibration.

REFERENCE CYCLE message

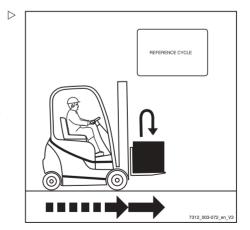
If the fork was lowered after the truck was switched off, the control electronics do not know the position of the fork when the truck is restarted. The truck will only travel at a reduced driving speed. Depending on the position of the fork, the message REFERENCE CYCLE (variant) may appear in the display. To align the position with the control electronics, the fork must be raised.

Switch on the key switch.

The truck will only travel at a reduced driving speed. The message REFERENCE CYCLE may appear in the display.

- Raise the fork.

The message REFERENCE CYCLE goes out, or now appears in the display for the first time and then goes out.





 To drive again, lower the fork to a maximum of 300 mm above the ground.

The truck can now be driven again with no speed limitation.

SAFETY BELT message



A DANGER

Risk of fatal injury in the event of falling from the truck if it tips over!

If the truck tips over, the driver is at risk of injury even if a restraint system is used. The risk of injury can be reduced by using a combination of a restraint system and a seat belt. In addition, the seat belt protects against the consequences of rear-end collisions and falling off ramps.

We recommend that you always use the seat belt.

This device (variant) ensures that if the seat belt is not being used or is being used incorrectly, the truck will only drive slowly or (optionally) will not drive at all.

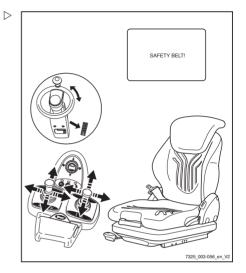
Depending on the configuration selected, the working hydraulics functions (lifting/tilting) are either available as normal, slowed down or not available at all.

The SAFETY BELT message with the restricted driving and lifting functions is triggered by the following circumstances:

- Seat belt not worn and driver's seat occupied
- The seat belt is constantly fastened but the driver's seat is only occupied afterwards
- The seat belt is not fastened until after the key switch has been switched on
- The seat belt is unfastened while driving
- If the SAFETY BELT message appears, fasten the seat belt in accordance with the regulations.

The truck can again be operated without restrictions.

If the seat belt is released while driving, the truck will be limited to low driving speeds or will be braked to a halt.





A DANGER

Risk of accident!

The speed must be adjusted to suit the driving situation!

The increased safety provided by this function must not be misused in order to take safety risks.

ARE YOU SURE? message

If the message ARE YOU SURE? appears on the display, a prior prompt is verified.

 Press the corresponding softkey on the display and operating unit to continue or to cancel the operation.

SEAT SWITCH message

The truck is equipped with a seat switch.

If the SEAT SWITCH message appears, the driving functions and the working hydraulics are blocked.

The SEAT SWITCH message is triggered by the following situations:

- The seat switch is not actuated while the accelerator pedal or steering wheel is actuated
- The seat switch is not actuated while the operating device for the working hydraulics is actuated
- · The shift time has been exceeded
- · The operating time has been exceeded



The operating devices shown in the following illustrations are only examples and may differ from the equipment in your truck.

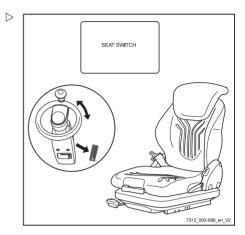


The seat switch is not actuated while the accelerator pedal or steering wheel is actuated

The accelerator pedal or the steering wheel is actuated, even though no one is sitting in the driver's seat. The message SEAT SWITCH appears on the display. The truck will not move.

 Sit in the driver's seat and fasten the seat helt

The truck can be driven again without restrictions.

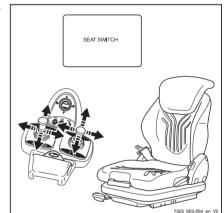


The seat switch is not actuated while the operating device for the working hydraulics is actuated

An operating device for the working hydraulics is actuated, even though no one is sitting in the driver's seat. The message SEAT SWITCH appears on the display. The working hydraulics functions cannot be executed.

 Sit in the driver's seat and fasten the seat belt.

The working hydraulics can be operated again.





The shift time has been exceeded



NOTE

The shift time is adjustable.

If the key switch is switched on and the driver does not leave the seat before the set shift time is exceeded. SEAT SWITCH appears on the display. This is also the case if an operating device for the working hydraulics or the accelerator pedal is actuated. Depending on the configuration, the working hydraulic functions can be executed normally, only slowly or not at all.

- Stand up briefly from the seat, sit back down again and fasten the seat belt.

The truck can again be operated without restrictions.

The operating time has been exceeded



The operating time is adjustable.

If the key switch is switched on, the parking brake is released and the driver does not leave the seat before the set operating time is exceeded, and if neither the operating devices for the working hydraulics nor the accelerator pedal are actuated during this time, SEAT SWITCH appears on the display. The truck will not move. Depending on the configuration, the working hydraulic functions can be executed normally, only slowly or not at all.

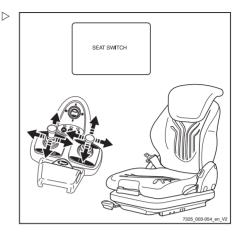
- Stand up briefly from the seat, sit back down again and fasten the seat belt.

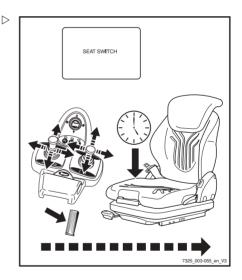
The truck can again be operated without restrictions.

OVERHEATING message

If the message OVERHEATING appears on the display, the traction motors have overheated. The acceleration and the speed of the truck are reduced.

- Allow the truck to cool down
- If the error persists, contact your authorised service centre.







SURVEILLANCE message

If the SURVEILLANCE message appears in the display, there is a fault in the process monitoring.

This shuts off the drive unit.

- Switch the key switch to the "0" position and then back to the "I" position.
- Start the engine.
- Release accelerator pedal.
- Select the drive direction again.



If this error occurs sporadically, it can be tolerated. If the operational capacity is impaired, notify your authorised service centre.

NOT VALID message

If the message NOT VALID appears on the display, an incorrect driver PIN has been entered when entering the access code.

 Once the message goes out, enter the driver PIN again.

Drive-specific messages



Some of the following messages are equipment-specific and may not appear on the display and operating unit of every truck. The following messages are therefore intended only as a reference.

EXH.GAS PURIFIER message

If the EXH. GAS PURIFIER message appears on the display, the particle filter is full.

- Regenerate the particle filter.





If the EXH.GAS PURIFIER message appears during regeneration, a fault has occurred.

· Notify the authorised service centre

EXH.GAS PURIFIER PLEASE WAIT message

If the EXH. GAS PURIFIER PLEASE WAIT message appears on the display, the particle filter is being regenerated.

- Wait for particle filter regeneration.

EXH.GAS PURIFIER SERVICE!!! message

If the message EXH. GAS PURIFIER SER-VICE!!! appears on the display, the particle filter was not regenerated on time. The particle filter system must be repaired by the authorised service centre.

- To avoid damage, take the truck out of operation until it is repaired.
- Notify the authorised service centre.

CUTOUT MODE message

When automatic shut-off is activated, the message CUTOUT MODE appears on the display; see the section entitled "Automatic shut-off of the internal combustion engine (variant)".

- Sit on the driver's seat.

The message goes out and the truck is ready for operation again.

ADBLUE URGENT! message

If the AdBlue[®] filling level drops below 2 litres, the driving speed is limited to 2 km/h.

- Maintain the quality of the AdBlue[®]; see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".
- Top up the AdBlue®.



ADBLUE FILLING LEVEL message

If the filling level of the AdBlue[®] tank has fallen significantly, the ADBLUE FILLING LEVEL message appears on the display-operating unit

If an AdBlue[®] filling level of 2 litres is reached, the driving speed is limited to 5 km/h.

- Maintain the quality of the AdBlue[®]; see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".
- Top up the AdBlue®.

ADBLUE REFILL 5I message

If the message ADBLUE REFILL 51 appears, a maximum of 5 litres of AdBlue[®] must be added.

- Maintain the quality of the AdBlue[®]; see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".
- Top up the AdBlue®.

ADBLUE QUALITY message

This truck is equipped with a sensor that measures the quality of the exhaust gas cleaned using AdBlue[®].

If the quality of the exhaust gas deteriorates, the ADBLUE QUALITY message appears on the display and operating unit.

If the exhaust gas quality deteriorates further, the driving speed is limited to 5 km/h.

- Maintain the quality of the AdBlue[®]; see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".
- Top up the AdBlue[®].

ADBLUE QUALITY URGENT! message

If the quality sensor detects a deterioration in the quality of the exhaust gas cleaned using $AdBlue^{\otimes}$, the message ADBLUE QUALITY URGENT! appears on the display-operating unit.

The driving speed is limited to 2 km/h.

 Maintain the quality of the AdBlue[®]; see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".



Top up the AdBlue[®].

ASH LOAD message

If the message ASH LOAD appears on the display, the particle filter has become clogged with ash. Repair must be performed by the authorised service centre.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

GLOW message

If the GLOW message appears in the display, the engine is being preheated.

Preheating can take up to 22 seconds. If the engine is already at operating temperature, preheating is not performed.

Once the message goes out, start the engine.

HYBRID SYSTEM message

If the message HYBRID SYSTEM is shown on the display, the energy storage system has been deactivated because of an error.

The truck remains operational. However, the fuel consumption increases marginally.

 Contact the authorised service centre in order to rectify the error.

HYDRAULIC PUMP message

If the HYDRAULIC PUMP message appears on the display, there was an error in the hydraulic-pump volume control.

The engine can be overloaded and stall as a result of the overload. This causes the assisted steering and regenerative braking to malfunction. Further operation of the truck is therefore not permissible. The driving speed is limited to 5 km/h.

 Contact the authorised service centre in order to rectify the error.



FUEL FILTER message

The fuel filter is equipped with a level indicator that reports water aggregation in the fuel filter on the display and operating unit. If the message FUEL FILTER appears in the display, the fuel filter is saturated with water. This water must be drained

Drain water from the fuel filter.

COOLANT LEVEL message

If the message COOLANT LEVEL appears on the display, the cooling fluid level is too low.

 Check the cooling fluid level and add cooling fluid if necessary.

A CAUTION

Risk of engine damage!

If the cooling fluid level is low, this indicates a leak in the cooling system.

 Check the cooling system for leaks; see the chapter entitled "Cleaning the radiator, checking for leaks".

EMPTY message

If the message ${\tt EMPTY}$ flashes on the display, the gas supply is almost exhausted.

Change the LPG cylinder or fill the LPG tank

ALTERNATOR message

If the ALTERNATOR message appears in the display, this means that the alternator is no longer charging the starter battery.

This may have the following causes:

- Drive belt loose or damaged
- The electrics to or from the alternator are faulty
- · The alternator is faulty



If the fault is not rectified within a short time, the starter battery will soon run out of charge



and it will no longer be possible to operate the truck.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

LPG AUTO. VALVE message

If the message LPG AUTO. VALVE appears on the display when the LPG engine is switched off, and the engine does not switch off until after approximately 60 seconds, there is an error.

Initially, the truck can still be operated. The error message is shown on the display and operating unit until the error has been rectified by the authorised service centre.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

AIR FILTER message

If the AIR FILTER message appears on the display, the filter insert or the filter cartridge must be replaced.

- Replace the filter insert or the filter cartridge.

OIL PRESSURE message

A CAUTION

Risk of engine damage!

If the OIL PRESSURE message appears in the display, the engine's oil pressure is too low.

- Stop the engine immediately.

The message can have different causes:

- · The engine has overheated
- · Insufficient oil
- · The oil is insufficiently viscous
- · Engine damage
- Check engine oil level.
- Change the engine oil if necessary.
- Notify the authorised service centre.

REGENERATION COMPLETED message

If the message REGENERATION COM-PLETED appears on the display, parked re-



generation is complete. The truck is ready for operation again.

SCR-SYSTEM SERVICE message

If the message SCR-SYSTEM SERVICE appears on the display, there is a fault in the SCR exhaust gas treatment system.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

SCR-SYSTEM MALFUNCTION message

If the message SCR-SYSTEM MALFUNC-TION appears on the display, there is a fault in the SCR exhaust gas treatment system.

- Notify the authorised service centre.

PARK. REG. URGENT!!! message

If the message PARK. REG. URGENT!!! appears on the display, parked regeneration of the particle filter is required urgently.

- Perform parked regeneration.

Until parked regeneration has been carried out, the maximum speed of the truck is reduced to 2 km/h. The lifting speed is restricted.

PARK. REG. ERROR message

If the message PARK. REG. ERROR appears on the display, parked regeneration was interrupted by applying the parking brake or by a malfunction in the internal combustion engine.

- Apply the parking brake.
- Restart parked regeneration.
- If the parking brake was not actuated and the message PARK. REG. ERROR appears anyway, notify the authorised service centre

START PARK. REG.? message

If the message START PARK. REG.? appears on the display, the truck is ready for parked regeneration.



Refuelling

- Perform parked regeneration.

START IC ENGINE message

If the message START IC ENGINE appears on the display, the internal combustion engine of the truck can be started.

- Start the engine.

Refuelling

Diesel fuel - Specifications

A CAUTION

Risk of component damage if non-approved fuels are used!

Use only approved fuels with the following specifications.

If non-approved fuels are used, compliance with specified emission values and the service life of the engine cannot be guaranteed! This truck is equipped with an engine that fulfils the requirements of the EU level IIIB and US EPA interim Tier 4 standards, and also with an exhaust gas treatment system.

The truck may be operated only with sulphurfree diesel fuels as defined by the following standards:

- EN 590
- ASTM D 975 Grade 2-D S15
- ASTM D 975 Grade 1-D S15
- or non-road fuels (light fuel oils) in line with the EN 590 standard

If these fuel types are not used, compliance with specified emission values and the service life of the engine cannot be guaranteed.

Minimum requirements for fuels in countries in which none of the approved diesel fuels are available can be requested from the authorised service centre. The operating company is obligated to check the permissibility of the fuel used in accordance with national regulations.



The following is not permitted:

- Admixtures of petroleum, kerosene or additional fluidity additives
- · Distillate fuels for marine engines
- · Jet fuels
- · Biodiesel fuels
- US fuels in line with the ASTM D 975 1-D S500 or ASTM D 975 2-D S500 standards
- If necessary, query with the authorised service centre.

The following limit values in accordance with EN 590 must be complied with (amongst other things):

Parameter	Unit	Value
Cetane number ¹⁾	-	Min. 51
Density at 15 C	kg/m ³	820-845
Sulphur content	mg/kg	Max. 10

¹⁾ The use of diesel fuels with a lower cetane number can lead to white smoke development and misfiring. In winter, the use of diesel fuels with a higher cetane number is recommended.

Sulphur content in the diesel fuel

A CAUTION

Insufficient lubrication can lead to engine damage!

 Use only sulphur-free diesel fuels in accordance with manufacturer specifications.

Insufficient lubrication capacity in diesel fuels with a sulphur content > 500 mg/kg can lead to serious problems due to wear, above all in common rail injection systems. In sulphur-free diesel fuels in accordance with EN 590 and ASTM D 975, sufficient lubrication capacity is guaranteed with corresponding fuel additives during refining.

Fuels with a sulphur content > 0.5% (m/m) require a shortened lubricating oil change interval and must not be used in engines with a particle filter system. Fuels with a sulphur



Refuelling

content > 1.0% (m/m) are also not permissible due to high corrosion and significant lifetime reduction of the engine.

Winter operation with diesel fuel

A CAUTION

Adding petrol can lead to malfunctions in the fuel injection system!

- Do not add petrol.
- Do not add petroleum, kerosene or additional fluidity additives.
- If necessary, query with the authorised service centre.

In winter operation, special demands are placed on the low-temperature performance of fuels. Generally, diesel fuels that can be used at temperatures down to -44 C are available on the open market. Therefore, it is not necessary to add additives to improve the fluidity. Adding petrol can lead to the formation of vapour pockets (cavitation) in the fuel system. This disrupts the function of the fuel injection system and, if continued over a long period of time, can lead to component damage.

Non-road fuels



In some European countries, non-road-fuels are defined with the same characteristics as light fuel oil. The permissibility as a fuel is handled differently in individual countries. Light fuel oils and non-road-fuels are suitable for the engine if all the limit values of EN 590 are complied with.

- Use only sulphur-free diesel fuels in accordance with manufacturer specifications.
- The operating company is obligated to check the permissibility of the fuel used in accordance with national regulations.



Filling up with diesel fuel

A CAUTION

If the diesel fuel tank has been run empty, the fuel injection system can draw in air bubbles. This can lead to malfunctions in the fuel injection system.

- Never run the diesel fuel tank empty.

The fuel reserve is shown by the fuel level indicator (1) flashing on the display screen of the display operating unit.

A DANGER

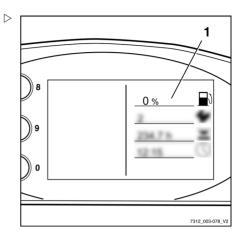
There is a risk of fire when filling up with diesel fuel!

- Turn off the engine before filling up.
- When refuelling, smoking or the use of an open flame is strictly forbidden!
- Legal regulations relating to the handling of diesel fuel must be observed.
- Observe the safety regulations for handling diesel fuel; see the chapter entitled "Diesel fuel".

A CAUTION

The truck may only be operated with diesel fuel that complies with DIN EN 590; otherwise, there is a risk of engine damage.

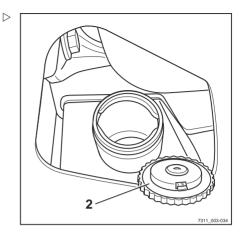
- Use of fuel additives supporting soot burn-off is not permitted.
- Starting aids (such as "Startpilot" or similar) must not be used.
- At low temperatures, winter diesel must be used; see the chapter entitled "Diesel fuel -Specifications".
- Open the locking cap (2) on the fuel tank.





Refuelling

 Fill up with clean diesel fuel; for the maximum filling quantity see the chapter entitled "Maintenance data table".





Cleaning

Cleaning the truck

- Park the truck securely.



WARNING

There is a risk of injury due to falling when climbing onto the truck!

When climbing onto the truck, you can get stuck or slip on components and fall. Higher points on the truck may only be made accessible with corresponding devices.

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- For climbing onto the truck, use only the steps provided for this purpose.
- For reaching inaccessible places, use devices such as stepladders or platforms.

A CAUTION

If water penetrates the electrical system, there is a risk of short circuit!

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- Before cleaning, switch the electrical system off so that there is no voltage.
- Do not spray drive units and electrical components or their covers directly with water.

A CAUTION

Failure to follow these instructions could result in damaged components!

The engine must be switched off during washing.

Water should not be used for cleaning the area around the central electrical system; instead, only clean with a dry cloth or clean compressed air.

A CAUTION

Excessive water pressure or water and steam that are too hot can damage truck components.

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- Only use high-pressure cleaners with a maximum output power of 50 bar and at a maximum temperature of 85°C.



Cleaning

- When using high-pressure cleaners, make sure there is a distance of at least 20 cm between the nozzle and the object being cleaned.
- Do not aim the cleaning jet directly at adhesive labels or decal information.



A DANGER

Risk of fire!

Deposits/accumulations of combustible materials may ignite in the vicinity of hot components (e.g. exhaust pipes).

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- Regularly remove all deposits/accumulations of foreign materials in the vicinity of hot components.
- Do not place combustible materials in the engine compartment.



A DANGER

Flammable fluids can be ignited by hot components on the truck, causing a risk of fire!

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- Do not use flammable fluids for cleaning.
- Observe the manufacturer's guidelines for working with cleaning materials.

A CAUTION

Abrasive cleaning materials can damage component surfaces!

Using abrasive cleaning materials that are unsuitable for plastics may dissolve plastic parts or make them brittle. The display and operating unit screen may become cloudy.

- Adhere strictly to the following steps.
- Clean plastic parts with plastic cleaning materials only.
- Observe the manufacturer's guidelines for working with cleaning materials.



Washing the truck exterior

- Clean the truck exterior with water-soluble cleaning materials and water (water jet, sponge, cloth).
- Clean all walk-in areas, the oil filling openings and their surroundings, and the lubricating nipples before lubricating.



Please note: The more often the truck is cleaned, the more frequently it must be lubricated.

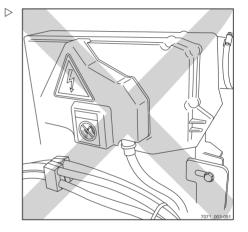
Cleaning the electrical system



A CAUTION

Cleaning electrical system parts with water can damage the electrical system.

- Cleaning electrical system parts with water is forbidden!
- Use dry cleaning materials in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- Do not remove covers etc.
- Clean the electrical system parts with a metal-free brush and blow the dust off with low-pressure compressed air.





Cleaning

Cleaning load chains

WARNING

Risk of accident!

Load chains are safety elements.

The use of cold/chemical cleaners or fluids that are corrosive or contain acid or chlorine can damage the chains and is forbidden!

- Observe the manufacturer's guidelines for working with cleaning materials.
- Place a collection vessel under the lift mast.
- Clean with paraffin derivatives, such as benzine.
- When using a steam jet, do not use additional cleaning agents.
- Remove any water in the chain links using compressed air immediately after cleaning.
 Move the chain several times during this procedure.
- Immediately after drying the chain, spray it with chain spray. Move the chain several times during this procedure.

For chain spray specifications, see the "Maintenance data table" chapter.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Dispose of any fluid that has been spilled or collected in the collection vessel in an environmentally friendly manner. Follow the statutory regulations.

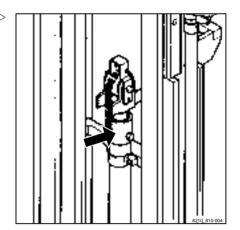
Cleaning the windows

Any panes of glass, e.g. cab windows (variant), must always be kept clean and free of ice. This is the only means of guaranteeing good visibility.

A CAUTION

Do not damage the rear window heater (inside)!

- Take great care when cleaning the rear window and do not use any objects with sharp edges.
- Clean the windows using a commercially available glass cleaner.





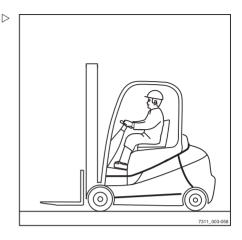
After washing

- Carefully dry the truck (e.g. with compressed air).
- Sit on the driver's seat and start up the truck in accordance with regulations.

A CAUTION

Risk of short circuit!

- If any moisture has penetrated into the engine despite the precautionary measures taken, this must first be dried with compressed air.
- The truck must then be started up to prevent possible corrosion damage.



Procedure in emergencies

Emergency shutdown

▲ WARNING

No electric braking assistance is available when the emergency off switch is actuated!

Actuating the emergency off switch will de-energise the drive unit. The truck will not be held on a slope by the electric brake.

- Use the emergency off switch only there is a risk of fire or to carry out a functional test.
- To brake, actuate the service brake.

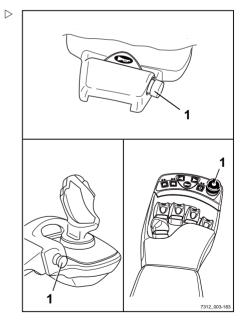
WARNING

There is no power steering when the emergency off switch is actuated!

The truck is equipped with a hydraulic power steering system. When the emergency off switch is actuated, the hydraulic system is completely shut down. Steering forces are increased by the remaining emergency steering function.

- Use the emergency off switch only there is a risk of fire or to carry out a functional test.
- Steer with a higher level of force.

The emergency off switch (1) is used to cancel particle filter regeneration (variant) when a fire risk is present. The emergency off switch may also be used to carry out a functional test.





Procedure in emergencies



Only trucks with a particle filter system (variant) or a joystick 4Plus (variant) have an emergency off switch.

Actuating the emergency off switch in drive mode switches off the electric brake, the hydraulic system and the drive unit. This has the following effect:

- No reduction in truck speed when the accelerator pedal is released, according to the drive program selected. The truck will coast
- The electric brake does not function during the first part of brake pedal travel. To brake the truck using the mechanical brake, the brake pedal must be pushed down further
- The truck can only be held on a slope using the mechanical brake, not the electric brake
- No power steering effect. Steering forces are increased by the remaining emergency steering function.
- · No hydraulic functions are available



Use the emergency off switch if there is a risk of fire or to carry out a functional test

- Press the emergency off switch (1).

The truck will roll to a stop in drive mode.

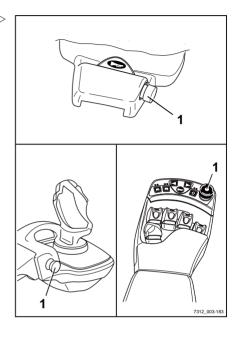
 Brake the truck to a standstill by actuating the brake pedal.

A DANGER

There is a risk of fire!

If particle filter regeneration was interrupted because of a fire risk, take the truck out of operation until the defect is remedied.

Notify your authorised service centre.



Procedure if truck tips over

A DANGER

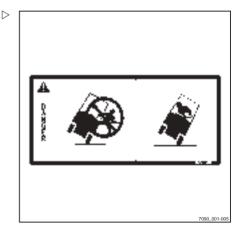
If the truck tips over, the driver could fall out and slide under the truck with potentially fatal consequences. There is a risk to life.

Failure to comply with the limits specified in these operating instructions, e.g. driving on unacceptably steep gradients or failing to adjust speed when cornering, can cause the truck to tip over. If the truck starts to tip over, do not leave the truck under any circumstances. This increases the danger of being hit by the truck.

- Do not release your seat belt.
- Never jump off the truck.
- You must adhere to the rules of behaviour if the truck tips over.

Rules of behaviour if truck tips over:

Hold onto the steering wheel with your hands.





Procedure in emergencies

- Brace your feet in the footwell.
- Bend your upper body over the steering wheel.
- Bend your body against the direction of the fall.

Emergency hammer

The emergency hammer is used to rescue the driver if he is shut inside the cab in a hazardous situation, for example if the truck has toppled over and the cab door cannot be opened.

Single-pane safety glass can be struck relatively safely using the emergency hammer in order for the driver to escape or be rescued from the danger area.

Using the emergency hammer

▲ WARNING

When glass is smashed there is a risk of injury caused by glass splinters!

When the cab glass is smashed, splinters of glass can shoot into the face and cause damage to skin and eyes through cuts. When a pane of glass is smashed, the face should be turned away and covered with the crook of the free arm.

- Protect the face when smashing a pane of glass.
- Pull the emergency hammer out of its support mounting at the handle.
- Using one of the two metal tips on the head of the emergency hammer, hit the pane of glass with force until it breaks.

Emergency lowering

If the hydraulic controller fails whilst a load is raised, emergency lowering can be performed. An emergency lowering screw for this purpose is located on the control block.







▲ DANGER

There is a risk of fatal injury from falling loads or parts of the truck being lowered.

- Do not walk beneath the raised load.
- Follow the steps described below.

WARNING

The load is lowered!

The lowering speed is regulated by unscrewing the emergency lowering screw.

- Note the list of points below.

Remember the following:

- · Tightening torque:
 - Max. 2.5 Nm
- When unscrewed a little: The load lowers slowly
- When unscrewed a lot: The load lowers quickly



A hexagon socket wrench for carrying out the steps detailed below is located on the valve block. This hexagon socket wrench must remain in the truck at all times. For trucks with a raised driver's workstation, the valve block is located under the bottom plate.

- In the version with a raised driver's workstation, remove the bottom plate.
- Remove the cover for the valve block panelling.

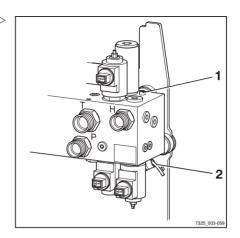


- Take the hexagon socket wrench (2) out of the support mounting.
- Using the hexagon socket wrench, turn the emergency lowering screw (1) on the valve block a maximum of 1.5 revolutions to loosen it.
- Screw the emergency lowering screw back in after the load is lowered.
- Return the hexagon socket wrench to the support mounting.
- Fit the covers of the valve block panelling.
- In the version with a raised driver's workstation, re-install the bottom plate.



If the truck is operated with the hydraulic controller blocked, there is an increased risk of accidents!

- After the emergency lowering procedure, have the malfunction rectified.
- Notify the authorised service centre.

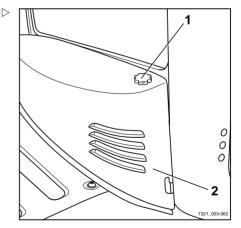


Disconnecting the battery

In order to quickly disconnect the battery in the event of a dangerous situation (e.g. a burning cable or electrical malfunction), the negative battery terminal is fitted with a quickly removable battery-terminal clip.

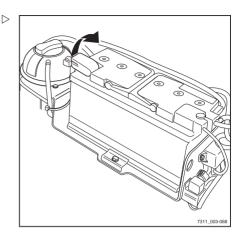
Proceed as follows to quickly disconnect the battery:

 Unscrew star-grip screws (1) to the left and right of the rear cover and fold the cover (2) back.





- Pull the negative terminal battery-terminal clip upward.
- Lift the battery-terminal clip off the negative terminal of the battery and place it to the side.



Jump starting



A 12-V power source (e.g. second truck of the same type) must be available.

▲ WARNING

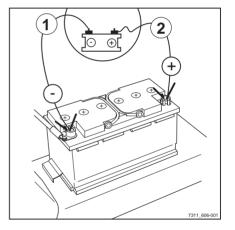
Risk of short circuit if the jump leads are connected or disconnected in the incorrect order!

If the negative terminals on the batteries are connected to the negative cable, both bodies are also conductively connected to one another. If the positive cable touches one of the two bodies as connection continues, a short circuit can occur.

- Ensure that the correct order is followed when connecting and disconnecting the jump leads.
- Remove the rear cover; see "Removing and installing the rear cover".
- Allow the engine of the current-giving truck to run.

Connecting the jump leads:

- Connect the positive cable (2) to the positive terminal on the discharged battery.
- Connect the positive cable to the positive terminal on the current-giving battery.
- Connect the negative cable (1) to the negative terminal on the current-giving battery.





 \triangleright

 Connect the negative cable to the negative terminal on the discharged battery.

A CAUTION

The vibrations produced when the engine is started can cause the jump leads to slip off. There is a risk of short circuit!

- Before starting the engine, check that the jump leads are connected securely.
- Start the engine.

Disconnecting the jump leads:

- Disconnect the negative cable (1) from the negative terminal on the discharged battery.
- Disconnect the negative cable from the negative terminal on the current-giving battery.
- Disconnect the positive cable (2) from the positive terminal on the discharged battery.
- Disconnect the positive cable from the positive terminal on the current-giving battery.

i NOTE

Leave the engine to run because the battery is not yet sufficiently charged.

- Replace the covering at the back.



Towing

A DANGER

The brake system on the towing vehicle may fail. There is a risk of accident!

If the towing vehicle's brake system is not of the correct size, the vehicle cannot be braked securely or the brakes may fail. The towing vehicle must be able to absorb the pulling and braking forces from the unbraked towed load (total actual weight of the truck).

 Check the pulling and braking force of the towing vehicle.



The truck could drive into the towing vehicle when the towing vehicle brakes. There is a risk of accident!

If a rigid connection has not been used during towing for the power transmission in two directions, the truck may drive into the towing vehicle when the towing vehicle brakes. For safety reasons, only a tested tow bar may be used.

- Use a tested tow bar.
- Set down load and lower fork arms close to the ground.

A CAUTION

If the drive of the truck between the drive motor and the drive axle is not interrupted, the drive may be damaged.

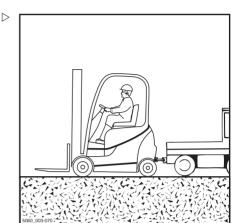
- Place the drive direction switch in the neutral position.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Switch off the engine.

A DANGER

People can be crushed between the truck and towing vehicle during manoeuvring. There is a risk to life!

The manoeuvring of the towing vehicle and the attachment of the tow bar may only be carried out using a second person as a guide. This ensures that the driver of the towing vehicle and the mechanic attaching the tow bar are aware of possible risks.

Only manoeuvre with a guide.



 Secure the tow bar to the tow coupling of the towing vehicle and the truck.

A CAUTION

Steering is tight! There is no power steering if the hydraulics fail!

 The selected towing speed must allow braking and control of the truck and towing vehicle at all times.

A CAUTION

If the truck is not steered while it is being towed, it may veer out uncontrollably!

- The truck to be towed must also be steered by a driver.
- The driver of the truck to be towed must sit in the driver's seat and fasten the seat belt before towing.
- Where possible, activate the restraint systems provided.
- Release the parking brake.
- Tow the truck.
- After towing, secure the truck from rolling away (e.g. by applying the parking brake or using chocks).
- Remove the tow bar.



Transport

A CAUTION

Danger of material damage from overloading!

If the truck is driven onto a means of transport, the load capacity of the means of transport, the ramps and loading bridges must be greater than the actual total weight of the truck. Components may become permanently deformed or damaged due to overloading.

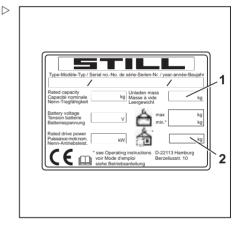
- Determine the actual total weight of the truck
- Only load the truck if the load capacity of the means of transport, the ramps and loading bridges is greater than the actual total weight of the truck

Determining the actual total weight

- Park the truck securely; see ⇒ Chapter "Parking the truck securely and switching it off", P. 4-135
- Determine the unit weights by reading the truck nameplate and, if necessary, the attachment (variant) nameplate
- Add the determined unit weights to obtain the actual total weight of the truck:

Tare weight (1)

- + Ballast weight (variant) (2)
- + Attachment net weight (variant)
- + 100 kg allowance for driver
- Actual total weight





A DANGER

Risk of accident from the truck crashing!

Steering movements can cause the tail end to veer off the loading bridge towards the edge. This may cause the truck to crash.

- Before driving over a loading bridge, ensure that it is installed and secured properly
- Ensure that the transport vehicle to be driven onto has been sufficiently secured against moving
- Maintain a safety distance from edges, loading bridges, ramps, working platforms etc.
- Drive slowly and carefully onto the transport vehicle

Setting chocks

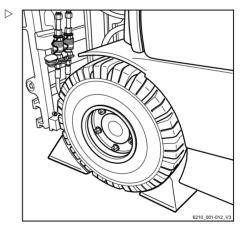
 Use two wedges to secure each of the front and rear wheels against sliding or rolling away.

Lashing

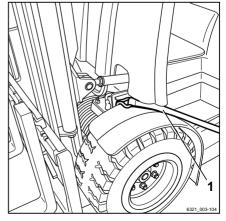
A CAUTION

Abrasive lashing straps can rub against the surface of the truck and cause damage.

 Position slip-resistant pads beneath the lifting points (e.g. rubber mats or foam).



Attach lashing straps (1) to both sides of the truck and lash the truck to the rear.





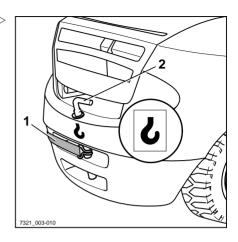
 Attach lashing straps (1) to the towing pin (2) or loop around the towing pin and lash the truck to either side.

▲ DANGER

The load may slip if the lashing straps slide off!

The truck must be lashed securely so that it cannot move during transportation.

 Make sure that the lashing straps are tightened securely and that the pads cannot slip off.



Crane loading

Crane loading is only intended for transporting the complete truck, including the lift mast, for its initial commissioning. For application conditions that require frequent loading or that are not presented here, please contact the manufacturer with regard to special equipment variants.

Trucks may only be laden by persons with sufficient experience of suitable harnesses and hoists.

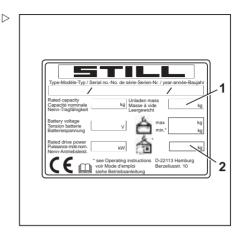


Determining the loading weight

- Park the forklift truck securely; see ⇒ Chapter "Parking the truck securely and switching it off", P. 4-135.
- Determine the unit weights by reading them off the truck nameplate and, if necessary, the attachment (variant) nameplate.
- Add the determined unit weights to obtain the loading weight of the truck:

Tare weight (1)

- + Ballast weight (variant) (2)
- + Attachment net weight (variant)
- Loading weight



Hooking on the lifting straps

A CAUTION

Harnesses may damage the truck's paintwork!
Harnesses can damage paintwork by chafing and pressing on the surface of the truck. Hard or sharp-edged harnesses, such as wires or chains, can quickly damage the surface.

 Use textile harnesses, e.g. lifting straps, with edge protectors or similar protective devices if necessary.

▲ DANGER

There is risk to life by being hit by the truck if the hoists and harnesses fail and cause the truck to fall over!

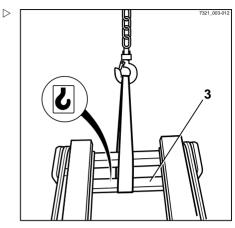
- Only use hoists and harnesses with sufficient load capacity for the determined loading weight.
- Only use the truck's designated lifting points.
- Make sure that harnesses such as hooks, shackles, belts etc. are only used in the indicated load direction.
- The harnesses must not be damaged by truck parts



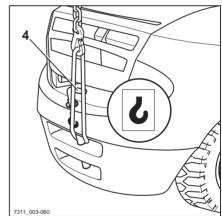
The attachment points are indicated by a hook symbol.



 Loop the lifting straps around the main traverse (3) on the outer mast of the lift mast.



- Loop the lifting straps around the tow bolt
 (4) in the tow-bar eye of the towing device.
- Secure the tow bolt.
- Determine the truck's centre of gravity; see
 ⇒ Chapter "Dimensions", P. 6-352.





 Adjust the length of the harnesses so that the lifting eye (6) is directly above the truck's centre of gravity.

This ensures that the truck hangs level when lifted

 Attach the lifting straps to the lifting eye and insert the safety device (5).

A CAUTION

Incorrectly fitted harnesses may damage attachment parts!

Pressure from the harnesses can damage or destroy attachment parts when the truck is lifted. If attachment parts are in the way (e.g. lighting, rear window, trademark emblem etc.), they must be removed before loading.

- Secure harnesses so that they are not touching any attachment parts.
- Check that harnesses cannot collide with attachment parts.

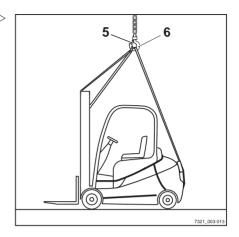
Loading the truck



A DANGER

If the raised truck swings in an uncontrolled fashion, it may crush people. There is a risk to life!

- Never walk or stand underneath suspended loads.
- Do not allow the truck to bump into anything whilst it is being lifted, or allow it to move in an uncontrolled way.
- If necessary, hold the truck using guide ropes.
- Carefully lift the truck and set it down at the intended location.





Shutdowi

Shutdown

Shutting down and storing the truck

A CAUTION

Component damage due to incorrect storage!

If the truck is stored or shut down incorrectly for more than two months, it may suffer corrosion damage. If the truck is parked in an ambient temperature of less than -10°C for an extended period, the battery will cool down. The electrolyte may freeze and damage the battery.

- Carry out the following measures before shutdown.

A CAUTION

Danger of tyre deformation by continuously loading on one side!

Have the truck raised and jacked up by the authorised service centre so that all the wheels are clear of the ground. This prevents permanent deformation of the tyres.

A CAUTION

Danger of damage from corrosion due to condensation on the truck!

Many plastic films and synthetic materials are watertight. Condensation water on the truck cannot escape through these covers.

Do not use plastic film as this encourages the formation of condensation water.



Store only fully charged batteries.

Measures before shutdown

- Store the truck in a dry, clean, frost-free and well ventilated environment
- Clean the truck thoroughly; see the chapter entitled "Cleaning".
- Lift fork carriage to full extent several times.
- Tilt the lift mast forwards and backwards several times and, if fitted, move attachment repeatedly.



Shutdown

- To relieve the strain on the load chains, lower the fork onto a suitable supporting surface, e.g. a pallet.
- Check the hydraulic oil level and top up if required.
- Apply oil or grease thinly to all uninsulated moving parts.
- Lubricate the forklift truck.
- Lubricate the joints and controls.
- Fill the fuel tank.
- Remove the battery and store in a warm and dry location.
- Regularly check the charge state of the battery and recharge if necessary.
- Apply a suitable contact spray to all exposed electrical contacts.
- Preserve the engine as specified by the manufacturer.
- Cover the truck with vapour permeable materials, such as cotton, in order to protect against dust.
- If the truck is to be shut down for even longer periods, contact your authorised service centre to find out about additional measures.

Recommissioning after storage

If the truck has been in storage for longer than six months, it must be carefully checked before being recommissioned. As in the annual inspection, this check should also include all safety items for the truck.

- Clean the truck thoroughly; see the chapter entitled "Cleaning".
- Oil joints and controls.
- Check battery condition and acid density; recharge if necessary.
- Restore engine to normal condition according to regulations of engine manufacturer.



Shutdown

- Check engine oil for condensed water and change if necessary
- Check hydraulic oil for condensation water; change if necessary.
- Carry out the checks and tasks that are to be performed before daily use.
- Put the truck into operation.

During commissioning, the following must be checked in particular:

- · Drive, control, steering
- Brakes (service brake, parking brake)
- Lifting system (load-carrying equipment, load chains, mounting)



For further information, see the truck workshop manual or contact the authorised service centre.



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4

Shutdown



5

Safety regulations for maintenance

Safety regulations for maintenance

General information

A DANGER

Risk of fatal poisoning!

It is dangerous to leave the engine running in enclosed spaces. The engine consumes oxygen and emits carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other poisonous gases. There is a risk of fatal poisoning!

Only operate the truck in areas that are well ventilated.

To prevent accidents during maintenance work and repair work, all necessary safety measures must be taken, e.g.:

- Apply the parking brake.
- Switch off the key switch and remove the key.
- Ensure that the truck cannot move unintentionally or start up inadvertently.
- If required, have the truck jacked up by the authorised service centre.
- Have the raised fork carriage or the extended lift mast secured against accidental lowering by the authorised service centre.
- Insert an appropriately sized wooden beam as an abutment between the lift mast and the cab, and secure the lift mast to prevent it tilting backwards unintentionally.
- Observe the maximum lift height of the lift mast, and compare the dimensions from the technical data with the dimensions of the hall into which the truck is to be driven.
 These steps are taken to prevent a collision with the ceiling of the hall and to avoid any damage caused as a result.

Working on the hydraulic equipment

The hydraulic system must be depressurised prior to all work on the system.



Working on the electrical equipment

Work may only be performed on the electrical equipment of the truck when it is in a voltage-free state. Function checks, inspections and adjustments on energised parts must only be performed by trained and authorised persons, taking the necessary precautions into account. Rings, metal bracelets etc. must be removed before working on electric components.

To prevent damage to electronic systems with electronic components, such as an electronic driving regulator or lift control, these components must be removed from the truck prior to the start of electric welding.

Work on the electrical system (e.g. connecting a radio, additional headlights etc.) is only permitted with approval from the authorised service centre.

Working on the ignition system

To prevent personal injury and/or destruction of the ignition system, please observe the following:

- Only connect and disconnect ignition system lines, including high-voltage lines and measuring device lines, with the ignition switched off.
- If the engine is to be operated at starting speed but not actually started (e.g. for a compression pressure test), disconnect the connection assembly from the ignition coil.
- Use of a quick charger to jump start the engine is only permitted for a period of up to 1 minute at max. 16.5 volts.
- The engine may only be washed when the ignition is switched off.
- When performing electric or point welding, completely disconnect the battery.
- Trucks that have a fault in the ignition system, or a suspected fault, may only be towed if the plug is disconnected from the ignition coil.



Safety regulations for maintenance

Safety devices

After maintenance and repair work, all safety devices must be reinstalled and tested for operational reliability.

Set values

The device-dependent set values must be observed when making repairs and when changing hydraulic and electrical components. These are listed in the appropriate sections.

Lifting and jacking up

▲ DANGER

There is a risk to life if the truck tips over!

If not raised and jacked up properly, the truck may tip over and fall off. Only the hoists specified in the workshop manual for this truck are allowed and are tested for the necessary safety and load capacity.

- Only have the truck raised and jacked up by the authorised service centre.
- Only jack the truck up at the points specified in the workshop manual.

The truck must be raised and jacked up for various types of maintenance work. The authorised service centre must be informed that this is to take place. Safe handling of the truck and the corresponding hoists is described in the truck's workshop manual.

Working at the front of the truck

A DANGER

Risk of accident!

If the lift mast or fork carriage is raised, no work may be performed on the lift mast or at the front of the truck unless the following safety measures are observed.

- When securing, only use chains with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- Contact the authorised service centre.



A CAUTION

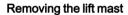
Possibility of damage to the ceiling!

- Note the maximum lift height of the lift mast.

Securing the lift mast against tilting backwards

A hardwood beam with a cross-section of 120 x 120 mm is required. The length of the hardwood beam must approximately correspond to the width of the fork carriage (b3). To avoid impact injuries, the hardwood beam must not protrude beyond the outer contour of the truck. A maximum length matching the total width (b1) of the truck is recommended.

- Obtain the dimensions (b1) and (b3) from the corresponding VDI datasheet.
- Clamp the hardwood beam (1) between the driver protection structure (2) and the lift mast (3).



A DANGER

Risk of accident!

This work must only be performed by an authorised service technician.

 Arrange for an authorised service technician to remove the lift mast.

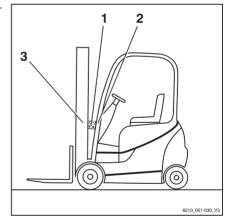
Securing the lift mast against falling off

A DANGER

Risk of accident!

This work must only be performed by an authorised service technician.

Arrange for an authorised service technician to secure the lift mast





General maintenance information

General maintenance information

Personnel qualifications

Only qualified and authorised personnel are allowed to perform maintenance work. Regular safety checks and checks after unusual incidents must be performed by a competent person. The competent person must conduct their evaluation and assessment from a safety standpoint, unaffected by operational and economic conditions. The competent person must have sufficient knowledge and experience to be able to assess the condition of a truck and the effectiveness of the protective devices in accordance with technical conventions and the principles for testing trucks.

Maintenance work without special qualifications

Simple maintenance work, such as checking the hydraulic oil level, may be carried out by untrained personnel. A qualification such as those held by a competent person is not required to carry out this work. The required tasks are described in the chapter entitled "Remaining ready for operation".

Information for carrying out maintenance

This section contains all information required to determine when the truck needs maintenance. Carry out maintenance work within the time limits according to the hour meter and using the following maintenance check lists. This is the only way to ensure that the truck remains ready for operation and provides optimal performance and service life. It is also a precondition for any warranty claims.



General maintenance information

Maintenance timeframe

- Carry out maintenance work on the truck in accordance with the "Service in" display (1).
- The maintenance check lists indicate the maintenance work that is due.

The intervals are defined for standard use. Shorter maintenance intervals can be defined in consultation with the operating company, depending on the application conditions of the truck.

The following factors may necessitate shorter maintenance intervals:

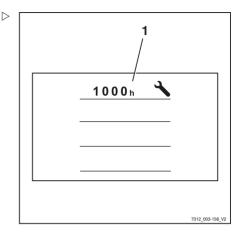
- · Contaminated, poor quality roads
- · Dusty or salty air
- · High levels of air humidity
- Extremely high or low ambient temperatures, or extreme changes in temperature
- · Multi-shift operation with a high duty cycle
- Specific national regulations for the truck or individual components

A CAUTION

Risk of component damage!

Any deviating technical information in these operating instructions takes precedence over the information in the original engine operating instructions.

 If you have any questions, please contact your authorised service centre.





General maintenance information



Maintenance - 1000 hours/annually

At operating hou	ırs							
1000	2000	4000		5000		7000	Carri	ed out
8000	10000	11000		13000		14000	✓	×
Chassis, bodywe	ork and fittings							
Check chassis for	or cracks							
Check overhead	l guard/cab and	panes of glas	ss for	damage				
Check controls,	switches and jo	ints for dama	ge, an	d apply gre	ase a	nd oil		
Check driver's se	eat for correct fu	ınction and fo	r dam	age				
Check driver res	traint system fo	r correct func	tion a	nd for dama	age, a	nd clean.		
Check the signa	l horn							
Variant: Check t	he dual pedal fo	r damage an	d corr	ect functior	ı, and	lubricate		
Tyres and whee	ls							
Check the tyres	for wear and ch	eck the air pre	essure	e if necessa	ıry			
Check the whee	ls for damage a	nd check the	tighte	ning torque	s			
Power unit								
Check the screw	/ joints and for le	aks on the dr	ive ax	le and clea	n the	cooling fins		
Check the oil lev	el in the drive w	heel unit						
Combustion eng	jine							
Check condition	of the combusti	on engine (vi	sual ir	nspection)				
Change engine	oil and oil filter							
Check toothed b	elt, spur gears a	and V-belt						
Replace the air f	filter (main cartri	dge)						
Check cooling sy	ystem for leaks	and correct fu	ınctio	n				
Check coolant, t	op up if necessa	ary						
Check exhaust s	system							
LPG: Replace th	ne spark plugs							
Variant: Maintain the particle filter; observe the manufacturer's maintenance instructions								
Fuel system								
Check fuel syste	em for leaks and	correct funct	ion					
Replace the fuel	Replace the fuel filter (yearly)							
LPG system	PG system							



General maintenance information

At operating h	ours					
1000	2000	4000	5000	7000	Carri	ed out
8000	10000	11000	13000	14000	✓	×
Check the LP	G system for dama	age				
valve (1.7 bar)	,		, ,	•		
Check gas cyl safety device	inder valve for cle (30 bar)	anliness and cor	rect function, che	ck over-pressur	е	
Change the LI	PG filter					
	evaporator (MD/C	, .				
Check the eva	aporator (series C) e the sticker	and replace the	evaporator every	5000 hours or 3	3	
Check the scr	ew joints for secur	e attachment an	d perform a leak to	est		
Check CO cor	ntent in the exhaus	st gas				
Check that the	e duration of engin	e run-on before t	the engine stops is	sacceptable		
Steering						
Check steerin	g system for corre	ct function and fo	or leaks			
Check that the damage	e steering wheel is	firmly attached	and check the tur	ning handle for		
Steering axle:	Check that it is fir	mly attached, ch	eck for leaks, and	apply grease		
Check steerin	g stop					
Brake						
Check all med	hanical brake par	s for condition a	nd correct function	า		
Check brake r	master cylinder for	correct function	and for leaks			
Check brake f	luid, top up if nece	ssary				
Check the fun	ction of the servic	e brake				
Check the fun	ction of the parkin	g brake				
Electrical syst	em					
Check all pow	er cable connection	ons				
Test switches, transmitters and sensors for correct function						
Check lighting and indicator lights						
Hybrid variant						
Forced ventila	ation: Check fan, r	eplace filter mat				
Starter battery	/					
Measure the c	cold-start current;	echarge or repla	ace the battery if n	ecessary		



At operating hou	irs					
1000	2000	4000	5000	7000	Carri	ed out
8000	10000	11000	13000	14000	1	×
Hydraulics						
Check hydraulic	system for con	dition, correct fur	nction and leaks			
Check the hydra	ulics blocking f	unction (ISO valv	re)			
Check oil level						
Lift mast						
Check mast bear	rings for dama	ge, and lubricate.	Check the tighter	ning torque		
Check mast prof	iles for damage	e and wear, and lu	ubricate			
Check the guide	in the lower (lo	ad reversal) mas	t profile for damag	ge and for wear		
Check load chair	ns for damage	and wear, adjust	and lubricate			
Check lift cylinde	ers and connec	tions for damage	and leaks			
Check guide pull	leys for damag	e and wear				
Check support ro	ollers and chair	rollers for dama	ge and wear			
Check the play b	etween the for	k carriage stop ar	nd run-out barrier			
Check tilt cylinde	ers and connec	tions for damage	and leaks			
Check fork carria	age for damage	and wear				
Check fork arm i	nterlock for dar	mage and correct	function			
Check fork arms	for wear and d	eformation				
Check that there	is a safety scre	ew on the fork car	riage or on the att	achment		
Special equipme	ent					
Check the fresh-	air filter in the h	neating system ar	nd beat out the filte	er if necessary		
•	ystem for dama	age; observe mar	nufacturer's maint	enance instructi	i-	
Check attachments for wear and damage; observe manufacturer's maintenance instructions						
Check trailer coupling for wear and damage; observe manufacturer's maintenance instructions						
General						
Read out error n	umbers and de	lete list				
Reset maintenance interval						
Check labelling for completeness						
Test drive the truck						



General maintenance information



Maintenance - 3000 hours/every two years

At operating hou	ırs					Carrie	ed out
3000	6000	9000		12000	15000	✓	×
Note							
Perform all 1000)-hour mainte	nance work.					
Power unit							
Change gearbox	x oil						
Replace the blee	eder screws c	n the drive whe	el unit	S			
Combustion eng	jine						
Replace toothed	l belt, spur ge	ars and V-belt					
Replace water p	ump, (recomi	mendation, con	sult op	erating compa	any)		
Replace the safe	ety cartridge i	n the air filter					
Change the coo	lant (VW: eve	ry 9000 hours o	or ever	y 5 years)			
LPG system							
Change all LPG	system hose	S					
Brake							
Change brake fluid							
Hydraulics	Hydraulics						
Renew the hydraulic oil							
Replace the return line filter and the breather filter							
Replace the high-pressure filter							

Ordering spare parts and wearing parts

Spare parts are provided by our spare parts service department. The information required for ordering parts can be found in the spare parts list.

Only use spare parts as per the manufacturer's instructions. The use of unapproved spare parts can result in an increased risk of accidents due to insufficient quality or incorrect assignment. Anyone using unapproved spare parts shall assume unlimited liability in the event of damage or harm.



General maintenance information

Quality and quantity of the required operating materials

Only the operating materials specified in the maintenance data table may be used.

 The required consumables and lubricants can be found in the maintenance data table.

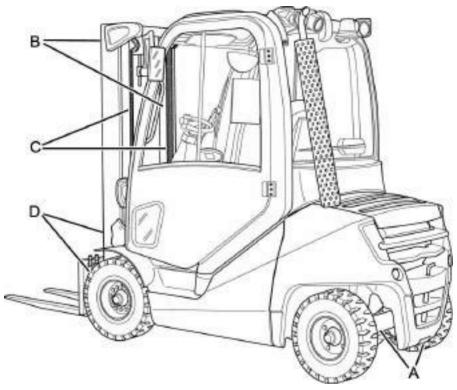
Oil and grease types of a different quality must not be mixed. This negatively affects the lubricity. If a change between different manufacturers cannot be avoided, drain the old oil thoroughly.

Before carrying out lubricating work, filter changes or any work on the hydraulic system, carefully clean the area around the part involved.

When topping up working materials, use only clean containers!



Lubrication plan



Code ¹	Lubrication point
(A)	Four lubricating nipples on each side of the steering axle for the axle stub bearing and track rod arm
(B)	Sliding surfaces on the lift mast
(C)	Load chains
(D)	One lubricating nipple each on both lift mast bearings

¹See the following chapter, "Maintenance data table", under this Code.

for the respective lubricant specificationThis lubrication plan describes the series-production truck with standard equipment. For maintenance points on variant trucks, see the relevant chapter and/or instructions provided by the manufacturer.



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General maintenance information

Maintenance data table

General lubrication points

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Lubrication	High-pressure	ID no. 0147873	As required
		grease		

Controls/joints

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Lubrication	High-pressure grease	ID no. 0147873	As required
		Oil	SAE 80 MIL-L2105 API GL-4	As required
	Dual-pedal operation	High-pressure grease	ID no. 0147873	As required

Battery

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Distilled water		As required
	Insulation resistance		For further information, refer to the workshop manual for the truck in question.	

Electrical system

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value	
	Insulation resistance		For further information, refer to the work-		
			shop manual for the truck in question.		

Hydraulic system

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	,	HVLP 68 DIN 51524, Part 3	
		Hydraulic oil for	USDA H1 DIN 51524	Max. 58 I



Maintenance

General maintenance information

Tyres

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Superelastic tyres	Wear limit		To wear mark
	Solid rubber tyres	Wear limit		To wear mark
	Pneumatic tyres	Minimum tread depth		1.6 mm
		Air pressure		See information
				on truck

Steering axle

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Wheel nuts/screws	Torque wrench		For further information, refer to the workshop manual for the truck in question.
	Axle stub nuts	Torque wrench		For further information, refer to the workshop manual for the truck in question.
(A)	Axle stub bearings, track rod bearings	Grease	Aralub 4320 DIN 51825- KPF2N20 ID no. 0148659	Fill with grease until a small amount of fresh grease escapes

Drive axle

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Wheel nuts/screws	Torque wrench		For further information, refer to the workshop manual for the truck in question.
	Wheel gear	Mineral oil	FUCHS TITAN GEAR HYP LD SAE 80W-90 API GL-5	
	Brake	Mineral oil	ARAL HGS FLUID 127830	

Lift mast

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
(B)		High-pressure grease	ID no. 0147873	As required
	Stop	Play		Min. 2 mm



General maintenance information

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	Screws for the lift mast bearing	Torque wrench		For further information, refer to the workshop manual for the truck
				in question.
(D)	Lift mast bearing	Grease	Aralub 4320 DIN 51825- KPF2N20 ID no. 0148659	Fill with grease until a small amount of fresh grease escapes

Load chains

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
(C)	Lubrication	High-load chain	Fully synthetic	As required
		spray	Temperature range:	
			-35°C to +250°C	
			ID no. 0156428	

Cooling system

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	, 0	Corrosion inhibitor and cooling system protecting agent/water		

Air conditioning

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Refrigerant	ID no. 7449600005	Standard cab: 800 g

Fuel tank

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Diesel fuel	EN 590, DIN 51628,	Approx. 581
			ASTM D975,	
			NATO F-54 non-road	
			fuels (light fuel oils,	
			EN 590 quality)	

Brake system

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Brake fluid	ARAL HGS FLUID	0.25
			127830	



Engine

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Engine oil		with filter change
	Air filter	Filter cartridge and safety cartridge		

Washer system

Code	Unit	Operating materials	Specifications	Quantity/value
	System filling	Screen wash	Winter, ID	As required
			no. 172566	

Providing access to maintenance points Opening the bonnet

▲ WARNING

Risk of injury!

- Switch off the engine before opening the bonnet!

A CAUTION

When opening the bonnet, the driver's seat may be damaged if it is not in its forwardmost position.

- Slide the driver's seat all the way forwards.

A CAUTION

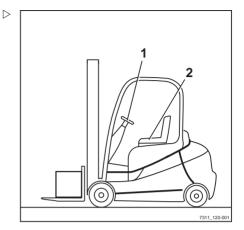
If the right-hand door of the cab (variant) is closed, door fittings can be damaged when the bonnet is opened.

- Make sure that the right-hand cab door is open.
- On forklift trucks equipped with a cab (variant), open the right-hand cab door.
- Remove all loose objects from the righthand shelf.

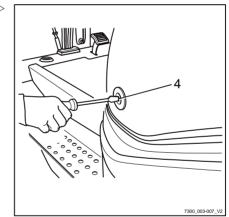


Providing access to maintenance points

- Move the steering column (1) as far forwards as possible and secure; see section entitled "Adjusting the steering column".
- Slide the driver's seat (2) all the way forward; see section entitled "Adjusting the MSG 65/MSG 75 driver's seat".
- On trucks equipped with a rear window (variant), push the seat backrest forwards; see section entitled "Adjusting the MSG 65/MSG 75 driver's seat".



- Firmly insert a narrow screwdriver into the slot (4) of the bonnet release until the interlock opens.
- Use the handle to open the bonnet fully.





Providing access to maintenance points

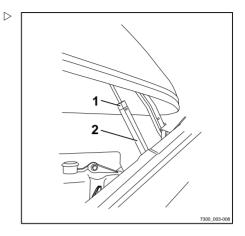
 If the gas spring is equipped with a position lock (variant), open the bonnet until the latch (1) of the gas spring (2) snaps into place.

▲ WARNING

Risk of injury from the bonnet lowering!

The bonnet is fitted with a gas spring that holds the bonnet in the open position. When additional load is present, for example heavy objects, strong wind or other persons, the bonnet can lower suddenly. Cold weather and ageing can also reduce the performance of the gas spring and cause the bonnet to lower.

- If the force of the gas spring is deteriorating, replace the gas spring.
- If the gas spring has a position lock (variant), make sure that the latch is engaged.
- To replace the gas spring, contact the authorised service centre.



Closing the bonnet

WARNING

When closing the bonnet, there is a risk of crushing! When closing the bonnet, nothing must come between the bonnet and the edge of the chassis.

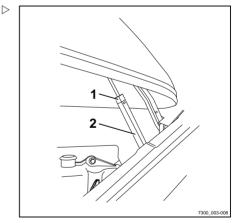
 Do not grasp any edges. Always close the bonnet by grasping one of the handles in each hand.

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

The bonnet can be equipped with a gas spring (2) with a prop (variant). This prevents the gas spring from being compressed. Exerting force when closing the bonnet will damage the gas spring or bonnet suspension.

- Before closing the bonnet, make sure that the gas spring is equipped with a prop (variant).
- For gas springs with props (variant), release the latch (1) before closing the bonnet.





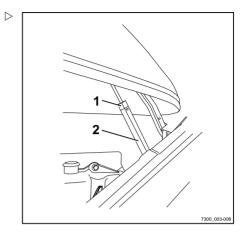
Providing access to maintenance points

Releasing the prop latch (variant)

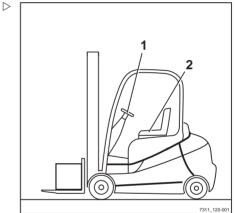
- Press the latch (1) at the marking PRESS and lower the bonnet slightly.
- Release the latch.

Closing the bonnet

 Holding it by the handle, pull down the bonnet until the lock audibly engages.



- Adjust the seat (2); see section entitled "Adjusting the MSG 65/MSG 75 driver's seat".
- Adjust the steering column (1); see section entitled "Adjusting the steering column".
- On forklift trucks equipped with a cab (variant), close the right-hand cab door.





Removing and attaching the rear cover

A CAUTION

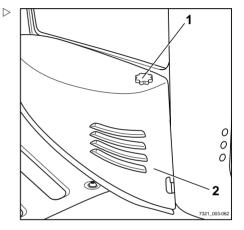
Risk of damage to components!

Improper handling can cause the surface or the cover itself to be damaged.

 Always remove and install the cover carefully, and safely place to one side after removal.

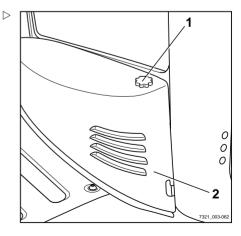
Removing the cover

- Unscrew the star-grip screws (1) on the right and left.
- Fold back the cover (2).
- Lift up and remove the cover.



Attaching the cover

- Fit the cover (2) from above.
- Fold the cover forwards.
- Securely tighten the star-grip screws (1) on the right and left.





5

Providing access to maintenance points

Installing and removing the bottom plate

Removing the bottom plate

▲ CAUTION

Risk of short circuit if cables are damaged!

- Check the connection cables for damage.
- When removing and reinstalling the bottom plate, make sure that the connecting cables are not damaged.

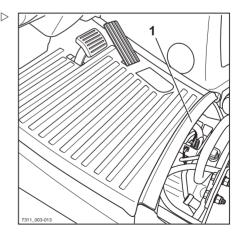


The bottom plate has a recess into which the operator can insert their fingers in order to lift it. The recess is beneath the rubber mat.



The accelerator pedal is attached to the bottom plate and is removed with the bottom plate. The connecting plug for the accelerator is located underneath the bottom plate.

- Open the bonnet.
- Remove the rubber mat.
- Grasp the recess in the bottom plate (1).
- Raise the bottom plate slightly.
- Pull out the bottom plate under the brake pedal and set it down upright.





- Disconnect the plug connection from the accelerator pedal (2).
- Remove the floor plate and place it in a secure location.

Installing the bottom plate

WARNING

Risk of crushing between the bottom plate and the frame edge!

If limbs or objects are between the bottom plate and frame edge when the bottom plate is closed, they can be crushed.

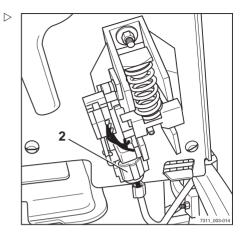
- Make sure that, when you close the bottom plate, there is nothing between the bottom plate and the frame edge.
- Set down the bottom plate upright in the footwell
- Connect the connection assembly to the accelerator pedal.
- Position the bottom plate at the front.
- Carefully guide the bottom plate down and close.
- Insert the rubber mat.
- Close the bonnet.

Remaining ready for operation Checking the engine oil level



The truck should be parked on as level ground as possible to perform this check.

- Make sure that the truck is level or park it securely on level ground as necessary.
- After switching off the engine, wait for a few minutes to allow the engine oil distributed in the engine to run back to the lowest area of the engine.
- Open the bonnet.





Remaining ready for operation

- Pull out the oil dipstick (2) and wipe it off with > a cloth
- Insert the oil dipstick as far as it will go and pull it out again.

The oil level must be between the marks (arrows).

A CAUTION

Risk of engine damage!

Insufficient engine lubrication can cause engine damage. An insufficient oil level or the use of engine oil with different specifications can lead to the failure of engine lubrication.

- Only use engine oil in line with the maintenance data table
- If the oil level is at or below the lower mark. add engine oil via the oil filling opening (1).
- If the oil level is above the mark, please contact your authorised service centre.
- Insert the oil dipstick to the stop.
- Close the bonnet.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Carefully collect any spilled oil and dispose of it in an environmentally friendly manner.

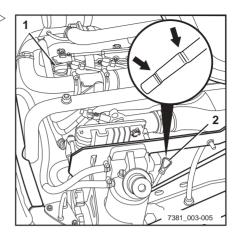
Filling the washer system

A CAUTION

Components may become damaged due to the effects of frost!

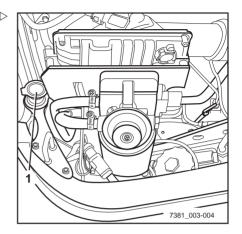
Water expands when it freezes. If there is no antifreeze in the washer system (variant), the system may become damaged due to the accumulation of ice in freezing conditions.

- Always use screen wash containing anti-freeze.
- Open the bonnet.





- Open the filler cap (1) of the washer system (variant).
- Fill the windscreen washer reservoir with washer fluid and anti-freeze in accordance with the maintenance data table.
- Close the filler cap.
- Close the bonnet.
- Operate the washer system until washer fluid is discharged from the spray nozzles.





Cleaning the radiator, checking for leaks

- Park the truck securely.
- Open the bonnet.
- Clean the radiator (1).
- Clean the radiator fins using a suitable brush and blow them out using compressed air (max. 2 bar).
- Check the radiator and coolant hoses for leaks and tighten the clips if necessary.



Risk of engine damage!

If the cooling fluid level is low, this indicates a leak in the cooling system.

- Check whether the leakage has been eliminated.
- If not, notify the authorised service centre.
- Close the bonnet.

Topping up the cooling fluid and checking the coolant concentration

Remove the rear cover.

▲ WARNING

Risk of scalding!

Cooling fluid can become very hot. There is a risk of scalding.

Open the cap only when the engine is cold.

WARNING

Cooling fluid and coolant are hazardous to health!

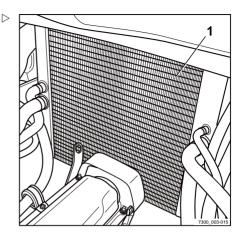
Observe the safety regulations for handling coolant.

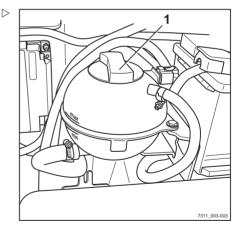
A CAUTION

Risk of engine damage!

If the cooling fluid level is low, this indicates a leak in the cooling system.

 Check the cooling system for leaks; refer to the section entitled "Cleaning the radiator and checking for leaks".







- Slowly open the filler cap of the cooling fluid expansion reservoir (1) and release excess pressure.
- Unscrew further and remove the lid.
- Check the concentration of the coolant.

Concentration of the coolant

A CAUTION

Risk of corrosion!

The percentage of coolant must always be at least 40%, even if frost protection is not needed in warmer climates.

If greater frost protection is required for climatic reasons, the percentage of coolant additive can be increased to up to 60%.

The percentage of coolant must not exceed 60%, otherwise the frost protection is reduced. In addition, the cooling effect is also reduced.

 Only use clean, softened water for the water percentage.

Frost protection up to °C	Water percentage %	Coolant percentage %
-25	60	40
-30	55	45
-35	50	50
-40	40	60

For details of the filling quantity in the cooling system, see the section entitled "Maintenance data table".

A CAUTION

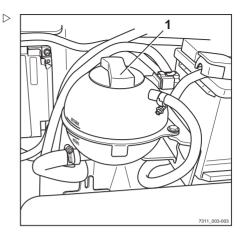
Coolant with a different specification must not be mixed in!

- Only use the coolant specified in the maintenance data table to top up the cooling system.
- Only use coolant according to the manufacturer's instructions.



Remaining ready for operation

- Screw the filler cap (1) back on tightly.
- Replace the covering at the back.



Draining water from the fuel filter



▲ WARNING

Consumables are toxic.

Observe safety regulations when handling Diesel fuel, see ⇒ Chapter "Diesel fuel", P. 2-48.

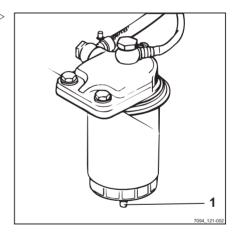
- Open the bonnet, see ⇒ Chapter "Opening the bonnet", P. 5-311.
- Hold a suitable collection vessel under the drainage screw (1).
- Open the drainage screw (1) on the filter and drain the fuel (approx. 100 cm³) until clean fuel is discharged.
- Manually retighten the drainage screw (1).
- Close the bonnet.



Draining this water is particularly important when operating in the tropics and depending on the quality of fuel used.



A second fuel filter (variant) can be installed. Both filters must be drained.



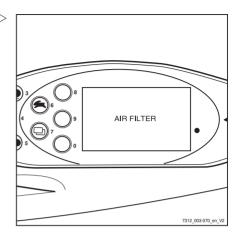


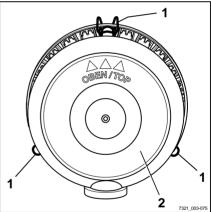
Replacing the air filter cartridges



The air filter cartridges must be changed if the AIR FILTER message appears on the display and operating unit, or at least every 3000 hours or every two years.

 Open the bonnet; see the chapter entitled "Opening the bonnet".







Remaining ready for operation

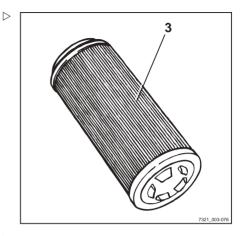
- Remove the filter cartridge (3).

A CAUTION

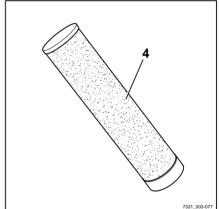
Risk of engine damage!

The safety cartridge must remain in the air filter housing until all residual dirt has been removed from the housing so that no dirt enters the intake system!

Wipe out the air filter housing using a damp cloth

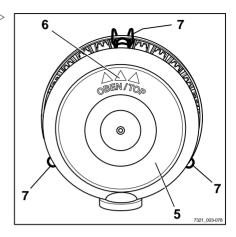


- Remove the safety cartridge (4), check for contamination, and change it if necessary.
- Refit the safety cartridge.
- Insert a new filter cartridge (3).





- Refit the air filter cover (5) with the mark (6)
 facing upwards
- Engage the clamps (7) on the air filter.
- Close the bonnet.





Servicing the ETB particle filter

The particle filter system filters soot particles from the exhaust gases of the diesel engine.

The accumulated soot is collected in removable exchange filters.

The exchange filter is cleaned on an external regeneration system by being heated.

The particle filter system consists of:

- · Exchange filter (1) with a ceramic element
- · Swivel device (2)
- Quick-locking mechanisms (3)
- · Muffler (4)
- Exhaust pipe fastener (5)
- · Condensation trap (not shown)
- · Maintenance display in the display of the operating console (6)



Please observe the operating instructions supplied with the particle filter system.



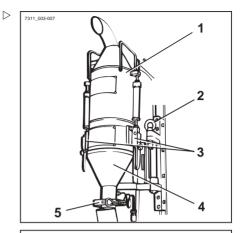
Your version may differ from the illustration.

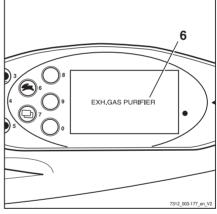


When the maintenance indication appears in the display of the operating console (6), but after eight hours at the most, the exchange filter must be regenerated. The time period may be shorter for special versions.



Every month, check the pressure measurement points of the particle filter system for leaks or contamination, and change or clean it as needed







Changing the exchange filter



WARNING

The exchange filter and exhaust system can be extremely hot (surface temperatures can reach over 100°C)! Wear protective gloves!

- Switch off the engine.
- Fold the quick-locking mechanisms (3) outward and release them from the exchange filter (1).
- Remove the exchange filter (1).



Risk of breakage for the ceramic element!

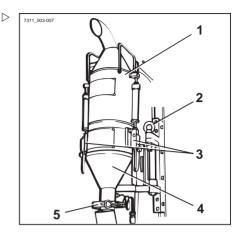
Do not subject the exchange filter to any hard impacts.

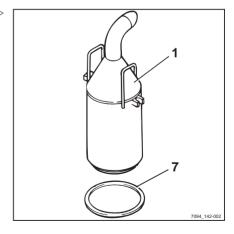


NOTE

If a cleaned exchange filter is available, it can be fitted immediately and the truck can be operated again.

- Check the condensation trap to see if water has collected and drain as necessary.
- Check the filter seal (7), change if necessary.







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Regenerating the exchange filter



i NOTE

Place the regeneration system in a wellventilated area or out in the open; however, protect it from rain.



Connection power: 2300 W. The ambient temperature during regeneration should be between -10 °C and +50 °C.

- Connect the regeneration system with a CEE plug (9) to a 230 V AC voltage.



WARNING

Heating surface and exchange filter are extremely hot (surface temperatures can reach over 100°C)! Wear protective gloves!

- Place the exchange filter on the heating surface (8).



WARNING

Risk of fire!

No combustible materials must come into contact with or be in the immediate vicinity of the exchange filter during regeneration.

- Press the start button (11).

The electrical heating system is switched on and the operating display (10) lights up.

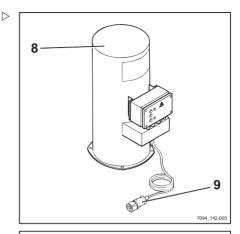
The soot in the exchange filter is burned off by the heating system.

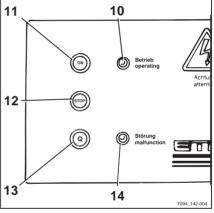
A CAUTION

Malfunctions in the regeneration system are displayed optically via the fault display (14).

Once the malfunction has been resolved, restart regeneration by pressing the Q button (13).

If the fault display (14) reappears, the malfunction must be resolved by your service centre.







Regeneration times are approximately:

• EWR 10: approx. 30 min

• EWR 30: approx. 50 min

• EWR 60: approx. 80 min

▲ WARNING

While the soot is being burned off, the environment can become contaminated by steam and smoke from oil.

Maintain a safe distance and ensure good ventila-

Once the operating display (10) disappears, regeneration is finished. The exchange filter can then be used in the truck again.

A CAUTION

Premature operation can destroy the exchange filter!

The regeneration process can be interrupted by pressing the STOP button (12). However, this should only be done in emergencies. This means that the exchange filter is not clean and cannot be put into operation under any circumstances.

Clean ash from the regeneration system monthly.

Overloading the exchange filter



▲ WARNING

Risk of poisoning!

Select a suitable location and wear respiratory protection!

If the exchange filter has been overloaded or you suspect that this is the case, proceed as follows:

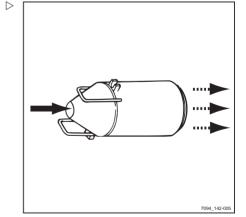
- Remove the pipe elbow on the exhaust outlet.
- Using a compressed air lance (Ø 8 mm), blow out the soot at a distance of 10 mm from the outlet side of the filter ceramic.



Risk of damage to components!

Do not exceed 8 bar compressed air.

- Extract and collect soot.





Remaining ready for operation

Regenerate exchange filter in the regeneration system.

Eberspächer particle filters - Regen- ▷ eration

After an engine has been operating for approx. 7.5 hours, the EXH, GAS PURIFIER message appears in the display and operating unit. The particle filter must be regenerated. The operating device is integrated into the display and operating unit.

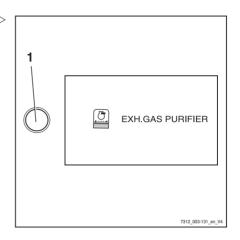


The Softkey (1) and the corresponding symbols are assigned according to the auxiliary equipment installed. The assignment shown here is an example and may deviate on the actual truck.



i NOTE

If particulate filter regeneration remains off for longer than 30 minutes, an acoustic signal is emitted (variant). The acoustic signal is ended when regeneration starts.





Regeneration emergency off switch



DANGER

There is a risk of fire if smoke is emitted!

If smoke is emitted during regeneration, this may be caused by a fire. The diesel supply is cut off and regeneration is interrupted when the emergency off switch (1) is pressed.

- If smoke is emitted, press the emergency off switch immediately.



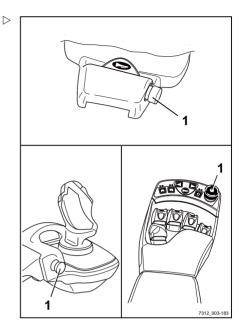
- Park in a suitable parking space.



A DANGER

Risk of fire!

The parking space must not be in an area containing hazardous materials or in a hall, because hot combustion gases are produced from the exhaust pipe during regeneration.





Combustion may cause bad odours if fuel containing sulphur was used for operating the engine.



It is not possible to start the engine during reaeneration.

The regeneration must be started manually with the engine switched off and the ignition switched on.

A safety circuit prevents regeneration when the engine is running as the particle filter system might be destroyed.

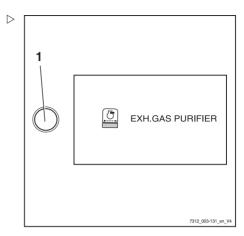
- Switch off the engine and place the key switch in position "I".



Remaining ready for operation

- Press the Softkey (1).

The particulate filter regeneration process is started and runs automatically.



EXH. GAS PURIFIER PLEASE WAIT appears on the display. The status bar (4) below the message indicates the regeneration progress.

- Once the regeneration process has started. switch the key switch to position "0".



If the ignition is not turned off, this can lead to the starter battery discharging after regeneration is complete if the truck is not put back into service straight-away.

After approx. 25 minutes the regeneration is complete. The EXH. GAS PURI-FIER PLEASE WAIT message disappears. The filter is free of soot again.

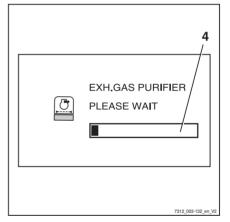
If the burner flame goes out during the regeneration process, the control unit will automatically attempt to start up again.

- To cancel regeneration, press the Softkey 💆 again.

The particle filter regeneration process is terminated. The display EXH. GAS PURIFIER goes out.



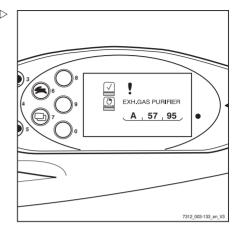
The process can be restarted at any time.





Malfunctions during the regeneration process are indicated by the message EXH. GAS PURIFIER along with the corresponding error code. The malfunctions must be rectified by the authorised service centre.

- Notify the authorised service centre.
- To acknowledge the display, press the Softkey



Lubricating the joints and controls

- Oil or grease other bearing points and joints according to the maintenance data table; see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.
- · Driver's seat guide
- Lubricate bonnet hinges at the lubricating nipple
- · Control linkage for valves
- In the cab, lubricate door hinges at the lubricating nipple (variant)
- Lubricate shafts and joints in dual-pedal operation (variant)



Remaining ready for operation

Maintaining the seat belt

A DANGER

There is a risk to life if the seat belt fails during an accident!

If the seat belt is faulty, it may tear or open during an accident and no longer keep the driver in the driver's seat. The driver may therefore be hurled against the truck components or out of the truck.

- Ensure operational reliability by continually testing.
- Do not use a truck with a defective seat belt.
- Have any defective seat belts replaced by your authorised service centre.
- Only use genuine spare parts.
- Do not make any changes to the seat belt.



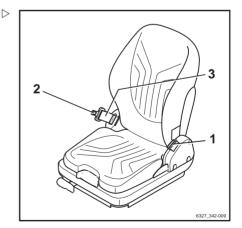
The checks below must be carried out on a regular basis (monthly). In the case of significant strain, a daily check is necessary.

Checking the seat belt

 Pull out the seat belt (3) completely and check for fraying.

The seat belt must not be frayed or cut. The stitching must not be loose.

- Check that the seat belt is not dirty.
- Check whether parts are worn or damaged (including the anchor points).





- Check the buckle (1) for proper locking.

When the belt tongue (2) is inserted, the seat belt must be held securely. The belt tongue (2) must release when the red button (4) is pressed.

- The automatic blocking mechanism must be tested at least once a year:
- Park the forklift truck on level ground.
- Pull out the seat belt using a jerking movement

The automatic blocking mechanism must block extension of the belt.

- Tilt the seat at least 30°; to do this, tilt the bonnet.
- Slowly pull out the seat belt.

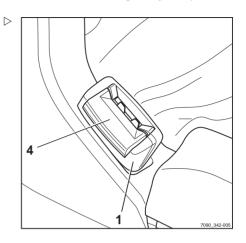
The automatic blocking mechanism must block extension of the belt.

Cleaning the seat belt

 Clean the seat belt if it is dirty but without using chemical cleaning materials (a brush will suffice).

Replacement after an accident

The seat belt must always be replaced by the authorised service centre after an accident.





Remaining ready for operation

Checking the driver's seat

WARNING

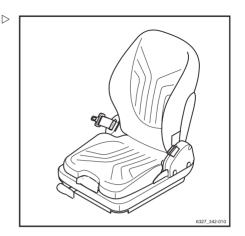
Risk of injury!

- After an accident, check the driver's seat with attached restraining belt and fastening.
- Check the controls for correct operation.
- Check the condition of the seat (e.g. wear on the upholstery) and secure fastening to the hood.

▲ WARNING

Risk of injury!

 Have the seat repaired by the service centre if you identify any damage during the checks.



Checking the door latch

- Inspect the condition of the catch bolt and check for wear.
- Check the lock mechanism for easy operation.

Maintaining wheels and tyres

WARNING

Risk of accident!

Uneven wear reduces the stability of the truck and increases the braking distance. The level of wear exhibited by tyres on the same axle must be approximately the same.

- Worn or damaged tyres (left or right) must be replaced immediately.
- When changing wheels or tyres, ensure that this does not cause the truck to tilt to one side (e.g. always replace right-hand and left-hand wheels at the same time).
- Changes must only be made following consultation with the manufacturer.



WARNING

Risk to stability!

Tyre quality affects the stability of the truck. There is a risk of tipping!

When using pneumatic tyres or solid rubber tyres, rim parts must never be changed and rim parts from different manufacturers must not be mixed.

 Obtain approval from the truck manufacturer before using a different type of tyre or a different tyre manufacturer.

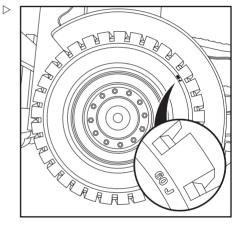
Checking the condition and wear of the tyres

Superelastic tyres (variant)

 Check the remaining distance between the tyre tread and the wear mark (60 J).

Superelastic tyres (variant) can be worn down to the wear mark (60 J).

 Remove any foreign bodies embedded in the tyre.



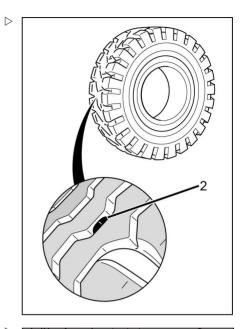


Pneumatic tyres (variant)

- Check the tread depth on all four tyres.

The tread depth for pneumatic tyres (variant) must be at least 1.6 mm at every point on the tread. If the tread is worn down to the wear mark (2) at any point on the tyre, replace the tires on one axle.

- Remove any foreign bodies embedded in the tyre.



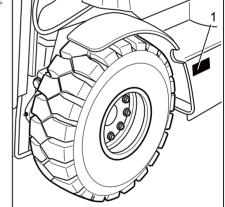
Checking the air pressure



NOTE

The correct air pressure for pneumatic tyres (variant) is determined by the type of tyre used. The air pressure measured must correspond to the manufacturer's information.

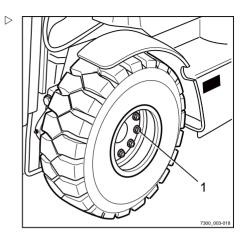
- See the air pressure values stated on the adhesive label (1) on the truck.
- Check the air pressure of all four tyres and compare with the air pressure values stated on the adhesive labels.
- Add or release air as required if the air pressure deviates from the values stated.





Checking the wheel fastenings

- Check that all wheel fastenings (1) are securely fastened and retighten as necessary.
- Observe the relevant torques; see section entitled "Maintenance data table".



Servicing the battery



Battery servicing is carried out in accordance with the battery manufacturer's operating manual.



WARNING

There is a risk of damage, short circuit and explosion.

Do not place any metal objects or tools on the battery. Keep away from naked flames and fire. Smoking is forbidden.

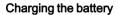
Checking the battery charge state

 Remove covering from the back, see
 ⇒ Chapter "Removing and attaching the rear cover", P. 5-315.



Remaining ready for operation

- With maintenance-free batteries, check the charge state at the inspection window (1):
- Green: The battery is optimally charged.
- Black: The battery charge state is no longer optimal. The battery should be recharged. After recharging, the indicator changes back to green.
- Transparent-(light-coloured): The charge state is no longer adequate for reliable starting. It is necessary to change the battery.



 With batteries that are not maintenancefree, check the level of the battery acid.



WARNING

The electrolyte (dilute sulphuric acid) is poisonous and caustic.

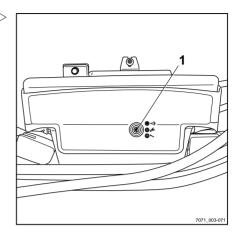
- Follow the safety regulations for working with battery acid
 ⇒ Chapter "Battery acid", P. 2-47.
- Check battery acid level.

The battery acid must be up to the lower edge of the insert in the battery housing or up to 5 mm above the upper edge of the plates. Observe the manufacturer's specifications!

A CAUTION

The battery can be damaged!

- Only fill up missing fluid with distilled water.





 Unscrew the battery cell covers and check the acid density with an acid siphon.

The acid density must achieve the value in the table. The listed density of the acid refers to 27°C acid temperature.

Acid density	Empty	Full
Normal	1.13	1.28
Tropics	1.08	1.23



▲ WARNING

Risk of explosion! Charging releases gases that are explosive.

While charging, the surfaces of the battery cells must be exposed to ensure sufficient ventilation.

The charging area must be properly ventilated.

Keep bonnet open during charging; avoid spark formation near the battery.

 Charge discharged batteries immediately until they are fully charged again.

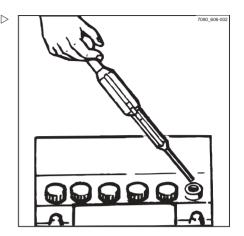
The charging current shall not exceed 1/10 of capacity.

The cell covers of the batteries must be kept dry and clean.

Any spillage of battery acid must be neutralised immediately.

Terminals and cable shoes must be clean, lightly coated with terminal grease and tightly screwed.

- After charging, screw the battery cell covers back on.
- Reattach the covering on the back.





Remaining ready for operation

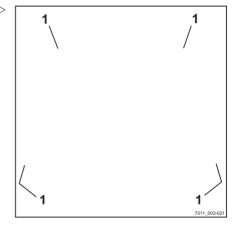
Replacing fuses

▲ DANGER

Risk of fire!

Using the wrong fuses can result in short circuits.

- Use only fuses with the prescribed nominal current, see the section entitled "Fuse assignment".
- Remove the cover at the back.
- Open the cover fastenings (1) and remove the cover.
- Replace the defective fuse with one that is rated for the nominal current according to "Fuse assignment".
- Close the cover to secure the fuse box.
- Install the back covers.
- Perform a function check. If the error persists or if the fuse is still defective, notify your authorised service centre.



Checking the hydraulic oil level

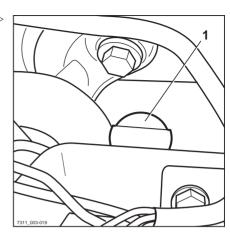
A CAUTION

Hydraulic oils are hazardous to your health and are under pressure during operation.

- Note safety regulations for working with hydraulic oils; see ⇒ Chapter "Hydraulic fluid", P. 2-46.
- Park the truck securely; see ⇒ Chapter "Parking the truck securely and switching it off", P. 4-135.
- Open the bonnet; see ⇒ Chapter "Opening the bonnet", P. 5-311.



- Unscrew breather filter with oil dipstick (1).



- Check the oil level. The oil level must be at least up to the mark (2) on the dipstick.
- If the oil level does not reach the specified level, pour hydraulic oil of the corresponding specification (see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308) into the filler neck until it reaches the upper marking as a maximum.



Use a funnel.

- Screw in the breather filter with oil dipstick.
- Close bonnet again.



ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Carefully collect up any spilled oil and dispose of it in an environmentally friendly manner.

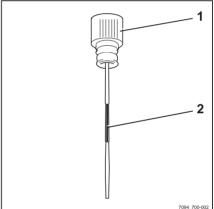
Checking the hydraulic system for leaks



▲ WARNING

Hydraulic oil under pressure can escape from leaking lines and cause injuries to the skin.

Wear suitable protective gloves, industrial goggles etc.





WARNING

Hydraulic hoses become brittle!

Hydraulic hoses should not be used longer than 6 years.

The specifications of BGR 237 should be complied with. Deviating national laws are to be taken into account.

 Check pipe and hose connection screw joints for leaks (traces of oil).

Hose lines must be changed if:

- The outer layer has been breached or becomes brittle with tears
- · They are leaking
- There are unnatural deformations (e.g. bubble formation or buckling)
- · A fitting is detached from the hose
- · A fitting is badly damaged or corroded

Pipes must be changed if:

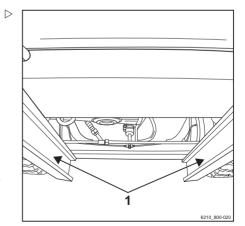
- · There is abrasion with the loss of material
- There are unnatural deformations and detectable bending stress
- · They are leaking

Lubricating the lift mast and roller track

- Remove dirt and lubricant residue from the roller track
- Lubricate the roller tracks (1) of the outside, middle, and inside mast with a superpressure adhesion lubricant to reduce wear. See => Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.



Spray the roller track evenly from a distance of approx. 15-20 cm. Wait approx. 15 minutes until the equipment is ready to use again.





Greasing the automatic tow coupling



Wear to moving parts can be significantly reduced by appropriate servicing and regular lubrication of the coupling.

- Avoid over-greasing!



Close the coupling before cleaning with a high-pressure cleaner. After cleaning, lubricate the coupling pin, tow bar eye and its supporting surface again.

Model RO*243

- Pull out the safety handle (3).
- Push the hand lever (2) upwards.
- Grease using the lubricating nipple(1) in accordance with the maintenance data table; see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.
- Close the coupling by raising the coupling pin with a suitable tool.
- For journeys with a rigid drawbar trailer, lubricate the underside of the tow bar eye and the supporting surface on the coupling.

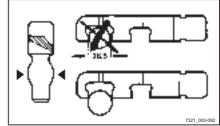
- Determine the wear on the coupling pin.

The diameter of the spherical part must not be less than 36.5 mm.

Model RO*244 A

- Open coupling.

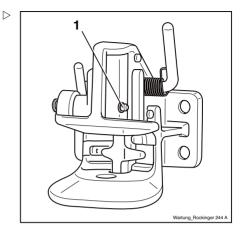






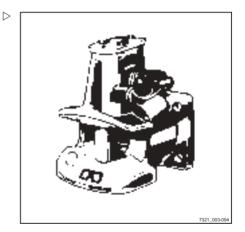
Remaining ready for operation

- Grease using the lubricating nipple(1) in accordance with the maintenance data table; see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.
- Grease coupling pin, tow bar eye and its supporting surface.



Model RO*245

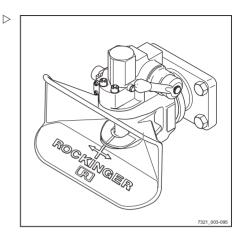
- Lubricate via the points provided for this purpose (lubricating nipple, opened coupling) in accordance with the maintenance data table; see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.
- Grease the supporting surface for the tow-bar eye.





Model RO*841

- Lubricate via the points provided for this purpose (lubricating nipple, opened coupling) in accordance with the maintenance data table; see ⇒ Chapter "Maintenance data table", P. 5-308.
- Grease the supporting surface for the tow-bar eye.





Remaining ready for operation



1000-hour maintenance/annual maintenance

Other tasks

 Perform all tasks required to maintain full operability; see the chapter entitled "Remaining ready for operation".

Checking the exhaust gas system

 Inspect the exhaust gas system for external damage, secure fit, and leaks.

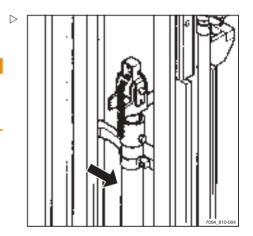
Checking the lift cylinders and connections for leaks

▲ WARNING

Risk of injury

Observe safety regulations for working on the lift mast, see the "Working at the front of the truck" chapter.

- Check the hydraulic connections and lift cylinder for leaks (visual inspection).
- Have leaking screw joints or leaking hydraulic cylinders repaired by the authorised service centre.



Checking the fork arms

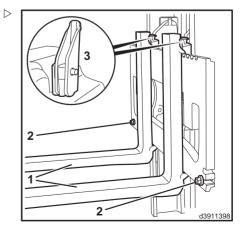
A CAUTION

Fork arms must not be uneven!

- Always replace both fork arms.
- Check the fork arms (1) for visible deformation and excessive wear.

No cracks or deformations must be visible on the fork arms in the area around the fork bend. Wear must not amount to more than 10% of the original thickness.

- Check that the locking screws (2) are present and securely attached.
- Replace any worn or deformed fork arms.





5 Maintenance

1000-hour maintenance/annual maintenance

Check the condition and correct operation of the fork latch:

Move the locking lever (3) into a vertical position.

It must be possible to move the fork arm.

Move the locking lever into a horizontal position.

The latch must engage in a recess on the fork carriage. It must not be possible to move the fork arm.

- Replace faulty fork latches.

Checking the reversible fork arms



This check is only required for reversible fork arms (variant).

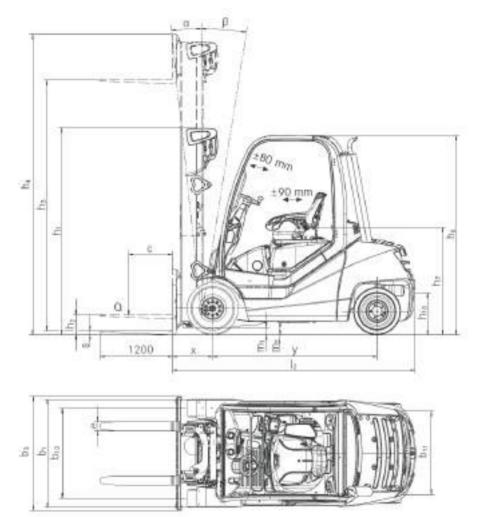
 Check the outside of the fork bend (1) for cracks. Contact your service centre.





Dimensions

Dimensions



- Steering column is adjustable ± 80 mm Seat is adjustable ± 90 mm
- Fork spacing is adjustable



Dimensions



Measurements h₁, h₃, h₄, h₆ and b₁ are customised and can be taken from the order confirmation.

Centre of gravity "S" (distance measured from the front axle)

Model	Туре	Distance (mm)
RX70-20/600	7381	927
RX70-25	7382	954
RX70-25/600	7389	954
RX70-30	7383	1003
RX70-30/600	7390	1003
RX70-35	7384	1068



The specified centre of gravity "S" relates to trucks with standard equipment. If, for example, the truck is equipped with a different lift mast, attachment or driver protection structure, this value is only a guide value. If necessary, the centre of gravity "S" must be determined on an individual basis for each truck.



VDI datasheet for RX70-20/600 and RX70-25

VDI datasheet for RX70-20/600 and RX70-25



This VDI datasheet specifies only the technical values of the truck version with standard equipment. Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.

Key data

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Manufacturer		STILL GmbH	STILL GmbH
Drive		Diesel engine/electrical	Diesel engine/electrical
Operation		Seated	Seated
Load capacity/load	Q (kg)	2000	2500
Load centre of gravity	c (mm)	600	500
Load distance	x (mm)	455	455
Wheelbase	y (mm)	1760	1760

Weights

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Net weight	kg	3834	3834
Axle load with front load	kg	5628	5628
Axle load with rear load	kg	706	706
Axle load without front load	kg	1790	1790
Axle load without rear load	kg	2044	2044



Wheels, chassis frame

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Tyres		SE	SE
Front tyre size		23x9-10	23x9-10
Rear tyre size		21x8-9	21x8-9
Number of front wheels (x = driven)		2x	2x
Number of rear wheels (x = driven)		2	2
Front track width	b10 (mm)	984	984
Rear track width	b11 (mm)	920	920

Basic dimensions

Model Type number		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
		7381	7382
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, forwards	Degrees	6	6
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, backwards	Degrees	7	7
Height with lift mast retracted	h1 (mm)	2175	2175
Free lift	h2 (mm)	160	160
Lift height ¹	h3 (mm)	2970	2970
Height with lift mast extended	h4 (mm)	3600	3600
Height above overhead guard	h6 (mm)	2190	2190
Seat height	h7 (mm)	1074	1074
Coupling height	h10 (mm)	425	425
Overall length	I1 (mm)	3625	3625
Length including fork back	I2 (mm)	2625	2625
Overall width	b1 (mm)	1180	1180
Fork arm thickness	s (mm)	40	40
Fork arm width	e (mm)	100	100
Fork arm length	I (mm)	1000	1000
Fork carriage acc. to ISO 2328, class/form		II/A	II/A
Fork carriage width	b3 (mm)	1040	1040

The specified lift takes into account the tyre deflection and the tolerances of the tyre diameter.



VDI datasheet for RX70-20/600 and RX70-25

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Ground clearance with load below lift mast	m1 (mm)	125	125
Ground clearance at the centre of the wheelbase	m2 (mm)	150	150
Aisle width for pallet 1000 x 1200 crosswise	Ast (mm)	3967	3967
Aisle width for pallet 800 x 1200 lengthwise	Ast (mm)	4167	4167
Turning radius	Wa (mm)	2312	2312
Smallest pivot point distance	b13 (mm)	589	589

Performance data

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Driving speed with load	km/h	22	22
Driving speed without load	km/h	22	22
Lifting speed with load	m/s	0.57	0.55
Lifting speed without load	m/s	0.60	0.60
Lowering speed with load	m/s	0.60	0.60
Lowering speed without load	m/s	0.53	0.53
Pulling force with load	kN	17500	17500
Pulling force without load	kN	12140	12140
Climbing capability ² with load	%	29	29
Climbing capability without load	%	26	26
Acceleration time with load	s	5.1	5.1
Acceleration time without load	S	4.5	4.5
Service brake		Electr./hydr.	Electr./hydr.

The stated values are used only to compare performance of trucks in the same category. The gradient values in no way represent the normal daily operating conditions.



A CAUTION

To use the truck safely—with or without a load—the maximum ascending or descending gradient permitted for travel is 15%.

 If you have any questions, please contact the authorised service centre.

Engine

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Engine manufacturer/model		Doosan/D24	Doosan/D24
Engine power rating in accordance with ISO 1585	kW	55	55
Nominal speed	rpm	2600	2600
Number of cylinders		4	4
Displacement	cm ³	2392	2392
Fuel consumption ³ in accordance with the VDI cycle	l/h		
On-board power supply	V	12	12

Miscellaneous

Model		RX70-20/600	RX70-25
Type number		7381	7382
Working pressure for attachments	bar	250	250
Oil flow for attachments	l/min	30	30
Capacity of fuel tank	l/kg	58	58
Sound pressure level L _{pAZ} (driver's compartment) ⁴	dB (A)		
Sound power level LwAZ (working cycle)	dB (A)		
Human vibration acceleration according to EN 13059	m/s ²		
Tow coupling, DIN type/model		Bolt	Bolt

⁴ Without cab. Values differ with a cab.



³ With Blue-Q energy-saving programme

VDI datasheet for RX70-25/600 and RX70-30

VDI datasheet for RX70-25/600 and RX70-30



This VDI datasheet specifies only the technical values of the truck version with standard equipment. Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.

Key data

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Manufacturer		STILL GmbH	STILL GmbH
Drive		Diesel engine/electrical	Diesel engine/electrical
Operation		Seated	Seated
Load capacity/load	Q (kg)	2500	3000
Load centre of gravity	c (mm)	600	500
Load distance	x (mm)	455	475
Wheelbase	y (mm)	1760	1820

Weights

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Net weight	kg	3834	4168
Axle load with front load	kg	5628	6452
Axle load with rear load	kg	706	716
Axle load without front load	kg	1790	1865
Axle load without rear load	kg	2044	2303



Wheels, chassis frame

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Tyres		SE	SE
Front tyre size		23x9-10	23x9-10
Rear tyre size		21x8-9	21x8-9
Number of front wheels (x = driven)		2x	2x
Number of rear wheels (x = driven)		2	2
Front track width	b10 (mm)	984	984
Rear track width	b11 (mm)	920	920

Basic dimensions

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, forwards	Degrees	6	6
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, backwards	Degrees	7	7
Height with lift mast retracted	h1 (mm)	2175	2175
Free lift	h2 (mm)	160	160
Lift height ⁵	h3 (mm)	2970	2970
Height with lift mast extended	h4 (mm)	3600	3750
Height above overhead guard	h6 (mm)	2190	2190
Seat height	h7 (mm)	1074	1074
Coupling height	h10 (mm)	425	425
Overall length	I1 (mm)	3625	3730
Length including fork back	I2 (mm)	2625	2730
Overall width	b1 (mm)	1180	1180
Fork arm thickness	s (mm)	40	50
Fork arm width	e (mm)	100	100
Fork arm length	l (mm)	1000	1000
Fork carriage acc. to ISO 2328, class/form		II/A	ISO III A
Fork carriage width	b3 (mm)	1040	1100

⁵ The specified lift takes into account the tyre deflection and the tolerances of the tyre diameter.



VDI datasheet for RX70-25/600 and RX70-30

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Ground clearance with load below lift mast	m1 (mm)	125	125
Ground clearance at the centre of the wheelbase	m2 (mm)	150	150
Aisle width for pallet 1000 x 1200 crosswise	Ast (mm)	3967	4062
Aisle width for pallet 800 x 1200 lengthwise	Ast (mm)	4167	4262
Turning radius	Wa (mm)	2312	2387
Smallest pivot point distance	b13 (mm)	589	589

Performance data

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Driving speed with load	km/h	22	22
Driving speed without load	km/h	22	22
Lifting speed with load	m/s	0.55	0.50
Lifting speed without load	m/s	0.60	0.53
Lowering speed with load	m/s	0.60	0.60
Lowering speed without load	m/s	0.53	0.53
Pulling force with load	kN	17500	17600
Pulling force without load	kN	12140	12300
Climbing capability ⁶ with load	%	29	23
Climbing capability without load	%	26	24
Acceleration time with load	s	5.1	5.4
Acceleration time without load	s	4.5	4.7
Service brake		Electr./hydr.	Electr./hydr.

The stated values are used only to compare performance of trucks in the same category. The gradient values in no way represent the normal daily operating conditions.



A CAUTION

To use the truck safely—with or without a load—the maximum ascending or descending gradient permitted for travel is 15%.

 If you have any questions, please contact the authorised service centre.

Engine

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Engine manufacturer/model		Doosan/D24	Doosan/D24
Engine power rating in accordance with ISO 1585	kW	55	55
Nominal speed	rpm	2600	2600
Number of cylinders		4	4
Displacement	cm ³	2392	2392
Fuel consumption ⁷ in accordance with the VDI cycle	l/h		
On-board power supply	V	12	12

Miscellaneous

Model		RX70-25/600	RX70-30
Type number		7389	7383
Working pressure for attachments	bar	250	250
Oil flow for attachments	l/min	30	30
Capacity of fuel tank	l/kg	58	58
Sound pressure level L _{pAZ} (driver's compartment) ⁸	dB (A)		
Sound power level LwAZ (working cycle)	dB (A)		
Human vibration acceleration according to EN 13059	m/s ²		
Tow coupling, DIN type/model		Bolt	Bolt

⁸ Without cab. Values differ with a cab.



⁷ With Blue-Q energy-saving programme

6

VDI datasheet for RX70-30/600 and RX70-35

VDI datasheet for RX70-30/600 and RX70-35



This VDI datasheet specifies only the technical values of the truck version with standard equipment. Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.

Key data

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Manufacturer		STILL GmbH	STILL GmbH
Drive		Diesel engine/electrical	Diesel engine/electrical
Operation		Seated	Seated
Load capacity/load	Q (kg)	3000	3500
Load centre of gravity	c (mm)	600	500
Load distance	x (mm)	475	475
Wheelbase	y (mm)	1820	1820

Weights

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Net weight	kg	4168	4460
Axle load with front load	kg	6452	7245
Axle load with rear load	kg	716	716
Axle load without front load	kg	1865	1890
Axle load without rear load	kg	2303	2570

Wheels, chassis frame

Model	RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number	7390	7384
Tyres	SE	SE
Front tyre size	23x9-10	23x10-12



VDI datasheet for RX70-30/600 and RX70-35

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Rear tyre size		21x8-9	21x8-9
Number of front wheels (x = driven)		2x	2x
Number of rear wheels (x = driven)		2	2
Front track width	b10 (mm)	984	975
Rear track width	b11 (mm)	920	920

Basic dimensions

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, forwards	Degrees	6	6
Tilt of lift mast/fork carriage, backwards	Degrees	7	7
Height with lift mast retracted	h1 (mm)	2175	2175
Free lift	h2 (mm)	160	160
Lift height ⁹	h3 (mm)	2970	2970
Height with lift mast extended	h4 (mm)	3750	3750
Height above overhead guard	h6 (mm)	2190	2195
Seat height	h7 (mm)	1074	1074
Coupling height	h10 (mm)	425	425
Overall length	l1 (mm)	3730	3795
Length including fork back	l2 (mm)	2730	2795
Overall width	b1 (mm)	1180	1224
Fork arm thickness	s (mm)	50	50
Fork arm width	e (mm)	100	100
Fork arm length	l (mm)	1000	1000
Fork carriage acc. to ISO 2328, class/form		ISO III A	ISO III A
Fork carriage width	b3 (mm)	1100	1100
Ground clearance with load below lift mast	m1 (mm)	125	125
Ground clearance at the centre of the wheelbase	m2 (mm)	150	150

⁹ The specified lift takes into account the tyre deflection and the tolerances of the tyre diameter.



VDI datasheet for RX70-30/600 and RX70-35

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Aisle width for pallet 1000 x 1200 crosswise Ast (mm)		4062	4152
Aisle width for pallet 800 x 1200 lengthwise	Ast (mm)	4262	4352
Turning radius	Wa (mm)	2387	2477
Smallest pivot point distance	b13 (mm)	589	589

Performance data

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Driving speed with load	km/h	22	22
Driving speed without load	km/h	22	22
Lifting speed with load	m/s	0.50	0.43
Lifting speed without load	m/s	0.53	0.53
Lowering speed with load	m/s	0.60	0.60
Lowering speed without load	m/s	0.53	0.53
Pulling force with load	N	17600	17400
Pulling force without load	N	12300	13400
Climbing capability ¹⁰ with load	%	23	21
Climbing capability without load	%	24	20
Acceleration time with load	s	5.4	5.8
Acceleration time without load	s	4.7	5.1
Service brake		Electr./hydr.	Electr./hydr.

▲ CAUTION

To use the truck safely—with or without a load—the maximum ascending or descending gradient permitted for travel is 15%.

 If you have any questions, please contact the authorised service centre.

The stated values are used only to compare performance of trucks in the same category. The gradient values in no way represent the normal daily operating conditions.



Engine

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Engine manufacturer/model		Doosan/D24	Doosan/D24
Engine power rating in accordance with ISO 1585	kW	55	55
Nominal speed	rpm	2600	2600
Number of cylinders		4	4
Displacement	cm ³	2392	2392
Fuel consumption ¹¹ in accordance with the VDI cycle	l/h		
On-board power supply	V	12	12

Miscellaneous

Model		RX70-30/600	RX70-35
Type number		7390	7384
Working pressure for attachments	bar	250	250
Oil flow for attachments	l/min	30	30
Capacity of fuel tank	l/kg	58	58
Sound pressure level L _{pAZ} (driver's compartment) ¹²	dB (A)		
Sound power level LwAZ (working cycle)	dB (A)		
Human vibration acceleration according to EN 13059	m/s ²		
Tow coupling, DIN type/model		Bolt	Bolt

¹² Without cab. Values differ with a cab.



¹¹ With Blue-Q energy-saving programme

Ergonomic dimensions

Ergonomic dimensions

▲ WARNING

Danger of impact injuries to the head!

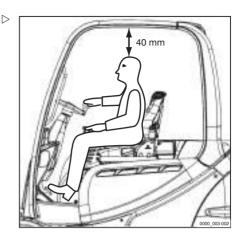
If the head of the operator is located too close to the underside of the roof, the suspension of the driver's seat or an accident may cause the head to strike the overhead guard.

To avoid head injuries, a minimum distance of **40 mm** must be ensured between the underside of the roof and the head of the tallest operator.

To determine the actual head clearance, the operator must sit in the driver's seat and the seat suspension must be set to this driver's requirements.

Due to the individual nature of height and body weight as well as the wide variety of types of driver's seat and overhead guard, the minimum head clearance must be ensured in every truck.

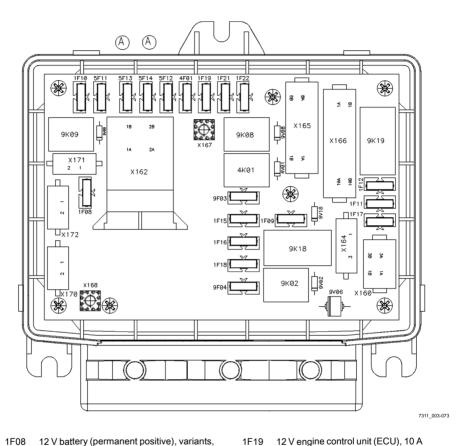
The driver's compartment has been designed taking ergonomics in the workplace into account and in accordance with EN ISO 3411. In general, from the seat position, the operator has sufficient space to reach the operating devices safely, to operate the truck and to view the outline of the truck. Operators whose body size deviates from the specified dimensions on which EN ISO 3411 is based must be individually considered by the operating company.





Fuse assignment

Fuse assignment



1F08 12 V battery (permanent positive), variants, 10 A 1F09 Switch lock, 10 A 1F10 Cooling fluid pump, 10 A 1F11 Converter, 10 A 1F12 Pump, variant, 15 A 1F15 12 V for TCU, display-operating unit, 10 A 1F16 12 V options, servo hydraulics, 10 A

1F17 Time-delay relay, terminal 15, 10 A 1F18 12 V options, servo hydraulics, 10 A 4F01 Signal horn, 10 A 9F03 12 V Option Board, 10 A 9F04 Starter motor, terminal 50, 30 A

1F21

1F21

1F22

9F6 Glow plug relay for engine (only on diesel trucks), 50 A

Engine control unit (ECU), 15 A

Engine control unit (ECU), 10 A

Engine control unit (ECU), 15 A



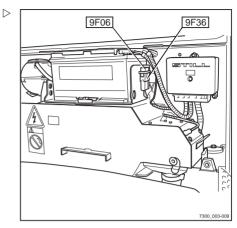
Fuse assignment

Additional fuses

In this truck, additional fuses are located on a fuse holder to the left of the fuse box on the starter battery.



Depending on the equipment, not all fuses will be present in the truck.



9F06 Glow plug (only on diesel trucks), 25 A 9F36 12 V socket, 10 A



NUMBERS AND SYMBOLS	Attachments
12 V socket	Assembly
A	Controlling using a double mini-lever
Access authorisation Changing the password	Controlling using the double mini-lever and the 5th function
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